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THE
WORKS
OF THE
ENGLISH POETS.
WITH
PREFACES,
BIOGRAPHICAL AND CRITICAL,
BY SAMUEL JOHNSON.

VOLUME THE FIFTY-SIXTH.

L O N D O N :

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W O R K S

OF THE

ENGLISH POETRY



BY SAMUEL JOHNSON

THE
FIFTY-SIXTH VOLUME
OF THE
ENGLISH POETS,
CONTAINING
THE SECOND PART OF WATTS.

Vol. LVI.

A



THE
P O E M S

OF

DR. W A T T S,

CONTINUED.

VOL. LVI.

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L Y R I C P O E M S

CONTINUED.

The following POEMS of this BOOK are peculiarly
dedicated to

D I V I N E L O V E *.

The HAZARD of loving the CREATURES.

WHERE-E'ER my flattering passions rove,
I find a lurking snare;
'Tis dangerous to let loose our love
Beneath th' Eternal Fair.

Souls whom the tie of friendship binds,
And partners of our blood,
Seize a large portion of our minds,
And leave the less for God.

* Different ages have their different airs and fashions of writing.
It was much more the fashion of the age, when these poems were
written, to treat of divine subjects in the style of Solomon's Song
than it is at this day, which will afford some apology for the writer,
in his younger years.

Nature has soft but powerful bands,
 And reason she controls ;
 While children with their little hands
 Hang closest to our souls.

Thoughtless they act th' old serpent's part ;
 What tempting things they be !
 Lord, how they twine about our heart,
 And draw it off from thee !

Our hasty wills rush blindly on
 Where rising passion rolls,
 And thus we make our fetters strong
 To bind our slavish souls.

Dear Sovereign, break these fetters off,
 And set our spirits free ;
 God in himself is bliss enough,
 For we have all in Thee.

DESIRING TO LOVE CHRIST.

COME, let me love : or is thy mind
 Harden'd to stone, or froze to ice ?
 I see the blessed Fair-one bend
 And stoop t' embrace me from the skies !
 O! 'tis a thought would melt a rock,
 And make a heart of iron move,
 That those sweet lips, that heavenly look,
 Should seek and wish a mortal love !

I was

I was a traitor doom'd to fire,
Bound to sustain eternal pains ;
He flew on wings of strong desire,
Assum'd my guilt, and took my chains.

Infinite grace ! Almighty charms !
Stand in amaze, ye whirling skies !
Jesus the God, with naked arms,
Hangs on a Cross of Love, and dies.

Did pity ever stoop so low,
Dress'd in divinity and blood ?
Was ever rebel courted so
In groans of an expiring God ?

Again he lives ; and spreads his hands,
Hands that were nail'd to torturing smart ;
By these dear wounds, says he ; and stands
And prays to clasp me to his heart.

Sure I must love ; or are my ears
Still deaf, nor will my passion move ?
Then let me melt this heart to tears ;
This heart shall yield to death or love.

The HEART given away.

IF there are passions in my soul,
(And passions sure they be)
Now they are all at thy control,
My Jesus, all for Thee.

If love, that pleasing power, can rest
In hearts so hard as mine,
Come, gentle Saviour, to my breast,
For all my love is thine.

Let the gay world, with treacherous art
Allure my eyes in vain:
I have convey'd away my heart,
Ne'er to return again.

I feel my warmest passions dead
To all that earth can boast;
This soul of mine was never made
For vanity and dust.

Now I can fix my thoughts above,
Amidst their flattering charms,
Till the dear Lord that hath my love
Shall call me to his arms.

So Gabriel, at his King's command,
From yon celestial hill,
Walks downward to our worthless land,
His soul points upward still.

He glides along my mortal things,
Without a thought of love,
Fulfils his task, and spreads his wings
To reach the realms above.

MEDITATION in a GROVE.

SWEET Muse, descend and bless the shade,
And bless the evening grove;
Business, and noise, and day, are fled,
And every care, but love.

But hence, ye wanton young and fair,
Mine is a purer flame;
No Phyllis shall infect the air,
With her unhallow'd name.

Jesus has all my powers possess'd,
My hopes, my fears, my joys:
He, the dear Sovereign of my breast,
Shall still command my voice.

Some of the fairest choirs above
Shall flock around my song,
With joy to hear the name they love
Sound from a mortal tongue.

His charms shall make my numbers flow,
And hold the falling floods,
While silence sits on every bough,
And bends the listening woods.

I'll carve our passion on the bark
And every wounded tree
Shall drop and bear some mystic mark
That Jesus dy'd for me.

The swains shall wonder when they read,
 Inscrib'd on all the grove,
 That heaven itself came down, and bled
 To win a mortal's love.

The FAIREST and the ONLY BELOVED.

HONOUR to that diviner ray
 That first allur'd my eyes away
 From every mortal fair;
 All the gay things that held my fight
 Seem but the twinkling sparks of night,
 And languishing in doubtful light
 Die at the morning-star.

Whatever makes the godhead great,
 And fit to be ador'd,
 Whatever speaks the creature sweet,
 And worthy of my passion, meet
 Harmonious in my Lord.
 A thousand graces ever rise
 And bloom upon his face;
 A thousand arrows from his eyes
 Shoot through my heart with dear surprise,
 And guard around the place.

All nature's art shall never cure
 The heavenly pains I found,
 And 'tis beyond all beauty's power
 To make another wound :

Earthly

LYRIC POEMS, BOOK I.

Earthly beauties grow and fade ;
Nature heals the wounds she made,
But charms so much divine
Hold a long empire of the heart ;
What heaven has join'd shall never part,
And Jesus must be mine.

In vain the envious shades of night,
Or flatteries of the day
Would veil his image from my sight,
Or tempt my soul away ;
Jesus is all my waking theme,
His lovely form meets every dream
And knows not to depart :
The passion reigns
Through all my veins,
And, floating round the crimson stream,
Still finds him at my heart.

Dwell there, for ever dwell, my love ;
Here I confine my sense ;
Nor dare my wildest wishes rove
Nor stir a thought from thence.
Amidst thy glories and thy grace
Let all my remnant-minutes pass ;
Grant, thou Everlasting Fair,
Grant my soul a mansion there :
My soul aspires to see thy face
Though life should for the vision pay ;
So rivers run to meet the sea,
And lose their nature in th' embrace.

Thou

Thou art my ocean, thou my God;
 In Thee the passions of the mind
 With joys and freedom unconfin'd
 Exult, and spread their powers abroad.
 Not all the glittering things on high
 Can make my heaven, if thou remove;
 I shall be tir'd, and long to die;
 Life is a pain without thy love;
 Who could ever bear to be
 Curst with immortality
 Among the stars, but far from Thee?

MUTUAL LOVE stronger than DEATH.

NOT the rich world of minds above
 Can pay the mighty debt of love
 I owe to Christ my God :
 With pangs which none but he could feel
 He brought my guilty soul from hell :
 Not the first seraph's tongue can tell
 The value of his blood.

Kindly he seiz'd me in his arms,
 From the false world's pernicious charms
 With force divinely sweet.
 Had I ten thousand lives my own,
 At his demand,
 With chearful hand,
 I'd pay the vital treasure down
 In hourly tributes at his feet.

But,

But, Saviour, let me taste thy grace
 With every fleeting breath ?
 And through that heaven of pleasure pass
 To the cold arms of death ;
 Then I could lose successive souls
 Fast as the minutes fly ;
 So billow after billow rolls
 To kiss the shore, and die.

The substance of the following Copy, and many of the lines, were sent me by an esteemed friend, Mr. W. Nokes, with a desire that I would form them into a Pindaric Ode ; but I retained his measures, lest I should too much alter his sense.

A SIGHT of CHRIST.

ANGELS of light, your God and King surround,
 With noble songs ; in his exalted flesh
 He claims your worship : while his saints on earth,
 Bless their Redeemer-God with humble tongues.
 Angels with lofty honours crown his head ;
 We bowing at his feet, by faith, may feel
 His distant influence, and confess his love.

Once I beheld his face, when beams divine
 Broke from his eye-lids, and unusual light
 Wrapt me at once in glory and surprise.

My

My joyful heart high leaping in my breast
With transport cry'd, This is the Christ of God;
Then threw my arms around in sweet embrace,
And clasp'd, and bow'd adoring low, till I was lost in him.

While he appears, no other charms can hold
Or draw my soul, asham'd of former things,
Which no remembrance now deserve or name,
Though with contempt; best in oblivion hid.

But the bright shine and presence soon withdrew;
I sought him whom I love, but found him not;
I felt his absence; and with strongest cries
Proclaim'd, Where Jesus is not, all is vain.
Whether I hold him with a full delight,
Or seek him panting with extreme desire,
'Tis he alone can please my wondering soul;
To hold or seek him is my only choice.
If he refrain on me to cast his eye
Down from his palace, nor my longing soul
With upward look can spy my dearest Lord
Through his blue pavement, I'll behold him still
With sweet reflection on the peaceful cross,
All in his blood and anguish groaning deep,
Gasping and dying there——
This fight I ne'er can lose, by it I live:
A quickening virtue from his death inspir'd
Is life and breath to me; his flesh my food;
His vital blood I drink, and hence my strength.

I live, I'm strong, and now eternal life
Beats quick within my breast; my vigorous mind

Spurns

Spurns the dull earth, and on her fiery wings
Reaches the mount of purposes divine,
Counsels of peace betwixt th' Almighty Three
Conceiv'd at once, and sign'd without debate,
In perfect union of th' eternal mind.
With vast amaze I see th' unfathom'd thoughts,
Infinite schemes, and infinite designs
Of God's own Heart, in which he ever rests.
Eternity lies open to my view;
Here the Beginning and the End of all
I can discover; Christ the End of all,
And Christ the great Beginning; he my Head,
My God, my Glory, and my All in All.

O that the day, the joyful day were come,
When the first Adam from his ancient dust
Crown'd with new honours shall revive, and see
Jesus his Son and Lord; while shouting saints
Surround their King, and God's Eternal Son
Shines in the midst, but with superior beams,
And like himself; then the mysterious Word
Long hid behind the letter shall appear
All spirit and life, and in the fullest light
Stand forth to public view: and there disclose
His Father's sacred works, and wonderous ways:
Then wisdom, righteousness, and grace divine,
Through all the infinite transactions past
Inwrought and shining, shall with double blaze
Strike our astonish'd eyes, and ever reign
Admir'd and glorious in triumphant light,

Death

Death, and the tempter, and the man of sin,
 Now at the bar arraign'd, in judgement cast,
 Shall vex the faints no more: but perfect love
 And loudest praises perfect joy create,
 While ever-circling years maintain the blissful state.

LOVE on a CROSS, and a THRONE.

NOW let my faith grow strong, and rise,
 And view my Lord in all his love;
 Look back to hear his dying cries,
 Then mount and see his throne above.

See where he languish'd on the Cross;
 Beneath my sins he groan'd and dy'd;
 See where he sits to plead my cause
 By his Almighty Father's Side.

If I behold his bleeding Heart,
 There love in floods of sorrow reigns,
 He triumphs o'er the killing smart,
 And buys my pleasure with his pains.

Or if I climb th' eternal hills
 Where the dear Conqueror sits enthron'd,
 Still in his heart compassion dwells,
 Near the memorials of his wound:

How shall a pardon'd rebel show
 How much I love my dying God?
 Lord, here I banish every foe,
 I hate the sins that cost thy blood.

I hold

I hold no more commerce with hell,
My dearest lusts shall all depart ;
But let thine image ever dwell
Stamp'd as a seal upon my heart,

A Preparatory THOUGHT for the LORD'S SUPPER.

In Imitation of ISAIAH lxiii. 1, 2, 3.

WHAT heavenly Man, or lovely God,
Comes marching downward from the skies,
Array'd in garments roll'd in blood,
With joy and pity in his eyes.

The Lord! the Saviour! yes, 'tis he ;
I know him by the smiles he wears ;
Dear glorious Man that dy'd for me,
Drench'd deep in agonies and tears !

Lo, he reveals his shining breast ;
I own those wounds, and I adore :
Lo, he prepares a royal feast,
Sweet fruit of the sharp pangs he bore !

Whence flow these favours so divine !
Lord! why so lavish of thy blood ?
Why for such earthly souls as mine,
This heavenly flesh, this sacred food ?

'Twas his own love that made him bleed,
That nail'd him to the curst tree ;
'Twas his own love this table spread
For such unworthy worms as we.

Then

Then let us taste the Saviour's love ;
 Come, faith, and feed upon the Lord :
 With glad consent our lips shall move,
 And sweet Hosannas crown the board.

CONVERSE with CHRIST.

I'M tir'd with visits, modes, and forms,
 And flatteries paid to fellow-worms ;
 Their conversation cloy ;
 Their vain amours, and empty stuff :
 But I can ne'er enjoy enough
 Of thy best company, my Lord, thou life of all my joys.

When he begins to tell his love,
 Through every vein my passions move,
 The captives of his tongue :
 In midnight shades, on frosty ground,
 I could attend the pleasing sound, [long.
 Nor should I feel December cold, nor think the darkness

There, while I hear my Saviour-God
 Count o'er the sins (a heavy load)
 He bore upon the tree,
 Inward I blush with secret shame,
 And weep, and love, and bless the name [for me.
 That knew not guilt nor grief his own, but bare it all
 Next he describes the thorns he wore,
 And talks his bloody passion o'er,

Till

Till I am drown'd in tears :

Yet with the sympathetic smart

There's a strange joy beats round my heart ;

The curst tree has blessings in't, my sweetest balm it
bears.

I hear the glorious sufferer tell,

How on his cross he vanquish'd hell,

And all the powers beneath :

Transported and inspir'd, my tongue

Attempts his triumphs in a song ; [tory, death !"

"How has the serpent lost his sting ! and where's thy vic-

But when he shews his hands and heart,

With those dear prints of dying smart,

He sets my soul on fire :

Not the beloved John could rest

With more delight upon that breast, [desire.

Nor Thomas pry into those wounds with more intense

Kindly he opens me his ear,

And bids me pour my sorrow there,

And tell him all my pains :

Thus while I ease my burden'd heart,

In every woe he bears a part, [sustains.

His arms embrace me, and his hand my drooping head

Fly from my thoughts, all human things,

And sporting swains, and fighting kings,

And tales of wanton love :

My soul disdains that little snare

The tangles of Amira's hair ; [remove.

Thine arms, my God, are sweeter bands, nor can my heart

GRACE SHINING, and NATURE FAINTING.

Sol. Song i. 3. & ii. 5. & vi. 5.

TELL me, fairest of thy kind,
 Tell me Shepherd, all divine,
 Where this fainting head reclin'd
 May relieve such cares as mine :
 Shepherd, lead me to thy grove ;
 If burning noon infect the sky,
 The sickening sheep to covert fly,
 The sheep not half so faint as I,
 Thus overcome with love.

Say, thou dear Sovereign of my breast,
 Where dost thou lead thy flock to rest :

Why should I appear like one
 Wild and wandering all alone,
 Unbeloved and unknown ?

O my Great Redeemer, say,
 Shall I turn my feet astray !

Will Jesus bear to see me rove,
 To see me seek another love ?

Ne'er had I known his dearest name,
 Ne'er had I felt this inward flame,
 Had not his heart-strings first began the tender sound :
 Nor can I bear the thought, that He
 Should leave the sky,
 Should bleed and die,
 Should love a wretch so vile as me
 Without returns of passion for his dying wound.

His

His eyes are glory mix'd with grace ;
In his delightful awful face
Sits majesty and gentleness.

So tender is my bleeding heart
That with a frown he kills ;
His absence in perpetual smart
Nor is my soul refin'd enough
To bear the beaming of his love,
And feel his warmer smiles.

Where shall I rest this drooping head ?
I love, I love the sun, and yet I want the shade.

My sinking spirits feebly strive
T' endure the extasy ;
Beneath these rays I cannot live,
And yet without them die.

None knows the pleasure and the pain
That all my inward powers sustain
But such as feel a Saviour's love, and love the God again.

Oh, why should beauty heavenly bright
Stoop to charm a mortal's sight,
And torture with the sweet excess of light ?
Our hearts, alas ! how frail their make !
With their own weight of joy they break,
Oh, why is love so strong, and nature's self so weak ?

Turn, turn away thine eyes,
Ascend the azure hills, and shine
Among the happy tenants of the skies,
They can sustain a vision so divine.

O turn thy lovely glories from me,
The joys are too intense, the glories overcome me.

Dear Lord, forgive my rash complaint,

And love me still

Against my froward will ;

Unveil thy beauties, though I faint.

Send the great herald from the sky,

And at the trumpet's awful roar

This feeble state of things shall fly,

And pain and pleasure mix no more :

Then shall I gaze with strengthened sight

On glories infinitely bright,

My heart shall all be love, my Jesus all delight.

LOVE to CHRIST present or absent.

OF all the joys we mortals know,
Jesus, thy love exceeds the rest ;
Love the best blessing here below,
And nearest image of the blest.

Sweet are my thoughts, and soft my cares,

When the celestial flame I feel ;

In all my hopes, and all my fears,

'There's something kind and pleasing still.

While I am held in his embrace,

There's not a thought attempts to rove ;

Each smile he wears upon his face

Fixes, and charms, and fires my love.

He speaks, and strait immortal joys
Run through my ears, and reach my heart;
My soul all melts at that dear voice,
And pleasure shoots through every part.

If he withdraw a moment's space,
He leaves a sacred pledge behind;
Here in this breast his image stays,
The grief and comfort of my mind.

While of his absence I complain,
And long, and weep as lovers do,
There's a strange pleasure in the pain,
And tears have their own sweetness too.

When round his courts by day I rove,
Or ask the watchmen of the night
For some kind tidings of my love,
His very name creates delight.

Jesus, my God; yet rather come;
Mine eyes would dwell upon thy face;
'Tis best to see my Lord at home,
And feel the presence of his grace.

The A B S E N C E of CHRIST.

C O M E, lead me to some lofty shade
Where turtles moan their loves;
Tall shadows were for lovers made;
And grief becomes the groves.

'Tis no mean beauty of the ground
That has inflav'd mine eyes ;
I faint beneath a nobler wound,
Nor love below the skies.

Jesus, the spring of all that's bright,
The Everlasting Fair,
Heaven's ornament, and heaven's delight,
Is my eternal care.

But, ah ! how far above this grave
Does the bright charmer dwell ?
Absence, thou keenest wound to love,
That sharpest pain, I feel.

Pensive I climb the sacred hills,
And near him vent my woes ;
Yet his sweet face he still conceals,
Yet still my passion grows.

I murmur to the hollow vale,
I tell the rocks my flame,
And bless the echo in her cell
That best repeats her name.

My passion breathes perpetual sighs,
Till pitying winds shall hear,
And gently bear them up the skies,
And gently wound his ear.

DESIRING

DESIRING his DESCENT to EARTH.

JESUS, I love. Come, dearest name,
Come and possess this heart of mine;
I love, though 'tis a fainter flame,
And infinitely less than thine.

O! if my Lord would leave the skies,
Drest in the rays of mildest grace,
My soul should hasten to my eyes
To meet the pleasures of his face.

How would I feast on all his charms,
Then round his lovely feet entwine!
Worship and love, in all their forms,
Should honour beauty so divine.

In vain the tempter's flattering tongue,
The world in vain shall bid me move,
In vain; for I should gaze so long
Till I were all transform'd to love.

Then (mighty God) I'd sing and say,
"What empty names are crowns and kings!"
"Amongst them give these worlds away,
"These little despicable things."

I would not ask to climb the sky
Nor envy angels their abode,
I have a heaven as bright and high
In the blest vision of my God.

ASCENDING to him in HEAVEN.

'TIS pure delight, without alloy,
Jefus, to hear thy name,
My fpirit leaps with inward joy,
I feel the facred flame.

My paffions hold a pleafing reign,
While love inspires my breast,
Love, the divineft of the train,
The fovereign of the reft.

This is the grace muft live and fmg,
When faith and fear fhall ceafe,
Muft found from every joyful ftring
Through the fweet groves of blifs.

Let life immortal feize my clay;
Let love refine my blood;
Her flames can bear my foul away,
Can bring me near my God.

Swift I afcend the heavenly place,
And haften to my home,
I leap to meet thy kind embrace,
I come, O Lord, I come.

Sink down, ye feparating hills,
Let guilt and death remove:
'Tis love that drives my chariot-wheels,
And death muft yield to love.

The

The PRESENCE of GOD worth dying for :
Or, the DEATH of MOSES.

LORD, 'tis an infinite delight
To see thy holy face,
To dwell whole ages in thy sight,
And feel thy vital rays.

This Gabriel knows ; and sings thy name
With rapture on his tongue ;
Moses the saint enjoys the same,
And heaven repeats the song.

While the bright nation sounds thy praise
From each eternal hill,
Sweet odours of exhaling grace
The happy region fill.

Thy love, a sea without a shore,
Spreads life and joy abroad :
O 'tis a heaven worth dying for
To see a smiling God !

Shew me thy face, and I'll away
From all inferior things ;
Speak, Lord, and here I quit my clay,
And stretch my airy wings.

Sweet was the journey to the sky,
The wondrous prophet try'd ;
"Climb up the mount," says God, "and die ;"
The prophet climb'd and dy'd.

Softly

Softly his fainting head he lay
Upon his Maker's breast,
His Maker kiss'd his soul away,
And laid his flesh to rest.

In God's own arms he left the breath
That God's own spirit gave;
His was the noblest road to death,
And his the sweetest grave.

LONG for his RETURN.

O 'T WAS a mournful parting day!
Farewell, my Spouse, he said;
(How tedious, Lord, is thy delay!
How long my Love hath staid!)

Farewell! at once he left the ground,
And climb'd his Father's sky;
Lord, I would tempt thy chariot down,
Or leap to thee on high.

Round the creation wild I rove,
And search the globe in vain;
There's nothing here that's worth my love
Till thou return again.

My passions fly to seek their King,
And send their groans abroad,
They beat the air with heavy wing,
And mourn an absent God:

With inward pain my heart-strings found,
 My soul dissolves away :
 Dear Sovereign, whirl the seasons round,
 And bring the promis'd day.

HOPE IN DARKNESS,

YET, gracious God,
 Yet will I seek thy smiling face ;
 What though a short eclipse his beauties shrowd
 And bar the influence of his rays,
 'Tis but a morning vapour, or a summer cloud :
 He is my sun though he refuse to shine,
 'Though for a moment he depart
 I dwell for ever on his heart,
 For ever he on mine.
 Early before the light arise
 I'll spring a thought away to God ;
 The passion of my heart and eyes
 Shall shout a thousand groans and sighs,
 A thousand glances strike the skies,
 The floor of his abode.
 Dear Sovereign, hear thy servant pray,
 Bend the blue heavens, Eternal King,
 Downward thy chearful graces bring ;
 Or shall I breathe in vain and pant my hours away ?
 Break, glorious Brightness, through the gloomy veil,
 Look how the armies of despair
 Aloft their footy banners rear
 Round my poor captive soul, and dare
 Pronounce me prisoner of hell.

But

But Thou, my Sun, and Thou my Shield,
Wilt save me in the bloody field;
Break, glorious Brightness, shoot one glimmering ray,
One glance of thine creates a day,
And drives the troops of hell away.

Happy the times, but ah! the times are gone
When wondrous power and radiant grace
Round the tall arches of the temple shone,
And mingled their victorious rays:
Sin, with all its ghastly train,
Fled to the deeps of death again,
And smiling triumph sat on every face:
Our spirits raptur'd with the sight
Where all devotion, all delight,
And loud Hosannas founded the Redeemer's praise.
Here could I say,
(And point the place whereon I stood)
Here I enjoy'd a visit half the day
From my descending God:
I was regal'd with heavenly fare,
With fruit and manna from above;
Divinely sweet the blessings were
While mine Emanuel was there:
And o'er the head
The conqueror spread
The banner of his love.

Then why my heart sunk down so low?
Why do my eyes dissolve and flow,

And hopeless nature mourn?
 Review, my soul, those pleasing days,
 Read his unalterable grace
 Through the displeasure of his face,
 And wait a kind return.
 A Father's love may raise a frown
 To chide the child, or prove the Son,
 But love will ne'er destroy;
 The hour of darkness is but short,
 Faith be thy life, and patience thy support,
 The morning brings the joy.

COME, LORD JESUS.

WHEN shall thy lovely face be seen?
 When shall our eyes behold our God?
 What lengths of distance lie between,
 And hills of guilt? a heavy load!
 Our months are ages of delay,
 And slowly every minute wears:
 Fly, winged time, and roll away
 These tedious rounds of sluggish years.
 Ye heavenly gates, loose all your chains,
 Let the eternal pillars bow;
 Blest Saviour, cleave the starry plains,
 And make the crystal mountains flow.
 Hark, how thy saints unite their cries,
 And pray and wait the general doom;
 Come, Thou, The Soul of all our Joys,
 Thou, The Desire of Nations, come.

Put

Put thy bright robes of triumph on,
And bless our eyes, and bless our ears,
Thou absent Love, thou dear Unknown,
Thou Fairest of ten thousand Fairs.

Our heart-strings groan with deep complaint,
Our flesh lies panting, Lord, for thee,
And every limb, and every joint,
Stretches for immortality.

Our spirits shake their eager wings,
And burn to meet thy flying throne ;
We rise away from mortal things
T' attend thy shining chariot down.

Now let our chearful eyes survey
The blazing earth and melting hills,
And smile to see the lightnings play,
And flash along before thy wheels.

O for a shout of violent joys
To join the trumpet's thundering sound !
The angel herald shakes the skies,
Awakes the graves, and tears the ground.

Ye slumbering fairs, a heavenly host
Stands waiting at your gaping tombs ;
Let every sacred sleeping dust
Leap into life, for Jesus comes.

Jesus, the God of might and love,
New-moulds our limbs of cumbersome clay
Quick as seraphic-flames we move,
Active and young, and fair as they.

Our airy feet with unknown flight
Swift as the motions of desire,
Run up the hills of heavenly light,
And leave the weltering world in fire.

BEWAILING my own INCONSTANCY.

I LOVE the Lord ; but ah ! how far
My thoughts from the dear object are !
This wanton heart how wide it roves !
And fancy meets a thousand loves.

If my soul burn to see my God,
I tread the courts of his abode,
But troops of rivals throng the place,
And tempt me off before his face.

Would I enjoy my Lord alone,
I bid my passions all be gone,
All but my love ; and charge my will
To bar the door and guard it still.

But cares, or trifles, make, or find,
Still new avenues to the mind,
Till I with grief and wonder see,
Huge crowds betwixt the Lord and me.

Oft I am told the Muse will prove
A friend to piety and love ;
Strait I begin some sacred song,
And take my Saviour on my tongue.

Strangely

Strangely I lose his lovely face,
To hold the empty sounds in chace ;
At best the chimes divide my heart,
And the Muse shares the larger part.

False confident ! and falser breast !
Fickle, and fond of every guest :
Each airy image as it flies
Here finds admittance through my eyes.

This foolish heart can leave her God,
And shadows tempt her thoughts abroad :
How shall I fix this wandering mind ?
Or throw my fetters on the wind ?

Look gently down Almighty Grace,
Prison me round in thine embrace ;
Pity the soul that would be thine,
And let thy power my love confine.

Say when shall the bright moment be
That I shall live alone for Thee,
My heart no foreign Lords adore,
And the wild Muse prove false no more ?

FOR.

FORSAKEN, yet HOPING.

HAPPY the hours, the golden days,
When I could call my Jesus mine,
And sit and view his smiling face,
And melt in pleasures all-divine.

Near to my heart, within my arms
He lay, till sin defil'd my breast,
Till broken vows, and earthly charms,
Tir'd and provok'd my heavenly guest.

And now He's gone, (O mighty woe!)
Gone from my soul, and hides his love!
Curse on you, sins, that griev'd Him so,
Ye sins, that forc'd him to remove.

Break, break, my heart; complain, my tongue:
Hither, my friends, your sorrows bring:
Angels, assist my doleful song,
If you have e'er a mourning string.

But, ah! your joys are ever high,
Ever his lovely face you see;
While my poor spirits pant and die,
And groan, for Thee, my God, for Thee.

Yet let my hope look through my tears,
And spy afar his rolling throne;
His chariot through the cleaving spheres
Shall bring the bright Beloved down.

Swift as a roe flies o'er the hills,
My soul springs out to meet him high,
Then the fair Conqueror turns his wheels,
And climbs the mansions of the sky.

There smiling joy for ever reigns,
No more the turtle leaves the dove;
Farewell to jealousies, and pains,
And all the ills of absent love.

THE CONCLUSION.

God exalted above all Praise.

ETERNAL Power! whose high abode
Becomes the grandeur of a God;
Infinite length beyond the bounds
Where stars revolve their little rounds.

The lowest step above thy seat
Rises too high for Gabriel's feet,
In vain the tall Arch-angel tries
To reach thine height with wondering eyes.

Thy dazzling beauties whilst he sings,
He hides his face behind his wings;
And ranks of shining thrones around
Fall worshipping, and spread the ground.

Lord, what shall earth and ashes do!
We would adore our Maker too;
From sin and dust to thee we cry,
The Great, the Holy, and the High!

Earth

Earth from afar has heard the fame,
And worms have learnt to lisp thy name;
But O, the glories of thy mind
Leave all our soaring thoughts behind.

God is in heaven, and men below;
Be short, our tunes; our words be few;
A sacred reverence checks our songs,
And praise fits silent on our tongues.

“Tibi filet Laus, O Deus,” Psal. lxx. 1.

End of the First Book.

D 2

HORÆ

H O R Æ L Y R I C Æ

B O O K II.

SACRED TO
VIRTUE, HONOUR, AND FRIENDSHIP.

T O H E R M A J E S T Y.

QUEEN of the Northern world, whose gentle sway
Commands our love, and charms our hearts t'obey,
Forgive the nation's groan when WILLIAM dy'd:
Lo, at thy feet in all the royal pride
Of blooming joy, three happy realms appear,
And WILLIAM'S urn almost without a tear
Stands; nor complains; while from thy gracious tongue
Peace flows in silver streams amidst the throng.
Amazing balm, that on those lips was found
To soothe the torment of that mortal wound,
And calm the wild affright! The terror dies,
The bleeding wound cements, the danger flies,
And Albion shouts thine honours as her joys arise.

The

The German eagle feels her guardian dead,
 Not her own thunder can secure her head;
 Her trembling eagles hasten from afar,
 And Belgia's lion dreads the Gallick war:
 All hide behind thy shield. Remoter lands
 Whose lives lay trusted in Nassovian hands
 Transfer their souls, and live; secure they play
 In thy mild rays, and love the growing day.

Thy beamy wing at once defends and warms
 Fainting religion, whilst in various forms
 Fair piety shines through the British isles:
 Here at thy side, and in thy kindest smiles *
 Blazing in ornamental gold she stands,
 To bless thy councils, and assist thy hands,
 And crowds wait round her to receive commands.
 There at a humble distance from the throne †
 Beauteous she lies; her lustre all her own,
 Ungarnish'd; yet not blushing, nor afraid,
 Nor knows suspicion, nor effects the shade:
 Cheerful and pleas'd she not presumes to share
 In thy parental gifts, but owns thy guardian care.
 For thee, dear sovereign, endless vows arise,
 And zeal with earthly wing salutes the skies
 To gain thy safety: Here a solemn form *
 Of ancient words keeps the devotion warm,
 And guides, but bounds our wishes: There the mind †
 Feels its own fire, and kindles unconfin'd

* The established church of England.

† The Protestant Dissenters.

With bolder hopes : Yet still beyond our vows,
Thy lovely glories rise, thy spreading terror grows,

Princess, the world already owns thy name :
Go, mount the chariot of immortal fame,
Nor die to be renown'd : Fame's loudest breath
Too dear is purchas'd by an angel's death.
The vengeance of thy rod, with general joy,
Shall scourge rebellion and the rival-boy † :
Thy founding arms his Gallick patron hears,
And speeds his flight ; nor overtakes his fears,
Till hard despair wring from the tyrant's soul
The iron tears out. Let thy frown control
Our angry jars at home, till wrath submit
Her impious banners to thy sacred feet ;
Mad zeal, and frenzy, with their murderous train,
Feel these sweet realms in thine auspicious reign,
Envy expire in rage, and treason bite the chain.

Let no black scenes affright fair Albion's stage :
Thy thread of life prolong our golden age,
Long bless the earth, and late ascend thy throne
Ethereal ; (not thy deeds are there unknown,
Nor there unsung ; for by thine awful hands
Heaven rules the waves, and thunders o'er the lands,
Creates inferior kings ‡, and gives'em their commands.)
Legions attend thee at the radiant gates ;
For thee thy sister-seraph, blest Maria, waits.

† The Pretender,

‡ She made Charles the Emperor's second son King of Spain,
who was afterwards Emperor of Germany.

But

But oh! the parting stroke! some heavenly power
 Chear thy sad Britons in the gloomy hour;
 Some new propitious star appear on high
 The fairest glory of the Western sky,
 And Anna be its name; with gentle sway
 To check the planets of malignant ray,
 Sooth the rude north wind, and the rugged Bear,
 Calm rising wars, heal the contagious air,
 And reign with peaceful influence to the southern sphere.

Note, This poem was written in the year 1705, in that honourable part of the reign of our late Queen, when she had broke the French power at Blenheim, asserted the right of Charles the present Emperor to the crown of Spain, exerted her zeal for the Protestant Succession, and promised inviolably to maintain the toleration to the Protestant Dissenters. Thus she appeared the chief support of the Reformation, and the patroness of the liberties of Europe.

The latter part of her reign was of a different colour, and was by no means attended with the accomplishment of those glorious hopes which we had conceived. Now the Muse cannot satisfy herself to publish this new edition without acknowledging the mistake of her former prefaces; and while she does the world this justice, she does herself the honour of a voluntary retractation.

August 1. 1721.

I. W.

P A L I N O D I A.

BRITONS, forgive the forward Muse
 That dar'd prophetic seals to loose,
 (Unskill'd in fate's Eternal Book)
 And the deep characters mistook.

D 4

George

George is the name, that glorious star ;
Ye saw his splendors beaming far ;
Saw in the East your joys arise,
When Anna sunk in western skies,
Streaking the heavens with crimson gloom,
Emblems of tyranny and Rome,
Portending blood and night to come.
'Twas George diffus'd a vital ray,
And gave the dying nations day :
His influence sooths the Russian Bear,
Calms rising wars, and heals the air ;
Join'd with the sun his beams are hurl'd
To scatter blessings round the world,
Fulfil whate'er the Muse has spoke,
And crown the work that Anne forsook.

August 1. 1721.

To JOHN LOCKE, Esq. retired from Business.

ANGELS are made of heavenly things,
And light and love our souls compose,
Their bliss within their bosom springs,
Within their bosom flows.

But narrow minds still make pretence
To search the coasts of flesh and sense,
And fetch diviner pleasures thence.

Men are akin to ethereal forms,
But they belye their nobler birth,
Debase their honour down to earth,
And claim a share with worms.

He that has treasures of his own
May leave the cottage or the throne,
May quit the globe, and dwell alone
Within his spacious mind.
Locke hath a soul wide as the sea,
Calm as the night, bright as the day,
There may his vast ideas play,
Nor feel a thought confin'd.

TO JOHN SHUTE, Esq.

(Afterwards Lord BARRINGTON.)

On Mr. LOCKE's dangerous Sickness, some time after
he had retired to study the Scriptures.

June, 1704.

AND must the man of wonderous mind
(Now his rich thoughts are just refin'd)
Forake our longing eyes?

Reason at length submits to wear
The wings of Faith; and lo, they rear
Her chariot high, and nobly bear
Her prophet to the skies.

Go,

Go, friend, and wait the prophet's flight,
Watch if his mantle chance to light,

And seize it for thy own ;

Shute is the darling of his years,
Young Shute his better likeness bears ;
All but his wrinkles and his hairs
Are copy'd in his son.

Thus when our follies, or our faults,
Call for the pity of thy thoughts,

Thy pen shall make us wise :

The fallies of whose youthful wit
Could pierce the British fogs with light,
Place our true * Interest in our sight,
And open half our eyes.

TO MR. WILLIAM NOKES.

FRIENDSHIP.

1702.

FRRIENDSHIP, thou charmer of the mind,
Thou sweet deluding ill,
The brightest minute mortals find,
And sharpest hour we feel.

Fate has divided all our shares
Of pleasure and of pain ;
In love the comforts and the cares
Are mix'd and join'd again.

* The Interest of England, written by Mr. Shute.

But

But whilst in floods our sorrow rolls,
And drops of joy are few,
This dear delight of mingling souls
Serves but to swell our woe.

Oh! why should bliss depart in haste,
And friendship stay to moan?
Why the fond passion cling so fast,
When every joy is gone?

Yet never let our hearts divide,
Nor death dissolve the chain:
For love and joy were once ally'd,
And must be join'd again.

TO NATHANAEL GOULD, Esq. afterwards
Sir NATHANAEL GOULD.

1704.

'TIS not by splendor, or by state,
Exalted mein, or lofty gait,
My Muse takes measures of a king:
If wealth, or height, or bulk will do,
She calls each mountain of Peru
A more majestic thing.
Frown on me, friend, if e'er I boast
O'er fellow-minds enslav'd in clay,
Or swell when I shall have engross'd
A larger heap of shining dust,
And wear a bigger load of earth than they.

Let

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O'er fellow-minds enslav'd in clay,
Or swell when I shall have engross'd
A larger heap of shining dust,
And wear a bigger load of earth than they.

Let

Let the vain world salute me loud,
My thoughts look inward, and forget
The founding names of High and Great,
The flatteries of the crowd.

When Gould commands his ships to run
And search the traffic of the sea,
His fleet o'ertakes the falling day,
And bears the western mines away,
Or richer spices from the rising sun:
While the glad tenants of the shore
Shout, and pronounce him senator*,
Yet still the man's the same:
For well the happy merchant knows
The soul with treasure never grows,
Nor swells with airy fame.

But trust me, Gould, 'tis lawful pride
To rise above the mean control
Of flesh and sense, to which we're ty'd;
This is ambition that becomes a soul.
We steer our course up through the skies;
Farewell this barren land:
We ken the heavenly shore with longing eyes,
There the dear wealth of spirit lies,
And beckoning angels stand.

* Member of parliament for a port in Sussex.

TO DR. THOMAS GIBSON.

THE LIFE OF SOULS.

1704.

SWIFT as the sun revolves the day
 We hasten to the dead,
 Slaves to the wind we puff away,
 And to the ground we tread.
 'Tis air that lends us life, when first
 The vital bellows heave :
 Our flesh we borrow of the dust ;
 And when a mother's care has nurs'd
 The babe to manly size, we must
 With usury pay the grave.
 Rich juleps drawn from precious ore
 Still tend the dying flame :
 And plants, and roots, of barbarous name,
 Torn from the Indian shore.
 Thus we support our tottering flesh,
 Our cheeks resume the rose afresh,
 When bark and steel play well their game
 To save our sinking breath,
 And Gibson, with his awful power,
 Rescues the poor precarious hour
 From the demands of death.

But

To

But art and nature, powers and charms,
And drugs, and recipes, and forms,
Yield us, at last, to greedy worms

A despicable prey ;
I'd have a life to call my own,
That shall depend on heaven alone ;

Nor air, nor earth, nor sea
Mix their base essences with mine,
Nor claim dominion so divine
To give me leave to Be.

Sure there's a mind within, that reigns
O'er the dull current of my veins ;
I feel the inward pulse beat high
With vigorous immortality.

Let earth resume the flesh it gave,
And breath dissolve amongst the winds ;
Gibson, the things that fear a grave,
That I can lose, or you can save,
Are not akin to minds.

We claim acquaintance with the skies,
Upward our spirits hourly rise,
And there our thoughts employ :
When heaven shall sign our grand release,
We are no strangers to the place,
The business, or the joy.

FALSE

FALSE GREATNESS.

MYLO, forbear to call him blest
 That only boasts a large estate,
 Should all the treasures of the West
 Meet, and conspire to make him great.
 I know thy better thoughts, I know
 Thy reason can't descend so low.
 Let a broad stream with golden sands
 Through all his meadows roll,
 He's but a wretch, with all his lands,
 That wears a narrow soul.

He swells amidst his wealthy store,
 And proudly poizing what he weighs,
 In his own scale he fondly lays
 Huge heaps of shining ore.
 He spreads the balance wide to hold
 His manors and his farms,
 And cheats the beam with loads of gold
 He hugs between his arms.
 So might the plough-boy climb a tree,
 When Cræsus mounts his throne,
 And both stand up, and smile to see
 How long their shadow's grown.
 Alas! how vain their fancies be
 To think that shape their own!

Thus

Thus mingled still with wealth and state,
 Cræsus himself can never know;
 His true dimensions and his weight
 Are far inferior to their show.
 Were I so tall to reach the pole,
 Or grasp the ocean with my span,
 I must be measur'd by my soul:
 The mind's the standard of the man.

T O S A R I S S A.

A N E P I S T L E.

BEAR up, Sarissa, through the ruffling storms
 Of a vain vexing world: Tread down the cares
 Those ragged thorns that lie across the road,
 Nor spend a tear upon them. Trust the Muse,
 She sings experienc'd truth: This briny dew,
 This rain of eyes will make the briars grow.
 We travel through a desert, and our feet
 Have measur'd a fair space, have left behind
 A thousand dangers, and a thousand snares
 Well scap'd. Adieu, ye horrors of the dark,
 Ye finish'd labours, and ye tedious toils
 Of days and hours: The twinge of real smart,
 And the false terrors of ill-boding dreams
 Vanish together, be alike forgot,
 For ever blended in one common grave.

Farewell, ye waxing and ye waning moons,
 That we have watch'd behind the flying clouds
 In night's dark hill, or setting or ascending,
 Or in meridian height : Then silence reign'd
 O'er half the world ; then ye beheld our tears,
 Ye witness'd our complaints, our kindred groans,
 Sad harmony !) while with your beamy horns
 Your richer orb ye silver'd o'er the green
 Where trod our feet, and lent a feeble light
 To mourners. Now ye have fulfill'd your round,
 Those hours are fled, farewell. Months that are gone
 Are gone for ever, and have borne away
 Each his own load. Our woes and sorrows past,
 Mountainous woes, still lessen as they fly
 Far off. So billows in a stormy sea,
 Wave after wave (a long succession) roll
 Beyond the ken of sight : The sailors safe
 Look far a-stern till they have lost the storm,
 And shout their boisterous joys. A gentler Muse
 Brings thy dear safety, and commands thy cares
 To dark oblivion ; bury'd deep in night
 Lose them, Sarissa, and assist my song.

Awake thy voice, sing how the slender line
 Of fate's immortal Now divides the past
 From all the future, with eternal bars
 Forbidding a return. The past temptations
 No more shall vex us ; every grief we feel
 Shortens the destin'd number ; every pulse
 Beats a sharp moment of the pain away,

E

And

And the last stroke will come. By swift degrees
Time sweeps us off, and we shall soon arrive
At life's sweet period : O celestial point
That ends this mortal story !

But if a glimpse of light with flattering ray
Breaks through the clouds of life, or wandering fire
Amidst the shades invite your doubtful feet,
Beware the dancing meteor ; faithless guide,
That leads the lonesome pilgrim wide astray
To bogs, and fens, and pits, and certain death !
Should vicious pleasure take an angel-form
And at a distance rise, by slow degrees,
Treacherous, to wind herself into your heart,
Stand firm aloof ; nor let the gaudy phantom
Too long allure your gaze : The just delight
That heaven indulges lawful must obey
Superior powers ; nor tempt your thoughts too far
In slavery to sense, nor swell your hope
To dangerous size : If it approach your feet
And court your hand, forbid th' intruding joy
To sit too near your heart : Still may our souls
Claim kindred with the skies, nor mix with dust
Our better-born affections ; leave the globe
A nest for worms, and hasten to our home.

O there are gardens of th' immortal kind
That crown the heavenly Eden's rising hills
With beauty and with sweets ; no lurking mischief
Dwells in the fruit, nor serpent twines the boughs ;

The branches bend laden with life and bliss
 Ripe for the taste, but 'tis a steep ascent :
 Hold fast the * golden chain let down from heaven,
 'Twill help your feet and wings ; I feel its force
 Draw upwards ; fasten'd to the pearly gate
 It guides the way unerring : Happy clue
 Through this dark wild ! 'Twas wisdom's noblest work,
 All join'd by power divine, and every link is love.

TO MR. T. BRADBURY.

P A R A D I S E.

1708.

YOUNG as I am I quit the stage,
 Nor will I know th' applauses of the age ;
 Farewell to growing fame. I leave below
 A life not half worn out with cares,
 Or agonies, or years ;
 I leave my country all in tears,
 But heaven demands me upward, and I dare to go.
 Amongst ye, friends, divide and share
 The remnant of my days,
 If ye have patience, and can bear
 A long fatigue of life, and drudge through all the race.

* The Gospel.

E 2

Hark,

Hark, my fair guardian chides my stay,
And waves his golden rod :
“ Angel, I come ; lead on the way : ”
And now by swift degrees
I sail aloft through azure seas,
Now tread the milky road :
Farewell, ye planets, in your spheres ;
And as the stars are lost, a brighter sky appears.
In haste for paradise
I stretch the pinions of a bolder thought ;
Scarce had I will'd, but I was past
Deserts of trackless light and all the ethereal waste,
And to the sacred borders brought ;
There on the wing a guard of cherubs lies,
Each waves a keen flame as he flies,
And well defends the walls from sieges and surprise.

With pleasing reverence I behold
The pearly portals wide unfold :
Enter, my soul, and view th' amazing scenes ;
Sit fast upon the flying Muse,
And let thy roving wonder loose
O'er all th' empyreal plains.
Noon stands eternal here : here may thy fight
Drink-in the rays of primogenial light ;
Here breathe immortal air :
Joy must beat high in every vein,
Pleasure through all thy bosom reign ;
The laws forbid the stranger, pain,
And banish every care.

See how the bubbling springs of love
 Beneath the throne arise ;
 The streams in crystal channels move,
 Around the golden streets they rove,
 And bless the mansions of the upper skies.
 There a fair grove of knowledge grows,
 Nor sin nor death infects the fruit ;
 Young life hangs fresh on all the boughs,
 And springs from every root ;
 Here may thy greedy senses feast
 While extasy and health attends on every taste.
 With the fair prospect charm'd I stood ;
 Fearless I feed on the delicious fare,
 And drink profuse salvation from the silver flood,
 Nor can excess be there.

In sacred order rang'd along
 Saints new-releas'd by death
 Join the bold seraph's warbling breath,
 And aid th' immortal song.
 Each has a voice that tunes his strings.
 To mighty sounds, and mighty things,
 Things of everlasting weight,
 Sounds, like the softer viol, sweet,
 And, like the trumpet, strong,
 Divine attention held my soul,
 I was all ear !

Through all my powers the heavenly accents roll,
 I long'd and wish'd my Bradbury there ;
 " Could he but hear these notes, I said,
 " His tuneful soul would never bear

" The dull unwinding of life's tedious thread,
 " But burst the vital chords to reach the happy dead."

And now my tongue prepares to join
 The harmony, and with a noble aim
 Attempts th' unutterable name,
 But faints, confounded by the notes divine :
 Again my soul th' unequal honour sought,
 Again her utmost force she brought,
 And bow'd beneath the burden of th' unwieldy thought,
 Thrice I essay'd, and fainted thrice ;
 Th' immortal labour strain'd my feeble frame,
 Broke the bright vision, and dissolv'd the dream :
 I sunk at once and lost the skies :
 In vain I sought the scenes of light
 Rolling abroad my longing eyes,
 For all around them stood my curtains and the night.

STRICT RELIGION VERY RARE.

I'M borne aloft, and leave the crowd,
 I sail upon a morning cloud
 Skirted with dawning gold :
 Mine eyes beneath the open day
 Command the globe with wide survey,
 Where ants in busy millions play,
 And tug and heave the mould.
 " Are these the things (my passion cry'd)
 " That we call men ? Are these ally'd

" To

“ To the fair worlds of light ?

“ They have ras’d out their Maker’s name,

“ Graven on their minds with pointed flame

“ In strokes divinely bright.

“ Wretches ! they hate their native skies ;

“ If an ethereal thought arise,

“ Or spark of virtue shine,

“ With cruel force they damp its plumes,

“ Choke the young fire with sensual fumes,

“ With business, lust, or wine.

“ Lo ! how they throng with panting breath

“ The broad descending road

“ That leads unerring down to death,

“ Nor miss the dark abode.”

Thus while I drop a tear or two

On the wild herd, a noble few.

Dare to stray upward, and pursue

Th’ unbeaten way to God.

I meet Myrtillo mounting high,

I know his candid soul afar ;

Here Dorylus and Thyrsis fly

Each like a rising star.

Charin I saw and Fidea there,

I saw them help each other’s flight,

And bless them as they go ;

They soar beyond my labouring fight,

And leave their loads of mortal care,

But not their love, below.

On heaven, their home, they fix their eyes,
 The temple of their God :
 With morning incense up they rise
 Sublime, and through the lower skies
 Spread the perfumes abroad.

Across the road a seraph flew,
 " Mark (said he) that happy pair,
 " Marriage helps devotion there :
 " When kindred minds their God pursue
 " They break with double vigour through
 " The dull incumbent air."
 Charm'd with the pleasure and surprise,
 My soul adores and sings,
 " Blest be the power that springs their flight,
 " That streaks their path with heavenly light,
 " That turns their love to sacrifice,
 " And joins their zeal for wings."

To Mr. C. and S. FLEETWOOD.

FLEETWOODS, young generous pair,
 Despise the joys that fools pursue ;
 Bubbles are light and brittle too,
 Born of the water and the air.
 Try'd by a standard bold and just
 Honour and gold and paint and dust ;
 How vile the last is, and as vain the first !
 Things that the crowd call great and brave,
 With me how low their value's brought !

Titles

Titles and names, and life and breath,
 Slaves to the wind and born for death;
 The soul's the only thing we have
 Worth an important thought.

The soul! 'tis of th' immortal kind,
 Nor form'd of fire, or earth, or wind, [behind.
 Out-lives the mouldering corpse, and leaves the globe
 In limbs of clay though she appears,
 Array'd in rosy skin, and deck'd with ears and eyes,
 The flesh is but the soul's disguise,
 There's nothing in her frame 'kin to the dress she wears.
 From all the laws of matter free,
 From all we feel, and all we see,
 She stands eternally distinct, and must for ever be.

Rise then, my thoughts, on high,
 Soar beyond all that's made to die;
 Lo! on an awful throne
 Sits the Creator and the Judge of souls,
 Whirling the planets round the poles,
 Winds off our threads of life, and brings our periods on.
 Swift the approach, and solemn is the day,
 When this immortal mind
 Stript of the body's coarse array
 To endless pain, or endless joy,
 Must be at once consign'd.

Think of the sands run down to waste,
 We possess none of all the past,

None

'None but the present is our own ;
 Grace is not plac'd within our power,
 'Tis but one short, one shining hour,
 Bright and declining as a setting sun.
 See the white minutes wing'd with haste ;
 The Now that flies may be the last ;
 Seize the salvation e'er 'tis past,
 Nor mourn the blessing gone :
 A thought's delay is ruin here,
 A closing eye, a gasping breath,
 Shuts up the golden scene in death,
 And drowns you in despair.

TO WILLIAM BLACKBOURN, Esq.

CASIMIR. Lib. II. Od. 2. imitated.

"Quæ tegit canas modo Bruma valles," &c.

MARK how it snows ! how fast the valley fills !
 And the sweet groves the hoary garment wear ;
 Yet the warm sun-beams bounding from the hills
 Shall melt the vail away, and the young green appear.

But when old age has on your temples shed
 Her silver-frost, there's no returning sun ;
 Swift flies our autumn, swift our summer's fled,
 When youth, and love, and spring, and golden joys are
 gone.

Then

Then cold, and winter, and your aged snow,
Stick fast upon you ; not the rich array,
Not the green garland, nor the rosy bough,
Shall cancel or conceal the melancholy grey.

The chace of pleasures is not worth the pains,
While the bright sands of health run wasting down ;
And honour calls you from the softer scenes,
To sell the gaudy hour for ages of renown.

'Tis but one youth, and short, that mortals have,
And one old age dissolves our feeble frame ;
But there's a heavenly art t' elude the grave,
And with the hero-race immortal kindred claim.

The man that has his country's sacred tears
Bedewing his cold hearse, has liv'd his day :
Thus, Blackbourn, we should leave our names our heirs ;
Old time and waning moons sweep all the rest away.

TRUE MONARCHY.

1701.

THE rising year beheld th' imperious Gaul
Stretch his dominion, while a hundred towns
Crouch'd to the victor : but a steady soul
Stands firm on its own base, and reigns as wide,
As absolute ; and sways ten thousand slaves,
Lusts and wild fancies with a sovereign hand.

We are a little kingdom ; but the man
That chains his rebel will to reason's throne,

Forma

Forms it a large one, while his royal mind
Makes heaven its council, from the rolls above
Draws its own statutes, and with joy obeys.

'Tis not a troop of well-appointed guards
Create a monarch, not a purple robe
Dy'd in the people's blood, not all the crowns
Or dazzling tiars that bend about the head,
Though gilt with sun-beams and set round with stars.
A monarch He that conquers all his fears,
And treads upon them; when he stands alone,
Makes his own camp; four guardian virtues wait
His nightly slumbers, and secure his dreams.
Now dawns the light; he ranges all his thoughts
In square battalions, bold to meet th' attacks
Of time and chance, himself a numerous host,
All eye, all ear, all wakeful as the day,
Firm as a rock, and moveless as the centre.

In vain the harlot, pleasure, spreads her charms,
To lull his thoughts in luxury's fair lap,
To sensual ease (the bane of little kings,
Monarchs whose waxen images of souls
Are moulded into softness); still his mind
Wears its own shape, nor can the heavenly form
Stoop to be model'd by the wild decrees
Of the mad vulgar, that unthinking herd.

He lives above the crowd, nor hears the noise
Of wars and triumphs, nor regards the shouts
Of popular applause, that empty sound;

Nor

Nor feels the flying arrows of reproach,
 Or spite or envy. In himself secure,
 Wisdom his tower, and conscience is his shield,
 His peace all inward, and his joys his own.

Now my ambition swells, my wishes soar,
 This be my kingdom; sit above the globe
 My rising soul, and dress thyself around
 And shine in virtue's armour, climb the height
 Of wisdom's lofty castle, there reside
 Safe from the smiling and the frowning world.

Yet once a day drop down a gentle look
 On the great mole-hill, and with pitying eye
 Survey the busy emmets round the heap,
 Crouding and bustling in a thousand forms
 Of strife and toil, to purchase wealth and fame,
 A bubble or a dust: Then call thy thoughts
 Up to thyself to feed on joys unknown,
 Rich without gold, and great without renown.

TRUE COURAGE.

HONOUR demands my song. Forget the ground,
 My generous Muse, and sit among the stars!
 There sing the soul, that, conscious of her birth,
 Lives like a native of the vital world,
 Among these dying clods, and bears her state
 Just to herself: how nobly she maintains
 Her character, superior to the flesh,
 She wields her passions like her limbs, and knows
 The brutal powers were only born t' obey.

This

This is the man whom storms could never make
 Meanly complain; nor can a flattering gale
 Make him talk proudly: he hath no desire
 To read his secret fate: yet unconcern'd
 And calm could meet his unborn destiny,
 In all its charming, or its frightful shapes.

He that unshrinking, and without a groan,
 Bears the first wound, may finish all the war
 With meer courageous silence, and come off
 Conqueror: for the man that well conceals
 The heavy strokes of fate, he bears them well.

He, though th' Atlantic and the Midland seas
 With adverse furies meet, and rise on high
 Suspended 'twixt the winds, then rush amain
 Mingled with flames, upon his single head,
 And clouds, and stars, and thunder, firm he stands,
 Secure of his best life; unhurt, unmov'd;
 And drops his lower nature, born for death.
 Then from the lofty castle of his mind
 Sublime looks down, exulting, and surveys
 The ruins of creation (Souls alone
 Are heirs of dying worlds); a piercing glance
 Shoots upwards from between his closing lids,
 To reach his birth-place, and without a sigh
 He bids his batter'd flesh lie gently down
 Amongst his native rubbish; whilst the spirit
 Breathes and flies upward, an undoubted guest
 Of the third heaven, th' unruinable sky.

Thither,

Thither, when fate has brought our willing souls,
 No matter whether 'twas a sharp disease,
 Or a sharp sword that help'd the travellers on,
 And push'd us to our home. Bear up, my friend,
 Serenely, and break through the stormy brine
 With steady prow; know, we shall once arrive
 At the fair haven of eternal bliss.
 To which we ever steer; whether as kings
 Of wide command we've spread the spacious sea
 With a broad painted fleet, or row'd along
 In a thin cock-boat with a little oar.

There let my native plank shift me to land
 And I'll be happy: Thus I'll leap ashore
 Joyful and fearless on th' immortal coast,
 Since all I leave is mortal, and it must be lost.

To the much honoured Mr. THOMAS ROWE, the
 DIRECTOR of my youthful STUDIES.

FREE PHILOSOPHY.

CUSTOM, that tyranness of fools,
 That leads the learned round the schools,
 In magic chains of forms and rules!

My genius storms her throne:
 No more, ye slaves, with awe profound
 Beat the dull track, nor dance the round;
 Loose hands, and quit th' enchanted ground:
 Knowledge invites us each alone.

I hate

I hate these shackles of the mind
 Forg'd by the haughty wife;
 Souls were not born to be confin'd,
 And led, like Samson, blind and bound;
 But when his native strength he found
 He well aveng'd his eyes.

I love thy gentle influence, Rowe,
 Thy gentle influence, like the sun,
 Only dissolves the frozen snow,
 Then bids our thoughts like rivers flow,
 And chuse the channels where they run.

Thoughts should be free as fire or wind;
 The pinions of a single mind

Will through all nature fly:
 But who can drag up to the poles
 Long fetter'd ranks of leaden souls?
 A genius which no chain controls
 Roves with delight, or deep, or high:
 Swift I survey the globe around,
 Dive to the centre through the solid ground,
 Or travel o'er the sky.

TO THE REVEREND MR. BENONI ROWE.

THE WAY OF THE MULTITUDE.

ROWE, if we make the crowd our guide
 Through life's uncertain road,
 Mean is the chafe; and wandering wide
 We miss th' immortal good;

Yet

Yet if my thoughts could be confin'd
To follow any leader-mind,
I'd mark thy steps, and tread the same:
Drest in thy notions I'd appear
Not like a foul of mortal frame,
Nor with a vulgar air.

Men live at random and by chance,
Bright reason never leads the dance;
While in the broad and beaten way
O'er dales and hills from truth we stray,
To ruin we descend, to ruin we advance.
Wisdom retires; she hates the crowd.
And with a decent scorn
Aloof she climbs her sleepy seat,
Where nor the grave nor giddy feet,
Of the learn'd vulgar or the rude,
Have e'er a passage worn.

Meer hazard first began the track,
Where custom leads her thousands blind
In willing chains and strong;
There's scarce one bold, one noble mind,
Dares tread the fatal error back;
But hand in hand ourselves we bind,
And drag the age along.

Mortals, a savage herd, and loud
As billows on a noisy flood

In rapid order roll :
 Example makes the mischief good :
 With jocund heel we beat the road,
 Unheedful of the goal.
 Me let * Ithuriel's friendly wing
 Snatch from the crowd, and bear sublime
 To wisdom's lofty tower,
 Thence to survey that wretched thing,
 Mankind ; and in exalted rhyme
 Bless the delivering power.

To the REVEREND MR. JOHN HOWE.

1704.

GREAT man, permit the Muse to climb
 And seat her at thy feet,
 Bid her attempt a thought sublime,
 And consecrate her wit.
 I feel, I feel th' attractive force
 Of thy superior soul :
 My chariot flies her upward course,
 The wheels divinely roll.
 Now let me chide the mean affairs
 And mighty toil of men :
 How they grow grey in trifling cares,
 Or waste the motions of the spheres
 Upon delights as vain !

* The name of an angel in Milton's Paradise Lost.

A puff of honour fills the mind,
And yellow dust is solid good ;
Thus, like the ass of savage kind,
We snuff the breezes of the wind,
Or steal the serpent's food.

Could all the choirs
That charm the poles
But strike one doleful sound,
'Twould be employ'd to mourn our souls,
Souls that were fram'd of sprightly fires
In floods of folly drown'd.

Souls made of glory seek a brutal joy ;
How they disclaim their heavenly birth,
Melt their bright substance down with drossy earth,
And hate to be refin'd from that impure alloy.

Oft has thy genius rous'd us hence
With elevated song,

Bid us renounce this world of sense,
Bid us divide th' immortal prize

With the seraphic throng :
" Knowledge and love makes spirits blest,
" Knowledge their food, and love their rest ;"
But flesh, th' unmanageable beast,
Resists the pity of thine eyes,
And music of thy tongue.

Then let the worms of groveling mind
Round the short joys of earthly kind
In restless windings roam ;

Howe hath an ample orb of soul,
 Where shining worlds of knowledge roll,
 Where love, the centre and the pole,
 Compleats the heaven at home.

The DISAPPOINTMENT and RELIEF.

VIRTUE, permit my fancy to impose
 Upon my better powers :

She casts sweet fallacies on half our woes,
 And gilds the gloomy hours.

How could we bear this tedious round
 Of waning moons, and rolling years,
 Of flaming hopes, and chilling fears,
 If (where no sovereign cure appears)
 No opiates could be found.

Love, the most cordial stream that flows,
 Is a deceitful good :

Young Doris, who nor guilt nor danger knows,
 On the green margin flood,
 Pleas'd with the golden bubbles as they rose,
 And with more golden sands her fancy pav'd the flood
 Then fond to be entirely blest,
 And tempted by a faithless youth,
 As void of goodness as of truth,
 She plunges in with heedless haste,
 And rears the nether mud :

Dark

Darkneſs and nauſeous dregs ariſe
 O'er thy fair current, love, with large ſupplies
 Of pain to teaze the heart, and ſorrow for the eyes.
 The golden bliſs that charm'd her ſight
 Is daſh'd, and drown'd, and loſt:
 A ſpark, or glimmering ſtreak at moſt,
 Shines here and there, amidſt the night,
 Amidſt the turbid waves, and gives a faint delight.

Recover'd from the ſad ſurpriſe,
 Doris awakes at laſt,
 Grown by the diſappointment wiſe;
 And manages with art th' unlucky caſt;
 When the lowering frown ſhe ſpies
 On her haughty tyrant's brow,
 With humble love ſhe meets his wrathful eyes,
 And makes her ſovereign beauty bow;
 Chearful ſhe ſmiles upon the grizly form;
 So ſhines the ſetting ſun on adverſe ſkies,
 And paints a rainbow on the ſtorm.
 Anon ſhe lets the ſullen humour ſpend,
 And with a virtuous book, or friend,
 Beguiles th' uneaſy hours:
 Well-colouring every croſs ſhe meets,
 With heart ſerene ſhe ſleeps and eats,
 She ſpreads her board with fancy'd ſweets,
 And ſtrows her bed with flowers.

THE HERO'S SCHOOL OF MORALITY.

THERON, amongst his travels, found,
 A broken statue on the the ground;
 And searching onward as he went
 He trac'd a ruin'd monument.
 Mould, moss, and shades, had overgrown
 The sculpture of the crumbling stone,
 Yet e'er he pass'd, with much ado,
 He guess'd, and spell'd out, SCI-PI-O.

“ Enough, he cry'd; I'll drudge no more
 “ In turning the dull Stoics o'er;
 “ Let pedants waste their hours of ease
 “ To sweat all night at Socrates;
 “ And feed their boys with notes and rules,
 “ Those tedious Recipe's of schools,
 “ To cure ambition: I can learn
 “ With greater ease the great concern
 “ Of mortals; how we may despise
 “ All the gay things below the skies.

“ Methinks a mouldering pyramid
 “ Says all that the old sages said;
 “ For me these shatter'd tombs contain
 “ More morals than the Vatican.
 “ The dust of heroes cast abroad,
 “ And kick'd, and trampled in the road,

“ The

" The relicks of a lofty mind,
 " That lately wars and crowns design'd,
 " Toft for a jeft from wind to wind,
 " Bid me be humble, and forbear
 " Tall monuments of fame to rear,
 " They are but caftles in the air.
 " The towering heights, and frightful falls,
 " The ruin'd heaps, and funerals,
 " Of fmoking kingdoms and their kings,
 " Tell me a thoufand mournful things
 " In melancholy filence. —————

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" ————— He
 " That living could not bear to fee
 " An equal, now lies torn and dead ;
 " Here his pale trunk, and there his head ;
 " Great Pompey ! while I meditate,
 " With folemn horror, thy fad fate,
 " Thy carcafe, fcatter'd on the fhore
 " Without a name, inſtructs me more
 " Than my whole library before.

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" Lie ftill, my Plutarch, then, and ſleep,
 " And my good Seneca may keep
 " Your volumes clos'd for ever too,
 " I have no further ufe for you :
 " For when I feel my virtue fail,
 " And my ambitious thoughts prevail,
 " I'll take a turn among the tombs,
 " And ſee whereto all glory comes :

" There the vile foot of every clown
 " Tramples the sons of honour down.
 " Beggars with awful ashes sport,
 " And tread the Cæsars in the dirt."

F R E E D O M.

1697.

TEMPT me no more. My soul can ne'er comport
 With the gay slaveries of a court ;
 I've an aversion to those charms,
 And hug dear liberty in both mine arms.
 Go, vassal-souls, go, cringe and wait,
 And dance attendance at Honorio's gate,
 Then run in troops before him to compose his state ;
 Move as he moves : and when he loiters, stand ;
 You're but the shadows of a man.
 Bend when he speaks ; and kiss the ground :
 Go, catch th' impertinence of sound :
 Adore the follies of the great ;
 Wait till he smiles : But lo, the idol frown'd
 And drove them to their fate.
 Thus base-born minds : but as for Me,
 I can and will be free :
 Like a strong mountain, or some stately tree,
 My soul grows firm upright,
 And as I stand, and as I go,
 It keeps my body so ;
 No, I can never part with my creation-right.
 Let slaves and asses stoop and bow,

I can.

I cannot make this iron knee
Bend to a meaner power than that which form'd it free.

Thus my bold harp profusely play'd
Pindarical; then on a branchy shade
I hung my harp aloft, myself beneath it laid.

Nature that listen'd to my strain,
Resum'd the theme, and acted it again.

Sudden rose a whirling wind
Swelling like Honorio proud,
Around the straws and feathers crowd,

Types of a slavish mind;
Upwards the stormy forces rise,
The dust flies up and climbs the skies,
And as the tempest fell th' obedient vapours sunk:
Again it roars with bellowing sound,

The meaner plants that grew around,
The willow, and the asp, trembled and kiss'd the
ground:

Hard by there stood the iron trunk
Of an old oak, and all the storm defy'd;
In vain the winds their forces try'd,
In vain they roar'd; the iron oak
Bow'd only to the heavenly thunder's stroke.

On

On Mr. LOCKE'S Annotations upon several Parts
of the NEW TESTAMENT, left behind him
at his Death.

THUS reason learns by slow degrees,
What faith reveals; but still complains
Of intellectual pains,
And darkness from the too exuberant light.
The blaze of those bright mysteries
Pour'd all at once on nature's eyes
Offend and cloud her feeble sight.

Reason could scarce sustain to see
Th' Almighty One, th' Eternal Three,
Or bear the infant Deity;
Scarce could her pride descend to own
Her Maker stooping from his throne,
And drest in glories so unknown.
A ransom'd world, a bleeding God,
And heaven appeas'd with flowing blood,
Were themes too painful to be understood.

Faith, thou bright cherub, speak, and say
Did ever mind of mortal race
Cost thee more toil, or larger grace,
To melt and bend it to obey.
'Twas hard to make so rich a soul submit,
And lay her shining honours at thy sovereign feet.

Sister

Sister of faith, fair charity,
 Shew me the wondrous man on high,
 Tell how he sees the Godhead Three in One;
 The bright conviction fills his eye,
 His noblest powers in deep prostration lie
 At the mysterious throne,
 "Forgive, he cries, ye saints below,
 "The wavering and the cold assent
 "I gave to themes divinely true;
 "Can you admit the blessed to repent?
 "Eternal darkness veil the lines
 "Of that unhappy book,
 "Where glimmering reason with false lustre shines,
 "Where the mortal pen mistook
 "What the celestial meant!"

TRUE RICHES.

I AM not concern'd to know
 What to-morrow fate will do:
 'Tis enough that I can say,
 I've possess'd myself to day:
 Then if haply midnight-death
 Seize my flesh, and stop my breath,
 Yet to-morrow I shall be
 Heir to the best part of me.
 Glittering stones, and golden things,
 Wealth and honours that have wings,
 Ever fluttering to be gone,
 I could never call my own:

Riches

Riches that the world bestows,
She can take, and I can lose ;
But the treasures that are mine
Lie afar beyond her line.

When I view my spacious soul,
And survey myself awhile,
And enjoy myself alone,
I'm a kingdom of my own.

I've a mighty part within
That the world hath never seen,
Rich as Eden's happy ground,
And with choicer plenty crown'd.
Here on all the shining boughs
Knowledge fair and useless grows ;
On the same young flowery tree
All the seasons you may see ;
Notions in the bloom of light,
Just disclosing to the sight ;
Here are thoughts of larger growth,
Ripening into solid truth ;
Fruits refin'd, of noble taste ;
Seraphs feed on such repast.
Here, in a green and shady grove,
Streams of pleasure mix with love ;
There beneath the smiling skies
Hills of contemplation rise ;
Now upon some shining top
Angels light, and call me up ;
I rejoice to raise my feet,
Both rejoice when there we meet.

There

There are endless beauties more
 Earth hath no resemblance for ;
 Nothing like them round the pole,
 Nothing can describe the soul :
 'Tis a region half unknown,
 That has treasures of its own,
 More remote from public view
 Than the bowels of Peru ;
 Broader 'tis, and brighter far,
 Than the golden Indies are ;
 Ships that trace the watery stage
 Cannot coast it in an age ;
 Harts, or horses, strong and fleet,
 Had they wings to help their feet,
 Could not run it half way o'er
 In ten thousand days and more.

Yet the silly wandering mind,
 Loth to be too much confin'd,
 Roves and takes her daily tours,
 Coasting round the narrow shores,
 Narrow shores of flesh and sense,
 Picking shells and pebbles thence :
 Or she sits at fancy's door,
 Calling shapes and shadows to her,
 Foreign visits still receiving,
 And t' herself a stranger living.
 Never, never would she buy
 Indian dust, or Tyrian dye,

Never

Never trade abroad for more,
 If she saw her native store;
 If her inward worth were known,
 She might ever live alone.

THE ADVENTUROUS MUSE.

URANIA takes her morning flight
 With an inimitable wing:
 Through rising deluges of dawning light
 She cleaves her wonderous way,
 She tunes immortal anthems to the growing day;
 Nor * Rapin gives her rules to fly, nor † Purcell
 notes to sing.

She nor inquires, nor knows, nor fears
 Where lie the pointed rocks, or where th' engulfing
 sand

Climbing the liquid mountains of the skies
 She meets descending angels as she flies,
 Nor asks them where their country lies,
 Or where the sea-marks stand.

Touch'd with an empyreal ray
 She springs, unerring, upward to eternal day,
 Spreads her white sails aloft, and steers,
 With bold and safe attempt, to the celestial land.

* A French Critick.

† An English master of music.

While

Whilst little skiffs along the mortal shores
 With humble toil in order creep,
 Coasting in fight of one another's oars,
 Nor venture through the boundless deep,
 Such low pretending souls are they
 Who dwell inclos'd in solid orbs of skull;
 Plodding along their sober way,
 The snail o'ertakes them in their wildest play,
 While the poor labourers sweat to be correctly dull.

Give me the chariot whose diviner wheels
 Mark their own rout, and unconfin'd
 Bound o'er the everlasting hills,
 And lose the clouds below, and leave the stars behind,
 Give me the Muse whose generous force,
 Impatient of the reins,
 Pursues an unattempted course,
 Breaks all the criticks iron chains,
 And bears to paradise the raptur'd mind.

There Milton dwells: The mortal sung
 Themes not presum'd by mortal tongue;
 New terrors, or new glories, shine
 In every page, and flying scenes divine
 Surprise the wondering sense, and draw our souls along.
 Behold his Muse sent out to explore
 The unapparent deep where waves of Chaos roar,
 And realms of night unknown before.
 She trac'd a glorious path unknown,

Through

Through fields of heavenly war, and seraphs overthrown,
Where his adventurous genius led :
Sovereign she fram'd a model of her own,
Nor thank'd the living nor the dead.
The noble hater of degenerate rhyme
Shook off the chains, and built his verse sublime,
A monument too high for coupled sounds to climb.
He mourn'd the garden lost below ;
(Earth is the scene for tuneful woe)
Now bliss beats high in all his veins,
Now the lost Eden he regains,
Keeps his own air, and triumphs in unrival'd strains.
Immortal bard ! Thus thy own Raphael sings,
And knows no rule but native fire :
All heaven sits silent, while to his sovereign strings
He talks unutterable things ;
With graces infinite his untaught fingers rove
Across the golden lyre :
From every note devotion springs.
Rapture, and harmony, and love,
O'erspread the listening choir.

TO MR. NICHOLAS CLARK.

THE COMPLAINT.

TWAS in a vale where osiers grow
 By murmuring streams we told our woe,
 And mingled all our cares :
 Friendship sat pleas'd in both our eyes,
 In both the weeping dews arise,
 And drop alternate tears.

The vigorous monarch of the day
 Now mounting half his morning way
 Shone with a fainter bright ;
 Still sickening, and decaying still,
 Dimly he wander'd up the hill,
 With his expiring light.

In dark eclipse his chariot roll'd,
 The queen of night obscur'd his gold
 Behind her fable wheels ;
 Nature grew sad to lose the day,
 The flowery vales in mourning lay,
 In mourning stood the hills.

Such are our sorrows, Clark, I cry'd,
 Clouds of the brain grow black, and hide
 Our darken'd souls behind ;
 In the young morning of our years
 Distemp'ring fogs have climb'd the spheres,
 And choke the labouring mind.

Lo, the gay planet rears his head,
And overlooks the lofty shade,
 New-brightening all the skies :
But say, dear partner of my moan,
When will our long eclipse be gone,
 Or when our suns arise ?

In vain are potent herbs apply'd,
Harmonious sounds in vain have try'd
 To make the darkness fly :
But drugs would raise the dead as soon,
Or clattering brags relieve the moon,
 When fainting in the sky.

Some friendly spirit from above,
Born of the light, and nurs'd with love,
 Assist our feeble fires :
Force these invading glooms away ;
Souls should be seen quite through their clay,
 Bright as your heavenly choirs.

But if the fogs must damp the flame,
Gently, kind death, dissolve our frame,
 Release the prisoner-mind :
Our souls shall mount, at thy discharge,
To their bright source, and shine at large
 Nor clouded, nor confin'd.

The AFFLICTIONS of a FRIEND.

1702.

NOW let my cares all bury'd lie,
My griefs for ever dumb:
Your sorrows swell my heart so high,
They leave my own no room.

Sickness and pains are quite forgot,
The spleen itself is gone;
Plung'd in your woes I feel them not,
Or feel them all in one.

Infinite grief puts sense to flight,
And all the soul invades:
So the broad gloom of spreading night
Devours the evening shades.

Thus am I born to be unblest!
This sympathy of woe
Drives my own tyrants from my breast
T'admit a foreign foe.

Sorrows in long succession reign;
Their iron rod I feel:
Friendship has only chang'd the chain,
But I'm the prisoner still.

Why was this life for misery made?
Or why drawn out so long?
Is there no room amongst the dead?
Or is a wretch too young?

Move faster on, great nature's wheel,
 Be kind, ye rolling powers,
 Hurl my days headlong down the hill
 With undistinguish'd hours.

Be dusky, all my rising suns,
 Nor smile upon a slave:
 Darkness, and death, make haste at once
 To hide me in the grave.

The REVERSE: Or, The COMFORTS of a FRIEND.

THUS nature tun'd her mournful tongue,
 Till grace lift up her head,
 Revers'd the sorrow and the song,
 And, smiling, thus she said:
 Were kindred spirits born for cares?
 Must every grief be mine?
 Is there a sympathy in tears,
 Yet joys refuse to join?
 Forbid it, heaven, and raise my love,
 And make our joys the same;
 So bliss and friendship join'd above
 Mix an immortal flame.

Sorrows are lost in vast delight
 That brightens all the soul,
 As deluges of dawning light
 O'erwhelm the dusky pole.

Pleasures

Pleasures in long succession reign,
 And all my powers employ :
 Friendship but shifts the pleasing scene,
 And fresh repeats the joy.

Life has a soft and silver thread,
 Nor is it drawn too long ;
 Yet, when my vaster hopes persuade,
 I'm willing to be gone.

Fast as ye please roll down the hill,
 And haste away, my years ;
 Or I can wait my father's will,
 And dwell beneath the spheres,

Rise glorious, every future fun,
 Gild all my following days,
 But make the last dear moment known
 By well-distinguish'd rays.

To the Right Honourable JOHN Lord CUTTS.

At the Siege of Namur.

The HARDY SOLDIER.

" WHY is man so thoughtless grown ?

" Why guilty souls in haste to die ?

" Venturing the leap to worlds unknown,

" Heedless to arms and blood they fly.

G 3

" Are

- " Are lives but worth a soldier's pay ?
 " Why will ye join such wide extremes,
 " And stake immortal souls, in play
 " At desperate chance, and bloody games ?
 " Valour's a nobler turn of thought,
 " Whose pardon'd guilt forbids her fears :
 " Calmly she meets the deadly shot !
 " Secure of life above the stars,
 " But frenzy dares eternal fate,
 " And, spurr'd with honour's airy dreams,
 " Flies to attack th' infernal gate,
 " And force a passage to the flames."

Thus hovering o'er Namuria's plains,
 Sung heavenly love in Gabriel's form :
 Young Thraso left the moving strains,
 And vow'd to pray before the storm.

Anon the thundering trumpet calls ;
 Vows are but wind, the hero cries ;
 Then swears by heaven, and scales the walls,
 Drops in the ditch, despairs, and dies.

BURNING several POEMS of OVID, MARTIAL,
 OLDHAM, DRYDEN, &c.

1708.

I JUDGE the Muse of lewd desire ;
 Her sons to darkness, and her works to fire.
 In vain the flatteries of their wit
 Now with a melting strain, now with an heavenly flight,
 Would

Would tempt my virtue to approve
 Those gaudy tinders of a lawless love.
 So harlots dress : They can appear
 Sweet, modest, cool, divinely fair,
 To charm a Cato's eye ; but all within,
 Stench, impudence, and fire, and ugly raging sin.

Die, Flora, die in endless shame,
 Thou prostitute of blackest fame,
 Stript of thy false array.
 Ovid, and all ye wilder pens
 Of modern lust, who gild our scenes,
 Poison the British stage, and paint damnation gay,
 Attend your mistress to the dead ;
 When Flora dies, her imps should wait upon her shade.

Strephon *, of noble blood and mind,
 (For ever shine his name !)
 As death approach'd, his soul refin'd,
 And gave his looser sonnets to the flame.
 " Burn, burn, he cry'd with sacred rage,
 " Hell is the due of every page,
 " Hell be the fate. (But O indulgent heaven !
 " So vile the Muse, and yet the man forgiven !)
 " Burn on my songs : For not the silver Thames
 " Nor Tyber with his yellow streams
 " In endless currents rolling to the main,
 " Can e'er dilute the poison, or wash out the stain."

* Earl of Rochester.

So Moses by divine command
 Forbid the leprous house to stand
 When deep the fatal spot was grown.
 "Break down the timber, and dig up the stone."

TO MRS. B. BENDISH.

AGAINST TEARS.

1699.

MADAM, persuade me tears are good
 To wash our mortal cares away;
 These eyes shall weep a sudden flood,
 And stream into a briny sea.

Or if these orbs are hard and dry,
 (These orbs that never use to rain)
 Some star direct me where to buy
 One sovereign drop for all my pain.

Were both the golden Indies mine,
 I'd give both Indies for a tear:
 I'd barter all but what's divine:
 Nor shall I think the bargain dear.

But tears, alas! are trifling things,
 They rather feed than heal our woe;
 From trickling eyes new sorrow springs,
 As weeds in rainy seasons grow.

Thus

Thus weeping urges weeping on ;
In vain our miseries hope relief,
For one drop calls another down,
Till we are drown'd in seas of grief.

Then let these useless streams be staid,
Wear native courage on your face :
These vulgar things were never made
For souls of a superior race.

If 'tis a rugged path you go,
And thousand foes your steps surround,
Tread the thorns down, charge through the foe ;
The hardest fight is highest crown'd.

FEW HAPPY MATCHES.

Aug. 1701.

SAY mighty Love, and teach my song,
To whom thy sweetest joys belong,
And who the happy pairs
Whose yielding hearts, and joining hands,
Find blessings twisted with their bands,
To soften all their cares.

Not the wild herd of nymphs and swains
That thoughtless fly into thy chains,
As custom leads the way :
If there be bliss without design,
Ivies and oaks may grow and twine,
And be as blest as they.

Not

Not fordid souls of earthy mould
Who drawn by kindred charms of gold
To dull embraces move :
So two rich mountains of Peru
May rush to wealthy marriage too,
And make a world of love.

Not the mad tribe that hell inspires
With wanton flames ; those raging fires
The purer blifs destroy :
On *Ætna's* top let Furies wed,
And sheets of lightning dress the bed
T'improve the burning joy.

Nor the dull pairs whose marble forms
None of the melting passions warms,
Can mingle hearts and hands :
Logs of green wood that quench the coals
Are marry'd just like Stoic souls,
With offers for their bands.

Not minds of melancholy strain,
Still silent, or that still complain,
Can the dear bondage bless :
As well may heavenly concerts spring
From two old lutes with ne'er a string,
Or none besides the bass.

Nor can the soft enchantments hold
Two jarring souls of angry mould,

The rugged and the keen :
 Samson's young foxes might as well
 In bonds of chearful wedlock dwell,
 With firebrands ty'd between.

Nor let the cruel fetters bind
 A gentle to a savage mind ;
 For Love abhors the fight :
 Loose the fierce tiger from the deer,
 For native rage and native fear
 Rise and forbid delight.

Two kindest souls alone must meet,
 'Tis friendship makes the bondage sweet,
 And feeds their mutual loves :
 Bright Venus on her rolling throne
 Is drawn by gentlest birds alone,
 And Cupids yoke the doves.

TO DAVID POLHILL, Esq.

AN EPISTLE.

Dec. 1702.

LET useleſs ſouls to woods retreat ;
 Polhill ſhould leave a country feat
 When virtue bids him dare be great.
 Nor Kent*, nor Suffex*, ſhould have charms,
 While liberty, with loud alarms,
 Calls you to counſels and to arms.

* His country-ſeat and dwelling.

Lewis,

Lewis, by fawning slaves ador'd,
 Bids you receive a * base-born lord;
 Awake your cares! awake your sword!
 Factions amongst the † Britons rise,
 And warring tongues, and wild surmise,
 And burning zeal without her eyes.

A vote decides the blind debate;
 Resolv'd, " 'tis of diviner weight,
 " To save the steeple, than the state."

The bold ‡ machine is form'd and join'd
 To stretch the conscience, and to bind
 The native freedom of the mind.

Your grandfire shades with jealous eye
 Frown down to see their offspring lie
 Careless, and let their country die.

If || Trevia fear to let you stand
 Against the Gaul with spear in hand,
 At least § Petition for the land.

* The Pretender, proclaim'd King in France.

† The parliament.

‡ The bill against occasional conformity, 1702.

|| Mrs. Polhill of the family of Lord Trevor.

§ Mr. Polhill was one of those five zealous gentlemen who presented the famous Kentish petition to the parliament, in the reign of King William, to hasten their supplies in order to support the King in his war with France.

The celebrated Victory of the POLES over OSMAN the
TURKISH EMPEROR in the Dacian Battle.

Translated from Casimire, B. IV. Od. 4. with large
Additions.

GADOR the old, the wealthy, and the strong,
Chearful in years (nor of the heroic Muse
Unknowing, nor unknown) held fair possessions
Where flows the fruitful Danube: Seventy springs
Smil'd on his feed, and seventy harvest-moons
Fill'd his wide granaries with autumnal joy:
Still he resum'd the toil: and fame reports,
While he broke up new ground, and tir'd his plough
In grassy furrows, the torn earth disclos'd
Helmets, and swords (bright furniture of war
Sleeping in rust) and heaps of mighty bones.
The sun descending to the western deep
Bid him lie down and rest; he loos'd the yoke,
Yet held his wearied oxen from their food
With charming numbers, and uncommon song.

Go, fellow-labourers, you may rove secure,
Or feed beside me; taste the greens and boughs
That you have long forgot; crop the sweet herb,
And graze in safety, while the victor Pole
Leans on his spear, and breathes; yet still his eye

Jealous

Jealous and fierce. How large, old soldier, say,
 How fair a harvest of the slaughter'd Turks
 Strew'd the Moldavian fields? What mighty piles
 Of vast destruction, and of Thracian dead,
 Fill and amaze my eyes? Broad bucklers lie
 (A vain defence) spread o'er the pathless hills,
 And coats of scaly steel, and hard habergeon,
 Deep-bruis'd and empty of Mahometan limbs.
 This the fierce Saracen wore, (for when a boy,
 I was their captive, and remind their dress:)
 Here the Polonians dreadful march'd along
 In august port, and regular array,
 Led on to conquest: Here the Turkish chief
 Presumptuous trod, and in rude order rang'd
 His long battalions, while his populous towns
 Pour'd out fresh troops perpetual, drest in arms,
 Horrent in mail, and gay in spangled pride.

O the dire image of the bloody fight
 These eyes have seen, when the capacious plain
 Was throng'd with Dacian spears; when polish'd helms
 And convex gold blaz'd thick against the sun
 Restoring all his beams! but frowning War
 All gloomy, like a gather'd tempest, stood
 Wavering, and doubtful where to bend its fall.

The storm of missive steel delay'd a while
 By wise command; fledg'd arrows on the nerve;
 And scymiter and sabre bore the sheath
 Reluctant; till the hollow brazen clouds
 Had bellow'd from each quarter of the field

Loud

Loud thunder, and disgorg'd their sulphurous fire.
 Then banners wav'd, and arms were mix'd with arms;
 Then javelins answer'd javelins as they fled,
 For both fled hissing death: With adverse edge
 The crooked faulchions met; and hideous noise
 From clashing shields, through the long ranks of war,
 Clang'd horrible. A thousand iron storms
 Roar diverse: and in harsh confusion drown
 The trumpet's silver sound. O rude effort
 Of harmony! not all the frozen stores
 Of the cold North, when pour'd in rattling hail,
 Lash with such madness the Norwegian plains,
 Or so torment the ear. Scarce sounds so far
 The direful fragor, when some southern blast
 Tears from the Alps a ridge of knotty oaks
 Deep fang'd, and ancient tenants of the rock:
 The massy fragment, many a rood in length,
 With hideous crash, rolls down the rugged cliff
 Resiftless, plunging in the subject lake
 Como, or Lugaine; th' afflicted waters roar,
 And various thunder all the valley fills,
 Such was the noise of war: the troubled air
 Complains aloud, and propagates the din
 To neighbouring regions; rocks and lofty hills
 Beat the impetuous echoes round the sky.

Uproar, revenge, and rage, and hate, appear
 In all their murderous forms; and flame and blood
 And sweat and dust array the broad campaign
 In horror: hasty feet, and sparkling eyes,

And

And all the savage passions of the soul,
Engage in the warm business of the day.
Here mingling hands, but with no friendly gripe,
Join in the fight; and breasts in close embrace,
But mortal as the iron arms of death.
Here words austere, of perilous command,
And valour swift t' obey; bold feats of arms
Dreadful to see, and glorious to relate,
Shine through the field with more surprising brightness
Than glittering helms or spears. What loud applause
(Best meed of warlike toil) what manly shouts,
And yells unmanly through the battle ring!
And sudden wrath dies into endless fame.

Long did the fate of war hang dubious. Here
Stood the more numerous Turk, the valiant Pole
Fought here; more dreadful, though with lesser wings.

But what the Dahets or the coward soul
Of a Cydonian, what the fearful crowds
Of base Cilicians 'scaping from the slaughter,
Of Parthian beasts, with all their racing riders,
What could they mean against th' intrepid breast
Of the pursuing foe? Th' impetuous Poles
Rush here, and here the Lithuanian horse
Drive down upon them like a double bolt
Of kindled thunder raging through the sky
On sounding wheels; or as some mighty flood
Rolls his two torrents down a dreadful steep
Precipitant, and bears along the stream

Rocks,

Rocks, woods, and trees, with all the grazing herd,
And tumbles lofty forests headlong to the plain.

The bold Borussian smoking from afar
Moves like a tempest in a dusky cloud,
And imitates th' artillery of heaven,
The lightning and the roar. Amazing scene!
What showers of mortal hail, what flaky fires
Burst from the darkness! while their cohorts firm
Met the like thunder, and an equal storm,
From hostile troops, but with a braver mind.
Undaunted bosoms tempt the edge of war,
And rush on the sharp point; while baleful mischiefs,
Deaths, and bright dangers flew across the field
Thick and continual, and a thousand souls
Fled murmuring through their wounds. I stood aloof,
For 'twas unsafe to come within the wind
Of Russian banners, when with whizzing sound,
Eager of glory, and profuse of life,
They bore down fearless on the charging foes,
And drove them backward. Then the Turkish moons
Wander'd in disarray. A dark eclipse
Hung on the silver crescent, boding night,
Long night, to all her sons: at length disrob'd
The standards fell: the barbarous ensigns torn
Fled with the wind, the sport of angry heaven:
And a large cloud of infantry and horse
Scattering in wild disorder, spread the plain.

Not noise, nor number, nor the brawny limb,
Nor high-built size prevails: 'Tis courage fights,

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H

'Tis

'Tis courage conquers. So whole forests fall
 (A spacious ruin) by one single axe,
 And steel well-sharpened : so a generous pair
 Of young-wing'd eaglets fright a thousand doves.

Vast was the slaughter, and the flowery green
 Drank deep of flowing crimson. Veteran bands
 Here made their last campaign. Here haughty chiefs
 Stretch'd on the bed of purple honour lie
 Supine, nor dream of battle's hard event,
 Oppress'd with iron slumbers, and long night.
 Their ghosts indignant to the nether world
 Fled, but attended well : for at their side
 Some faithful Janizaries strew'd the field,
 Fall'n in just ranks or wedges, lunes or squares,
 Firm as they stood ; to the Warfavian troops,
 A nobler toil, and triumph worth their fight.
 But the broad fabre and keen poll-axe flew
 With speedy terror through the feeble herd,
 And made rude havock and irregular spoil
 Amongst the vulgar bands that own'd the name
 Of Mahomet. The wild Arabians fled
 In swift affright a thousand different ways [mountains
 Through brakes and thorns, and climb'd the craggy
 Bellowing ; yet hasty fate o'ertook the cry,
 And Polish hunters clave the timorous deer.

Thus the dire prospect distant fill'd my soul
 With awe ; till the last relicks of the war,
 The thin Edonians, flying had disclos'd
 The ghastly plain : I took a nearer view,

Unseemly

Unseemly to the sight, nor to the smell
 Grateful. What loads of mangled flesh and limbs
 (A dismal carnage!) bath'd in reeking gore
 Lay weltering on the ground; while flitting life
 Convuls'd the nerves still shivering, nor had lost
 All taste of pain! Here an old Thracian lies,
 Deform'd with years and scars, and groans aloud
 Torn with fresh wounds; but inward vitals firm
 Forbid the soul's remove, and chain it down
 By the hard laws of nature, to sustain
 Long torment: his wild eye-balls roll: his teeth,
 Gnashing with anguish, chide his lingering fate.
 Emblazon'd armour spoke his high command
 Amongst the neighbouring dead; they round their lord
 Lay prostrate; some in flight ignobly slain,
 Some to the skies their faces upwards turn'd
 Still brave, and proud to die so near their prince.

I mov'd not far, and lo, at manly length
 Two beauteous youths of richest Ott'man blood
 Extended on the field: in friendship join'd,
 Nor fate divides them: hardy warriors both;
 Both faithful; drown'd in showers of darts they fell,
 Each with his shield spread o'er his lover's heart,
 In vain: for on those orbs of friendly brass
 Stood groves of javelins; some, alas, too deep
 Were planted there, and through their lovely bosoms
 Made painful avenues for cruel death.
 O my dear native land, forgive the tear
 I dropt on their wan cheeks, when strong compassion

Forc'd from my melting eyes the briny dew,
And paid a sacrifice to hostile virtue.
Dacia, forgive the fight that wish'd the souls
Of those fair infidels some humble place
Among the blest. "Sleep, sleep, ye hapless pair,
"Gently, I cry'd, worthy of better fate,
"And better faith." Hard by the General lay,
Of Saracen descent, a grizly form
Breathless, yet pride sat pale upon his front
In disappointment, with a surly brow
Louring in death, and vext; his rigid jaws
Foaming with blood bite hard the Polish spear:
In that dead visage my remembrance reads
Rash Caraccas: In vain the boasting slave
Promis'd and sooth'd the sultan threatening fierce
With royal suppers and triumphant fare
Spread wide beneath Warsovia silk and gold;
See on the naked ground all cold he lies
Beneath the damp wide covering of the air
Forgetful of his word. How heaven confounds
Insulting hopes! with what an awful smile
Laughs at the proud, that loosen all the reins
To their unbounded wishes, and leads on
Their blind ambition to a shameful end!

But whither am I borne? This thought of arms
Fires me in vain to sing to senseless bulls
What generous horse should hear. Break off, my song;
My barbarous Muse, be still: Immortal deeds
Must not be thus profan'd in rustic verse:
The martial trumpet, and the following age,

And

And growing fame, shall loud rehearse the fight
In sounds of glory. Lo, the evening-star
Shines o'er the western hill; my oxen, come,
The well-known star invites the labourer home.

TO MR. HENRY BENDYSH.

Aug. 24, 1705.

DEAR SIR,

THE following song was yours when first composed: The Muse then described the general fate of mankind, that is, to be ill matched; and now she rejoices that you have escaped the common mischief, and that your soul has found its own mate. Let this ode then congratulate you both. Grow mutually in more compleat likeness and love: Persevere, and be happy.

I persuade myself you will accept from the press what the pen more privately inscribed to you long ago; and I am in no pain lest you should take offence at the fabulous dress of this poem: Nor would weaker minds be scandalized at it, if they would give themselves leave to reflect how many divine truths are spoken by the holy writers in visions and images, parables and dreams: Nor are my wiser friends ashamed to defend it, since the narrative is grave and the moral so just and obvious.

THE INDIAN PHILOSOPHER.

Sept. 3. 1701.

WHY should our joys transform to pain?
Why gentle Hymen's filken chain

A plague of iron prove?

Bendyſh, 'tis ſtrange the charm that binds
Millions of hands, ſhould leave their minds
At ſuch a looſe from love.

In vain I fought the wonderous cauſe,
Rang'd the wide fields of nature's laws,
And urg'd the ſchools in vain;
Then deep in thought, within my breaſt
My ſoul retir'd, and ſlumber drefs'd
A bright inſtructive ſcene.

O'er the broad lands, and croſs the tide,
On fancy's airy horſe I ride,
(Sweet rapture of my mind!)
Till on the banks of Ganges flood,
In a tall ancient grove I ſtood,
For ſacred uſe deſign'd.

Hard by, a venerable prieſt,
Riſen with his God, the Sun, from reſt,
Awoke his morning ſong;
Thrice he conjur'd the murmuring ſtream;
The birth of ſouls was all his theme,
And half-divine his tongue.

“ He

“ He sang th’ eternal rolling flame,
 “ The vital mass, that fill the same
 “ Does all our minds compose :
 “ But shap’d in twice ten thousand frames ;
 “ Thence differing souls of differing names,
 “ And jarring tempers rose.

“ The mighty power that form’d the mind
 “ One mould for every two design’d,
 “ And bless’d the new-born pair :
 “ This be a match for this : (he said)
 “ Then down he sent the souls he made,
 “ To seek them bodies here :

“ But parting from their warm abode
 “ They lost their fellows on the road,
 “ And never join’d their hands :
 “ Ah cruel chance, and crossing fates !
 “ Our Eastern souls have dropt their mates
 “ On Europe’s barbarous lands.

“ Happy the youth that finds the bride
 “ Whose birth is to his own ally’d,
 “ The sweetest joy of life :
 “ But oh the crowds of wretched souls
 “ Fetter’d to minds of different moulds,
 “ And chain’d t’ eternal strife !”

Thus sang the wondrous Indian bard ;
 My soul with vast attention heard,

While Ganges ceas'd to flow :
 " Sure then (I cry'd) might I but see
 " That gentle nymph that twinn'd with me,
 " I may be happy too.
 " Some courteous angel, tell me where,
 " What distant lands this unknown fair,
 " Or distant seas detain?
 " Swift as the wheel of nature rolls
 " I'd fly, to meet, and mingle souls,
 " And wear the joyful chain."

THE HAPPY MAN.

SERENE as light, is Myron's soul,
 And active as the sun, yet steady as the pole :
 In manly beauty shines his face ;
 Every Muse, and every Grace,
 Makes his heart and tongue their seat,
 His heart profusely good, his tongue divinely sweet.
 Myron, the wonder of our eyes,
 Behold his manhood scarce begun !
 Behold the race of virtue run !
 Behold the goal of glory won !
 Nor Fame denies the merit, nor with-holds the prize ;
 Her silver trumpets his renown proclaim :
 The lands where learning never flew,
 Which neither Rome nor Athens knew,
 Surly Japan and rich Peru,
 In barbarous songs, pronounce the British hero's name.
 " Airy

“ Airy blifs (the hero cry’d)
 “ May feed the tympany of pride ;
 “ But healthy souls were never found
 “ To live on emptinefs and found.”

Lo, at his honourable feet
 Fame’s bright attendant, Wealth, appears ;
 She comes to pay obedience meet,
 Providing joys for future years ;
 Blessings with lavish hand she pours
 Gather’d from the Indian coast ;
 Not Danae’s lap could equal treasures boast,
 When Jove came down in golden showers.

He look’d and turn’d his eyes away,
 With high disdain I heard him say,
 “ Blifs is not made of glittering clay.”

Now Pomp and Grandeur court his head
 With scutcheons, arms, and ensigns spread ;
 Gay magnificence and state,
 Guards, and chariots, at his gate,
 And slaves in endless order round his table wait :
 They learn the dictates of his eyes,
 And now they fall, and now they rise,
 Watch every motion of their lord,
 Hang on his lips with most impatient zeal,
 With swift ambition seize th’ unfinish’d word,
 And the command fulfil.

Tir’d with the train that Grandeur brings,
 He dropt a tear, and pity’d kings,

Then,

Then, flying from the noisy throng,
Seeks the diversion of a song.

Musick descending on a silent cloud,
Tun'd all her strings with endless art;
By slow degrees from soft to loud
Changing the rose: The harp and flute
Harmonious join, the hero to salute,
And make a captive of his heart.
Fruits, and rich Wine, and scenes of lawless Love
Each with utmost luxury strove
To treat their favourite best;
But sounding strings, and fruits, and wine,
And lawless love, in vain combine
To make his virtue sleep, or lull his soul to rest.

He saw the tedious round, and, with a sigh,
Pronounc'd the world but vanity.

"In crowds of pleasure still I find

"A painful solitude of mind.

"A vacancy within which sense can ne'er supply.

"Hence, and be gone, ye flattering snares,

"Ye vulgar charms of eyes and ears,

"Ye unperforming promisers!

"Be all my baser passions dead,

"And base desires, by nature made

"For animals and boys:

"Man has a relish more refin'd,

"Souls are for social bliss design'd,

"Give me a blessing fit to match my mind,

"A kindred-soul to double and to share my joys."

Myrrha

Myrrha appear'd : " Serene her soul
 " And active as the sun, yet steady as the pole :
 " In softer beauties shone her face ;
 " Every Muse, and every Grace,
 " Made her heart and tongue their seat,
 " Her heart profusely good, her tongue divinely sweet :
 " Myrrha the wonder of his eyes ;"
 His heart recoil'd with sweet surprise,
 With joys unknown before :
 His soul dissolv'd in pleasing pain,
 Flow'd to his eyes, and look'd again,
 And could endure no more.
 " Enough ! (th' impatient hero cries)
 " And seiz'd her to his breast,
 " I seek no more below the skies,
 " I give my slaves the rest."

TO DAVID POLHILL, Esq.

An Answer to an infamous Satyr, called, " ADVICE
 TO A PAINTER ;" written by a nameless Author,
 against King William III, of Glorious Memory,
 1698.

SIR,

WHEN you put this satyr into my hand, you
 gave me the occasion of employing my pen to
 answer so detestable a writing ; which might be done
 much

much more effectually by your known zeal for the interest of his majesty, your counsels and your courage employed in the defence of your king and country. And since you provoked me to write, you will accept of those efforts of my loyalty to the best of kings, addressed to one of the most zealous of his subjects, by

S I R,

Your most obedient servant,

I. W.

P A R T I.

AND must the hero, that redeem'd our land,
 Here in the front of vice and scandal stand?
 The man of wondrous soul, that scorn'd his ease,
 Tempting the winters, and the faithless seas,
 And paid an annual tribute of his life
 To guard his England from the Irish knife,
 And crush the French dragoon? Must William's name,
 That brightest star that gilds the wings of fame,
 William the brave, the pious, and the just,
 Adorn these gloomy scenes of tyranny and lust?

Polhill, my blood boils high, my spirits flame;
 Can your zeal sleep! Or are your passions tame?
 Nor call revenge and darkness on the Poet's name?
 Why smoke the skies not? Why no thunders roll?
 Nor kindling lightnings blast his guilty soul?

Auda-

Audacious wretch ! to stab a monarch's fame,
 And fire his subjects with a rebel-flame ;
 To call the painter to his black designs,
 To draw our guardian's face in hellish lines :
 Painter, beware ! the monarch can be shown
 Under no shape but angels, or his own,
 Gabriel, or William, on the British throne.

}

O ! could my thought but grasp the vast design,
 And words with infinite ideas join,
 I'd rouse Apelles, from his iron sleep,
 And bid him trace the warrior o'er the deep :
 Trace him, Apelles, o'er the Belgian plain
 Fierce, how he climbs the mountains of the slain,
 Scattering just vengeance through the red campaign.
 Then dash the canvas with a flying stroke,
 Till it be lost in clouds of fire and smoke,
 And say, 'Twas thus the conqueror through the
 squadrons broke.

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Mark him again emerging from the cloud,
 Far from his troops ; there like a rock he stood
 His country's single barrier in a sea of blood.
 Calmly he leaves the pleasures of a throne,
 And his Maria weeping ; whilst alone
 He wards the fate of nations, and provokes his own :
 But heaven secures its champion ; o'er the field
 Paint hovering angels ; though they fly conceal'd,
 Each intercepts a death, and wears it on his shield.

Now, noble pencil, lead him to our isle,
 Mark how the skies with joyful lustre smile,

Then

Then imitate the glory; on the strand
 Spread half the nation, longing till he land.
 Wash off the blood, and take a peaceful teint,
 All red the warrior, white the ruler paint;
 Abroad a hero, and at home a faint.
 Throne him on high upon a shining seat,
 Lust and prophaneness dying at his feet,
 While round his head the laurel and the olive meet,
 The crowns of war and peace; and may they blow
 With flowery blessings ever on his brow.
 At his right hand pile up the English laws
 In sacred volumes; thence the monarch draws
 His wife and just commands———
 Rise, ye old sages of the British isle,
 On the fair tablet cast a reverend smile,
 And bless the piece; these statutes are your own,
 That sway the cottage, and direct the throne;
 People and prince are one in William's name,
 Their joys, their dangers, and their laws the same.

Let liberty, and right, with plumes display'd,
 Clap their glad wings around their guardian's head,
 Religion o'er the rest her starry pinions spread.
 Religion guards him; round th' imperial queen
 Place waiting virtues, each of heavenly mein;
 Learn their bright air, and paint it from his eyes;
 The just, the bold, the temperate and the wise
 Dwell in his looks; majestic, but serene;
 Sweet, with no fondness; chearful, but not vain:
 Bright, without terror; great, without disdain.

His soul inspires us what his lips command,
 And spreads his brave example through the land:
 Not so the former reigns;————
 Bend down his ear to each afflicted cry,
 Let beams of grace dart gently from his eye;
 But the bright treasures of his sacred breast
 Are too divine, too vast to be express:
 Colours must fail where words and numbers faint,
 And leave the hero's heart for thought alone to paint.

P A R T II.

NOW, Muse, pursue the satyrist again,
 Wipe off the blots of his invenom'd pen;
 Hark, how he bids the servile painter draw,
 In monstrous shapes, the patrons of our law;
 At one slight dash he cancels every name
 From the white rolls of honesty and fame;
 This scribbling wretch marks all he meets for knave,
 Shoots sudden bolts promiscuous at the base and brave,
 And with unpardonable malice sheds
 Poison and spite on undistinguish'd heads.
 Painter, forbear; or if thy bolder hand
 Dares to attempt the villains of the land,
 Draw first this poet, like some baleful star,
 With silent influence shedding civil war;
 Or factious trumpeter, whose magic sound
 Calls off the subjects to the hostile ground,
 And scatters hellish feuds the nation round.

}
 These

These are the imps of hell, that cursed tribe
That first create the plague, and then the pain describe.

Draw next above, the great ones of our isle,
Still from the good distinguishing the vile;
Seat them in pomp, in grandeur, and command,
Peeling the subjects with a greedy hand:
Paint forth the knaves that have the nation sold,
And tinge their greedy looks with fordid gold.
Mark what a selfish faction undermines
The pious monarch's generous designs,
Spoil their own native land as vipers do,
Vipers that tear their mother's bowels through.
Let great Nassau, beneath a careful crown,
Mournful in majesty, look gently down,
Mingling soft pity with an awful frown:
He grieves to see how long in vain he strove
To make us blest, how vain his labours prove
To save the stubborn land he condescends to love.

To the DISCONTENTED and UNQUIET.

Imitated partly from Casimire, B. IV. Od. 15.

VARIA, there's nothing here that's free
From wearisome anxiety:
And the whole round of mortal joys
With short possession tires and cloy:
'Tis a dull circle that we tread,
Just from the window to the bed,

We rise to see and to be seen,
 Gaze on the world awhile, and then
 We yawn, and stretch to sleep again.
 But Fancy, that uneasy guest,
 Still holds a longing in our breast :
 She finds or frames vexations still.
 Herself the greatest plague we feel,
 We take strange pleasure in our pain,
 And make a mountain of a grain,
 Assume the load, and pant and sweat
 Beneath th' imaginary weight.
 With our dear selves we live at strife,
 While the most constant scenes of life
 From peevish humours are not free ;
 Still we affect variety :
 Rather than pass an easy day,
 We fret and chide the hours away,
 Grow weary of this circling sun,
 And vex that he should ever run
 The same old track ; and still, and still
 Rise red behind yon eastern hill,
 And chide the moon that darts her light
 Through the same casement every night.

}

We shift our chambers, and our homes,
 To dwell where trouble never comes ;
 Sylvia has left the city crowd,
 Against the court exclaims aloud,
 Flies to the woods ; a hermit-saint !
 She loaths her patches, pins, and paint,

VOL. LVI.

I

Dear

cribe.

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T.

We

Dear diamonds from her neck are torn :
But Humour, that eternal thorn,
Sticks in her heart : She is hurry'd still,
'Twixt her wild passions and her will :
Haunted and hagg'd where-e'er she roves,
By purling streams, and silent groves,
Or with her furies, or her loves.

Then our own native land we hate,
Too cold, too windy, or too wet ;
Change the thick climate, and repair
To France or Italy for air ;
In vain we change, in vain we fly ;
Go, Sylvia, mount the whirling sky,
Or ride upon the feather'd wind
In vain ; if this diseased mind
Clings fast, and still sits close behind.
Faithful disease, that never fails
Attendance at her lady's side,
Over the desert or the tide,
On rolling wheels, or flying fails.

Happy the soul that virtue shows
To fix the place of her repose,
Needless to move ; for she can dwell
In her old grandfire's hall as well.
Virtue that never loves to roam,
But sweetly hides herself at home.
And easy on a native throne
Of humble turf fits gently down.

Yet should tumultuous storms arise,
And mingle earth, and seas, and skies,
Should the waves swell, and make her roll
Across the line, or near the pole,
Still she's at peace ; for well she knows
To launch the stream that duty shows,
And makes her home where'er she goes.
Bear her, ye seas, upon your breast,
Or waft her, winds, from East to West
On the soft air ; she cannot find
A couch so easy as her mind,
Nor breathe a climate half so kind.

TO JOHN HARTOPP, Esq.

(Afterwards Sir JOHN HARTOPP, Bart.)

Casimire, Book I. Ode 4. imitated.

“Vive jucundæ metuens juventæ,” &c.

July, 1700.

LIVE, my dear Hartopp, live to-day,
Nor let the sun look down and say,
“Inglorious here he lies ;”
Shake off your ease, and send your name
To immortality and fame,
By every hour that flies.

Youth's a soft scene, but trust her not :
Her airy minutes, swift as thought,

Slide off the slippery sphere ;
Moons with their months make hasty rounds,
The sun has pass'd his vernal bounds,
And whirls about the year.

Let folly dress in green and red,
And gird her waste with flowing gold,
Knit blushing roses round her head,
Alas ! the gaudy colours fade,
The garment waxes old.
Hartopp, mark the withering rose,
And the pale gold how dim it shows !

Bright and lasting bliss below
Is all romance and dream ;
Only the joys celestial flow
In an eternal stream,
The pleasures that the smiling day
With large right hand bestows,
Falsely her left conveys away,
And shuffles in our woes.
So have I seen a mother play,
And cheat her filly child,
She gave and took a toy away,
The infant cry'd and smil'd.

Airy chance, and iron fate,
Hurry and vex our mortal state,
And all the race of ills create ;
Now fiery joy, now fullen grief,
Commands the reins of human life,

The wheels impetuous roll ;
The harneſt hours and minutes ſtrive,
And days with ſtretching pinions drive-
-down fiercely on the goal.

Not half ſo faſt the galley flies
O'er the Venetian ſea,
When ſails, and oars, and labouring ſkies,
Contend to make her way.
Swift wings for all the flying hours
The God of time prepares,
The reſt lie ſtill yet in their neſt
And grow for future years,

TO THOMAS GUNSTON, Eſq.

HAPPY SOLITUDE.

Cafimire, Book IV. Ode 12. imitated.

“ Quid me latentem,” &c.

1700.

THE noiſy world complains of me
That I ſhould ſhun their ſight, and flee
Viſits, and crowds, and company.
Gunſton, the lark dwells in her neſt
Till ſhe aſcend the ſkies ;
And in my cloſet I could reſt
Till to the heavens I riſe.

I 3

Yet

Yet they will urge, " This private life
" Can never make you blest,
" And twenty doors are still at strife
" T'engage you for a guest."

Friend, should the towers of Windsor or Whitehall
Spread open their inviting gates
To make my entertainment gay;
I would obey the royal call,
But short should be my stay,
Since a diviner service waits
T'employ my hours at home, and better fill the day.

When I within myself retreat,
I shut my doors against the great;
My busy eye-balls inward roll,
And there with large survey I see
All the wide theatre of Me,
And view the various scenes of my retiring soul;
There I walk o'er the mazes I have trod,
While hope and fear are in a doubtful strife,
Whether this Opera of life
Be acted well to gain the Plaudit of my God.

There's a day hastening, ('tis an awful day!)
When the great sovereign shall at large review
All that we speak, and all we do,
The several parts we act on this wide stage of clay:
These he approves, and those he blames,
And crowns perhaps a porter, and a prince he damns.

O if the judge from his tremendous feat
 Shall not condemn what I have done,
 I shall be happy though unknown,
 Nor need the gazing rabble, nor the shouting street.

I hate the Glory, friend, that springs
 From vulgar breath, and empty sound;
 Fame mounts her upward with a flattering gale
 Upon her airy wings,
 Till Envy shoots, and Fame receives the wound:
 Then her flagging pinions fail,
 Down glory falls, and strikes the ground,
 And breaks her batter'd limbs.
 Rather let me be quite conceal'd from Fame;
 How happy I should lie
 In sweet obscurity,
 Nor the loud world pronounce my little name!
 Here I could live and die alone;
 Or if society be due
 To keep our taste of pleasure new,
 Gunston, I'd live and die with you,
 For both our souls are one.

Here we could sit and pass the hour,
 And pity kingdoms, and their kings,
 And smile at all their shining things,
 Their toys of state, and images of power;
 Virtue should dwell within our seat,
 Virtue alone could make it sweet,
 Nor is herself secure, but in a close retreat.

While she withdraws from public praise,
 Envy perhaps would cease to rail,
 Envy itself may innocently gaze
 At beauty in a vail :
 But if she once advance to light,
 Her charms are lost in Envy's fight,
 And Virtue stands the mark of universal spight.

TO JOHN HARTOPP, Esq.
 (Afterwards Sir JOHN HARTOPP, Bart.)

THE DISDAIN.

1700.

HARTOPP, I love the soul that dares
 Tread the temptations of his years
 Beneath his youthful feet :
 Fleetwood and all thy heavenly line
 Look through the stars, and smile divine
 Upon an heir so great.
 Young Hartopp knows this noble theme,
 That the wild scenes of busy life,
 The noise, th' amusements, and the strife,
 Are but the visions of the night,
 Gay phantoms of delusive light,
 Or a vexatious dream.
 Flesh is the vilest and the least
 Ingredient of our frame :
 We're born to live above the beast,
 Or quit the manly name.

Pleasures

Pleasures of sense we leave for boys ;
 Be shining dust the miser's food ;
 Let fancy feed on fame and noise,
 Souls must pursue diviner joys,
 And seize th' immortal good.

TO MITIO, MY FRIEND.

AN EPISTLE.

FORGIVE me, Mitio, that there should be any mortifying lines in the following poems inscribed to you, so soon after your entrance into that state which was designed for the compleatest happiness on earth : But you will quickly discover, that the Muse in the first poem only represents the shades and dark colours that melancholy throws upon love, and the social life. In the second, perhaps she indulges her own bright ideas a little. Yet if the accounts are but well balanced at last, and things set in a due light, I hope there is no ground for censure. Here you will find an attempt made to talk of one of the most important concerns of human nature in verse, and that with a solemnity becoming the argument. I have banished grimace and ridicule, that persons of the most serious character may read without offence. What was written several years ago to yourself is now permitted to entertain the world ; but you may assume it to yourself as a private entertainment still, while you lie concealed behind a feigned name.

THE

THE MOURNING-PIECE.

LIFE's a long tragedy : This globe the stage,
 Well fix'd and well adorn'd with strong machines,
 Gay fields, and skies, and seas : The actors many :
 The plot immense : A flight of dæmons sit
 On every sailing cloud with fatal purpose ;
 And shoots across the scenes ten thousand arrows
 Perpetual and unseen, headed with pain,
 With sorrow, infamy, disease, and death.
 The pointed plagues fly silent through the air,
 Nor twangs the bow, yet sure and deep the wound.

Dianthe acts her little part alone,
 Nor wishes an associate. Lo she glides
 Single through all the storm, and more secure ;
 Less are her dangers, and her breast receives
 The fewest darts. “ But, O my lov'd Marilla,
 “ My sister, once my friend, (Dianthe cries)
 “ How much art thou expos'd ! Thy growing soul
 “ Doubled in wedlock, multiply'd in children,
 “ Stands but the broader mark for all the mischiefs
 “ That rove promiscuous o'er the mortal stage :
 “ Children, those dear young limbs, those tenderest pieces
 “ Of your own flesh, those little other selves,
 “ How they dilate the heart to wide dimensions,
 “ And soften every fibre to improve
 “ The mother's sad capacity of pain !
 “ I mourn Fidelio too ; though heaven has chose

“ A fa-

A favourite mate for him, of all her sex
 The pride and flower : How blest the lovely pair,
 Beyond expression, if well mingled loves
 And woes well mingled could improve our bliss !
 Amidst the rugged cares of life behold
 The father and the husband ; flattering names,
 That spread his title, and enlarge his share
 Of common wretchedness. He fondly hopes
 To multiply his joys, but every hour
 Renews the disappointment and the smart.
 There not a wound afflicts the meanest joint
 Of his fair partner, or her infant-train,
 (Sweet babes !) but pierces to his inmost soul.
 Strange is thy power, O Love ! what numerous veins,
 And arteries, and arms, and hands, and eyes,
 Are link'd and fasten'd to a lover's heart,
 By strong but secret strings ! With vain attempt
 We put the Stoic on, in vain we try
 To break the ties of nature and of blood ;
 Those hidden threads maintain the dear communion
 Inviolably firm ; their thrilling motions
 Reciprocal give endless sympathy
 In all the bitters and the sweets of life.
 Thrice happy man, if pleasure only knew
 These avenues of love to reach our souls,
 And pain had never found them !

Thus sang the tuneful maid, fearful to try
 The bold experiment. Oft Daphnia came,
 And oft Narcissus, rivals of her heart,

Luring

Luring her eyes with trifles dipt in gold,
And the gay filken bondage. Firm she stood,
And bold repuls'd the bright temptation still,
Nor put the chains on; dangerous to try,
And hard to be dissolv'd. Yet rising tears
Sate on her eye-lids, while her numbers flow'd
Harmonious sorrow; and the pitying drops
Stole down her cheeks, to mourn the hapless state
Of mortal love. Love, thou best blessing sent
To soften life, and make our iron cares
Easy: But thy own cares of softer kind
Give sharper wounds: They lodge too near the heart,
Beat, like the pulse, perpetual, and create
A strange uneasy sense, a tempting pain.

Say, my companion Mitio, speak sincere,
(For thou art learned now) what anxious thoughts,
What kind perplexities tumultuous rise,
If but the absence of a day divide
Thee from thy fair beloved! Vainly smiles
The chearful sun, and night with radiant eyes
Twinkles in vain: The region of thy soul
Is darkness, till thy better star appear.
Tell me, what toil, what torment to sustain
The rolling burden of the tedious hours?
The tedious hours are ages. Fancy roves
Restless in fond inquiry, nor believes
Charissa safe: Charissa, in whose life
Thy life consists, and in her comfort thine.
Fear and surmise put on a thousand forms

Of dear disquietude, and round thine ears
 Whisper ten thousand dangers, endless woes,
 Till thy frame shudders at her fancy'd death;
 Then dies my Mitio, and his blood creeps cold
 Through every vein. Speak, does the stranger Muse
 Cast happy guesses at the unknown passion,
 Or has she fabled all? Inform me, friend,
 Are half thy joys sincere? Thy hopes fulfill'd
 Or frustrate? Here commit thy secret griefs
 To faithful ears, and be they bury'd here
 In friendship and oblivion; lest they spoil
 Thy new-born pleasures with distasteful gall.
 Nor let thine eye too greedily drink in
 The frightful prospect, when untimely death
 Shall make wild inroads on a parent's heart,
 And his dear offspring to the cruel grave
 Are dragg'd in sad succession, while his soul
 Is torn away piece-meal: Thus dies the wretch
 A various death, and frequent, ere he quit
 The theatre, and make his Exit final.

But if his dearest half, his faithful mate
 Survive, and in the sweetest saddest airs
 Of love and grief, approach with trembling hand
 To close his swimming eyes, what double pangs,
 What racks, what twinges rend his heart-strings off
 From the fair bosom of that fellow-dove
 He leaves behind to mourn? What jealous cares
 Hang on his parting soul, to think his love
 Expos'd to wild oppression, and the herd

Of

Of savage men? So parts the dying turtle
 With sobbing accents, with such sad regret
 Leaves his kind feather'd mate: The widow bird
 Wanders in lonesome shades, forgets her food,
 Forgets her life; or falls a speedier prey
 To talon'd falcons, and the crooked beak
 Of hawks athirst for blood —————

THE SECOND PART: OR,

THE BRIGHT VISION.

THUS far the Muse, in unaccustom'd mood,
 And strains unpleasing to a lover's ear,
 Indulg'd a gloom of thought; and thus she sang
 Partial; for Melancholy's hateful form
 Stood by in sable robe: The pensive Muse
 Survey'd the darksome scenes of life, and sought
 Some bright relieving glimpse, some cordial ray
 In the fair world of love: But while she gaz'd
 Delightful on the state of twin-born souls
 United, blest'd, the cruel shade apply'd
 A dark long tube, and a false tinctur'd glass
 Deceitful; blending love and life at once
 In darkness, chaos, and the common mass
 Of misery: Now Urania feels the cheat,
 And breaks the hated optic in disdain.
 Swift vanishes the sullen form, and lo
 The scene shines bright with bliss: Behold the place
 Where mischiefs never fly, cares never come

With

With wrinkled brow, nor anguish, nor disease,
 Nor malice forked-tongued. On this dear spot,
 Mitio, my love would fix and plant thy station
 To act thy part of life, serene and blest
 With the fair consort fitted to thy heart.

Sure 'tis a vision of that happy grove
 Where the first authors of our mournful race
 Liv'd in sweet partnership! one hour they liv'd,
 But chang'd the tasted bliss (imprudent pair!)
 For sin, and shame, and this waste wilderness
 Of briars, and nine hundred years of pain.
 The wishing Muse new-dresses the fair garden
 Amid this desert-world, with budding bliss,
 And ever-greens, and balms, and flowery beauties
 Without one dangerous tree: There heavenly dews
 Nightly descending shall impearl the grass
 And verdant herbage; drops of fragrant
 Sit trembling on the spires: The spicy vapours
 Rise with the dawn, and through the air diffus'd
 Salute your waking senses with perfume:
 While vital fruits with their ambrosial juice
 Renew life's purple flood and fountain, pure
 From vicious taint; and with your innocence
 Immobilize the structure of your clay.
 On this new paradise the cloudless skies
 Shall smile perpetual, while the lamp of day
 With flames unquench'd (as the fabled torch
 Of Hymen) measures out your golden hours
 Along his azure road. The nuptial moon

In

In milder rays serene, should nightly rise
Full orb'd (if heaven and nature will indulge
So fair an emblem) big with silver joys,
And still forget her wane. The feather'd choir,
Warbling their Maker's praise on early wing,
Or perch'd on evening-bough, shall join your worship,
Join your sweet vespers, and the morning song.

O sacred symphony! Hark, through the grove
I hear the sound divine! I'm all attention,
All ear, all extasy; unknown delight!
And the fair Muse proclaims the heaven below.

Not the seraphic minds of high degree
Disdain converse with men: Again returning
I see th' ethereal host on downward wing.
Lo, at the eastern gate young cherubs stand
Guardians, commission'd to convey their joys
To earthly lovers. Go, ye happy pair,
Go taste their banquet, learn the nobler pleasures
Supernal, and from brutal dregs refin'd.
Raphael shall teach thee, friend, exalted thoughts
And intellectual blifs. 'Twas Raphael taught
The patriarch of our progeny th' affairs
Of heaven: (So Milton sings, enlightened bard!
Nor miss'd his eyes, when in sublimest strain
The angel's great narration he repeats
To Albion's sons high favour'd.) Thou shalt learn
Celestial lessons from his awful tongue;
And with soft grace and interwoven loves

(Gratefa

(Grateful digression) all his words rehearse
 To thy Charissa's ear, and charm her soul.
 Thus with divine discourse, in shady bowers
 Of Eden, our first father entertain'd
 Eve his sole auditress; and deep dispute
 With conjugal careffes on her lip
 Solv'd easy, and abstrusest thoughts reveal'd.

Now the day wears apace, now Mitio comes
 From his bright tutor, and finds out his mate.
 Behold the dear associates seated low
 On humble turf, with rose and myrtle strow'd;
 But high their conference! how self-suffic'd
 Lives their eternal Maker, girt around
 With glories: arm'd with thunders; and his throne
 Mortal access forbids, projecting far
 Splendors unsufferable and radiant death.
 With reverence and abasement deep they fall
 Before his Sovereign Majesty, to pay
 Due worship: Then his mercy on their souls
 Smiles with a gentler ray, but sovereign still;
 And leads their meditation and discourse
 Long ages backward, and across the seas
 To Bethlehem of Judah: There the son,
 The filial godhead, character exprefs
 Of brightness inexpressible, laid by
 His beamy robes, and made descent to earth:
 Sprung from the sons of Adam he became
 A second father, studious to regain
 Lost paradise for men, and purchase heaven.

The lovers with indearment mutual thus
 Promiscuous talk'd, and questions intricate
 His manly judgement still resolv'd, and still
 Held her attention fix'd: she musing sat
 On the sweet mention of incarnate love,
 Till rapture wak'd her voice to softest strains.
 " She sang the Infant God; (mysterious theme!)
 " How vile his birth-place, and his cradle vile!
 " The ox and ass his mean companions; there
 " In habit vile the shepherds flock around,
 " Saluting the great mother, and adore
 " Israel's anointed King, the appointed heir
 " Of the creation. How debas'd he lies
 " Beneath his regal state; for thee, my Mitio,
 " Debas'd in servile form; but angels stood
 " Ministering round their charge with folded wings
 " Obsequious, though unseen; while lightsome hours
 " Fulfill'd the day, and the grey evening rose.
 " Then the fair guardians hovering o'er his head
 " Wakeful all night, drive the foul spirits far,
 " And with their fanning pinions purge the air
 " From busy phantoms, from infectious damps,
 " And impure taint; while their ambrosial plumes
 " A dewy slumber on his senses shed.
 " Alternate hymns the heavenly watchers sung
 " Melodious, soothing the surrounding shades,
 " And kept the darkness chaste and holy. Then
 " Midnight was charm'd, and all her gazing eyes
 " Wonder'd to see their mighty Maker sleep.
 " Behold the glooms disperse, the rosy morn

" Smiles

"Smiles in the East with eye-lids opening fair,
 "But not so fair as thine; O I could fold Thee,
 "My young Almighty, my Creator-Babe,
 "For ever in these arms! For ever dwell
 "Upon thy lovely form with gazing joy,
 "And every pulse should beat seraphic love!
 "Around my feat should crouching cherubs come
 "With swift ambition, zealous to attend
 "Their prince, and form a heaven below the sky.

"Forbear, Charissa, O forbear the thought
 "Of female-fondness, and forgive the man
 "That interrupts such melting harmony!"
 Thus Mitio; and awakes her nobler powers
 To pay just worship to the sacred King,
 Jesus, the God; nor with devotion pure
 Mix the caresses of her softer sex;
 (Vain blandishment!) "Come, turn thine eyes aside
 "From Bethlehem, and climb up the doleful steep
 "Of bloody Calvary, where naked skulls
 "Pave the sad road, and fright the traveller.
 "Can my Beloved bear to trace the feet
 "Of her Redeemer panting up the hill
 "Hard burden'd? Can thy heart attend his cross?
 "Nail'd to the cruel wood, he groans, he dies,
 "For thee he dies. Beneath thy sins and mine
 "(Horrible load!) the sinful Saviour groans,
 "And in fierce anguish of his soul expires.
 "Adoring angels pry with bending head
 "Searching the deep contrivance, and admire

" This infinite design. Here peace is made
 " 'Twixt God the Sovereign, and the rebel man:
 " Here Satan overthrown with all his hosts
 " In second ruin rages and despairs;
 " Malice itself despairs. The captive prey
 " Long held in slavery hopes a sweet release,
 " And Adam's ruin'd offspring shall revive
 " Thus ransom'd from the greedy jaws of death."

The fair disciple heard; her passions move
 Harmonious to the great discourse, and breathe
 Refin'd devotion: while new smiles of love
 Repay her teacher. Both with bended knees
 Read o'er the covenant of eternal life
 Brought down to men; seal'd by the sacred Three
 In heaven; and seal'd on earth with God's own blood.
 Here they unite their names again, and sign
 Those peaceful articles. (Hail, blest co-heirs
 Celestial! Ye shall grow to manly age,
 And, spite of earth and hell, in season due
 Possess the fair inheritance above.)
 With joyous admiration they survey
 The gospel treasures infinite, unseen
 By mortal eye, by mortal ear unheard,
 And unconceiv'd by thought: Riches divine
 And honours which the Almighty Father God
 Pour'd with immense profusion on his Son,
 High treasurer of heaven. The Son bestows
 The life, the love, the blessing, and the joy
 On bankrupt mortals who believe and love

His name. "Then, my Charissa, all is thine.
 "And thine, my Mitio, the fair faint replies.
 "Life, death, the world below, and worlds on high,
 "And place, and time, are ours; and things to come,
 "And past, and present; for our interest stands
 "Firm in our mystic head, the title sure.
 "'Tis for our health and sweet refreshment, (while
 "We sojourn strangers here) the fruitful earth
 "Bears plenteous; and revolving seasons still
 "Dress her vast globe in various ornament.
 "For us this chearful sun and chearful light
 "Diurnal shine. This blue expanse of sky
 "Hangs a rich canopy above our heads,
 "Covering our slumbers, all with starry gold
 "Inwrought, when night alternates her return.
 "For us time wears his wings out: Nature keeps
 "Her wheels in motion: and her fabrick stands.
 "Glories beyond our ken of mortal sight
 "Are now preparing, and a mansion fair
 "Awaits us, where the saints unbody'd live.
 "Spirits releas'd from clay, and purg'd from sin:
 "Thither our hearts with most incessant wish
 "Panting aspire; when shall that dearest hour
 "Shine and release us hence, and bear us high,
 "Bear us at once unsever'd to our better home?"

O blest connubial state! O happy pair,
 Eavy'd by yet unfociated souls
 Who seek their faithful twins! Your pleasures rise
 Sweet as the morn, advancing as the day,

Fervent as glorious noon, serenely calm
 As summer-evenings. The vile sons of earth
 Groveling in dust with all their noisy jars
 Restless, shall interrupt your joys no more
 Than barking animals affright the moon
 Sublime, and riding in her midnight way.
 Friendship and love shall undistinguish'd reign
 O'er all your passions with unrival'd sway
 Mutual and everlasting : Friendship knows
 No property in good, but all things common
 That each possesses, as the light or air
 In which we breathe and live : There's not one thought
 Can lurk in close reserve, no barriers fix'd,
 But every passage open as the day
 To one another's breast, and inmost mind.
 Thus by communion your delight shall grow,
 Thus streams of mingled bliss swell higher as they flow,
 Thus angels mix their flames, and more divinely glow. }

THE THIRD PART: OR,

THE ACCOUNT BALANCED.

SHOULD sovereign love before me stand,
 With all his train of pomp and state,
 And bid the daring Muse relate
 His comforts and his cares ;
 Mitio, I would not ask the sand
 For metaphors t' express their weight,
 Nor borrow numbers from the stars.

Thy

Thy cares and comforts, sovereign Love,
Vastly out-weigh the sand below,
And to a larger audit grow
Than all the stars above.

Thy mighty losses and thy gains
Are their own mutual measures ;
Only the man that knows thy pains
Can reckon up thy pleasures.

Say, Damon, say, how bright the scene,
Damon is half-divinely blest,
Leaning his head on his Florella's breast,
Without a jealous thought, or busy care between :
Then the sweet passions mix and share ;
Florella tells thee all her heart,

Nor can thy soul's remotest part
Conceal a thought or wish from the beloved fair.

Say, what a pitch thy pleasures fly,
When friendship all-sincere grows up to ecstacy,
Nor self contracts the bliss, nor vice pollutes the joy.

While thy dear offspring round thee sit,
Or sporting innocently at thy feet

Thy kindest thoughts engage :
Those little images of thee,
What pretty toys of youth they be,
And growing props of age !

But short is earthly bliss ! The changing wind
Blows from the sickly South, and brings
Malignant fevers on its sultry wings,
Relentless death sits close behind ;

Now gasping infants, and a wife in tears,
With piercing groans salutes his ears,
Through every vein the thrilling torments roll;
While sweet and bitter are at strife
In those dear miseries of life,
Those tenderest pieces of his bleeding soul.
The pleasing sense of love awhile
Mixt with the heart-ake may the pain beguile,
And make a feeble fight:
Till sorrows like a gloomy deluge rise,
Then every smiling passion dies,
And hope alone with wakeful eyes
Darkling and solitary waits the slow-returning light.

Here then let my ambition rest,
May I be moderately blest
When I the laws of Love obey:
Let but my pleasure and my pain
In equal balance ever reign,
Or mount by turns and sink again,
And share just measures of alternate sway.
So Damon lives, and ne'er complains;
Scarce can we hope diviner scenes
On this dull stage of clay:
The tribes beneath the northern Bear
Submit to darkness half the year,
Since half the year is day.

On the DEATH of the DUKE of GLOUCESTER,
just after Mr. DRYDEN.

AN EPIGRAM.

1700.

DRYDEN is dead, Dryden alone could sing
The full-grown glories of a future king.
Now Gloster dies : Thus lesser heroes live
By that immortal breath that Poets give ;
And scarce revive the Muse : But William stands,
Nor asks his honours from the Poet's hands,
William shall shine without a Dryden's praise,
His laurels are not grafted on the bays.

AN EPIGRAM OF MARTIAL TO CIRINUS.

“ Sic tua, Cirini, promas Epigrammata vulgo
“ Ut mecum possis,” &c.

INSCRIBED TO MR. JOSIAH HORTE.

Lord Bishop of KILMORE* in IRELAND.

1694.

SO smooth your numbers, friend, your verse so sweet,
So sharp the jest, and yet the turn so neat,
That with her Martial Rome would place Cirine,
Rome would prefer your sense and thought to mine.
Yet modest you decline the public stage,
To fix your friend alone amidst th' applauding age,

* Afterwards Archbishop of Tuam.

So Maro did; the mighty Maro sings
 In vast heroic notes of vast heroic things,
 And leaves the ode to dance upon his Flaccus' strings.
 He scorn'd to daunt the dear Horatian lyre,
 Though his brave genius flash'd Pindaric fire,
 And at his will could silence all the Lyric quire.
 So to his Varius he resign'd the praise
 Of the proud buskin and the tragic bays,
 When he could thunder with a loftier vein,
 And sing of Gods and Heroes in a bolder strain.

A handsome treat, a piece of gold, or so,
 And compliments will every friend bestow;
 Rarely a Virgil, a Cirine we meet,
 Who lays his laurels at inferior feet,
 And yields the tenderest point of honour, Wit.

E P I S T O L A

Fratri suo dilecto R. W. I. W. S. P. D.

RURSUM tuas, amande, frater, accepi literas,
 eodem fortassè momento, quo meæ ad te pervene-
 runt; idemque qui te scribentem vidit dies, meum ad
 epistolare munus excitavit calamus; non inane est inter
 nos Fraternum Nomen, unicus enim spiritus nos intus
 animat, agitque, & concordēs in ambobus efficit motus:
 O utinam crescat indies, & vigescat mutua charitas;
 faxit Deus, ut amor sui nostra incendat & defæcet pec-
 tora, tunc etenim & alternis puræ amicitiae flammis

erga

erga nos invicem divinum in modum ardebimus; Con-
templemur Jesum nostrum, cœleste illud & adorandum
exemplar charitatis. Ille est,

QUI quondam æthero delapsus ab æthere vultus
Induit humanos, ut possiet corpore nostras
(Heu miseras) sufferre vices; sponsoris obivit
Munia, & in sese Tabulæ maledicta Minacis
Transtulit, et sceleris pœnas hominisque reatum,

Ecce jacet desertus humi, diffusus in herbam
Integer, innocuas versus sua fidera palmas
Et placidum attollens vultum, nec ad oscula Patris
Amplexus solitosve: Artus nudatus amictu
Sidereos, et sponte finum patefactus ad iras
Numinis armati. Pater, hic insige * sagittas,
"Hæc, ait, iratum sorbebunt pectora ferrum,
"Abluat æthereus mortalia crimina sanguis."

Dixit, & horrendum fremuere tonitrua cœli
Inferusque Deus, (quem jam posuisse paternum
Musa queri vellet nomen, sed & ipsa fragores
Ad tantos pevesacta filet.) Jam dissilit æther,
Pandunturque fores, ubi duro carcere regnat,
Ira, et pœnarum thesauros mille coerces,
Inde ruunt gravidæ vesano sulphure nimbi,
Centuplicisque volant contorta volumina flammæ.
In caput immeritum; diro hic sub pondere pressus

* Job iv. 6.

Restat

Restat, compressos dumque ardens explicat artus

* Purpureo vestes tinctæ sudore madescunt.

Nec tamen infando Vindex Regina labori

Segniùs incumbit, sed lassos increpat ignes

Acriter, & somno languentem fuscitat † enssem :

“ Surge, age, divinum pete pectus, & imbue sacro

“ Flumine mucronem ; Vos hinc, mea spicula, latè

“ Ferrea per totum dispergite tormina Christum,

“ Immensum tolerare valet ; ad pondere pœnæ

“ Sustentanda hominem suffulciet incola Numen.

“ Et tu sacra Decas Legum, violata tabella,

“ Ebibe vindictam ; vastâ fatiabere cæde,

“ Mortalis culpæ pensabit dedecus ingens

“ Permissus Deitate Cruor.” —————

Sic fata, immiti contorquet vulnera dextrâ
 Dilaniatque sinus ; sancti penetralia cordis
 Panduntur, sævis avidas dolor involat alis,
 Atque audax mentem scrutator, & ilia mordet ;
 Intereà servator † ovat, victorque doloris
 Eminent, illustri § perfusus membra cruore,
 Exultatque miser fieri ; nam fortiùs illum
 Urget Patris Honos, & non vincenda voluptas
 Servandi miseros fontes ; O nobilis ardor
 Pœnarum ! O quid non mortalia pectora cogis
 Durus amor ? Quid non cœlestia ?

* Luke xxii. 44.

† Zech. xiii. 7.

‡ Col. ii. 15.

§ Luke xxii. 24.

At subsidat phantasia, vanescant imagines; nescio quo
me proripuit amens Musa: Volui quatuor linias pedi-
bus astringere, & ecce! numeri crescunt in immensum;
damque concitato genio laxavi fræna, vereor ne juve-
nilis impetus theologium læserit, & audax nimis ima-
ginatio. Heri adlata est ad me epistola indicans matrem
meliusculè se habere, licet ignis febrilis non prorsus de-
seruit mortale ejus domicilium. Plura volui, sed tur-
gidi & crescentes versus noluère plura, & coarctârunt
scriptionis limites. Vale amice frater, & in studio pie-
tatis & artis medicæ strenuus decurre.

Datum à Museo meo Londini xvto Kalend. Febr.

Anno Salutis c1c1cxcxci11.

Fratri E. W. olim navigaturo.

Sept. 30, 1691.

IFELIX, pede prospero
I frater, trabe pineâ
Sulces æquora cœrula
Pandas carbasa flatibus
Quæ tutò reditura sint.
Non te monstra natantia
Ponti carnivoræ incolæ
Prædentur rate naufragâ.

Navis,

Navis, tu tibi creditum
 Fratrem dimidium mei
 Salvum fer per inhospita
 Ponti regna, per avios
 Tractus, & liquidum chaos.
 Nec te forbeat horrida
 Syrtis, nec scopulus minax
 Rumpat roborem latus.
 Captent mitia flamina
 Antennæ; & zephyri leves
 Dent portum placidum tibi.

Tu, qui flumina, qui vagos
 Fluctus oceani regis,
 Et sævum boream domas.
 Da fratri faciles vias,
 Et fratrem reducem suis.

Ad Reverendum Virum

Dm JOHANNEM PINHORNE,

Fidum Adolescentiæ meæ Præceptorem.

Pindarici Carminis Specimen.

1694.

ET te, Pinhorni, Musa Trifantica
 Salutât, ardens discipulam tuam
 Gratè fateri: nunc Athenas,
 Nunc Latias per amœnitates
 Tutò pererrans te recolit ducem,
 Te quondam teneros & Ebraia per aspera gressus
 Non durâ duxisse manu.

Tuo

Tuo pateſcunt lumine Theſpii
Campi atque ad arcem Pieridœn iter :

En altus aſurgens Homerus

Arma deosque viroſque miſcens

Occupat æthereum Parnaffi culmen : Homeri

Immenſos ſtupeo manes——

Te, Maro, dulcè canens ſylvas, te bella ſonantem

Ardua, da veniam tenui venerare camœnâ ;

Tuæque accipias, Thebane vates,

Debita Thura Lyræ.

Vobis, magna trias ! clariffima nomina ſemper

Scrinia noſtra patent, & pectora noſtra patebunt,

Quum mihi cunque levem conceſſerit otia & horam

Divina Moſis pagina.

Flaccus ad hanc triadem ponatur, at ipſa pudendas

Deponat veneres : venias ſed * “ purus & inſons

“ Ut te collaudem, dum ſordes & mala luſtra”

Ablutus, Venuſine, canis rideſſe. Recifa

Hæc lege accedant ſatyra Juvænalis, amari

Terrores vitiorum. At longè cæcus abeſſet

Perſius, obſcuros vates, niſi lumina circum-

fuſa forent, ſphingisque ænigmata, Bonde, ſcidiffes.

Grande ſonans Senecæ fulmen, grandisque cothurni

Pompa Sophoclei celſo ponantur eodem

Ordine, & ambabus ſimul hos amplectar in ulnis.

Tutò, Poetæ, tutò habitabitis

Pictos abacos : improba tineæ

* Horat. Lib. I. Sat. 6.

Obiit, nec audat sæva castas
 Attingere blatta camœnas.
 At tu renidens fœda epigrammatum
 Farrago inertùm, stercoreis impii
 Sentina foetens, Martialis,
 In barathrum relegandus imum
 Aufuge, & hinc tecum rapias Catullum
 Infulsè mollem, naribus, auribus
 Ingrata castis carmina, & improbi
 Spurcos Nasonis amores.

Nobilis extremâ gradiens Caledonis ab arâ
 En Buchananus adest. Divini psaltis imago
 Jessiadæ salveto; potens seu numinis iras
 Fulminibus miscere, sacro vel lumine mentis
 Fugare noctes, vel citharæ sono
 Sedare fluctus pectoris.
 Tu mihi hærebis comes ambulanti,
 Tu domi astabis socius perennis,
 Seu levi mensæ simul affidere
 Dignabere, seu lecticæ.
 Mox recumbentis vigilans ad aurem
 Aureos suadebis inire somnos
 Sacra sopitis superinferens ob-

livia curis,

Stet juxtâ * Casimirus, huic nec parciùs ignem
 Natura indulfit nec Musa armavit alumnum

* Sarbivium rudiore lyrâ.

* M. Casimirus, Sarbiewski Poeta insignis Polonis.

Quanta

Quanta Polonum levat aura cygnum !

* Humana linquens (en sibi devii
Montes recedunt) luxuriantibus

Spatiatur in aëre pennis.

Seu tu fortè virum tollis ad æthera,
Cognatosve thronos & patrium polum

Vifurus confurgis ovans,

Vifum fatigas, aciemque fallis,

Dum tuum à longè stupeo volatum

O non imitabilis ales.

Sarbivii ad nomen gelida incalet

Musa, fimul totus fervere

Sentio, stellatas levis induor

Alas & tollor in altum.

Jam juga Zionis radens pede

Elato inter sidera radens vertice

Longè despecto mortaia.

Quam juvat altisonis volitare per æthera pennis,

Et ridere procul fallacia gaudia sæcli

Terrellæ grandia inania,

Quæ mortale genus (heu male) deperit.

O curas hominum miseras ! Cano,

Et miseras nugas diademata !

Ventosæ fortis ludibrium.

En mihi subsidunt terrenæ à pectore fæces,

Gestit & effrænis divinum effundere carmen

Mens afflata Deo —————

* Lib. ii. Ode V.

VOL. LVI.

L

—at

————— at vos heroes & arma
Et procul este Dii, ludicra numina.
Quid mihi cum vestræ pondere lanceæ,
Pallas ! aut vestris, Dyonyse, Thyrsis ?
Et Clava, & Anguis, & Leo, & Hercules,
Et brutum tonitru fictitii Patris,
Abstate à carmine nostro.

Te, Deus Omnipotens ! te nostra sonabit Jesu
Musa, nec assueto cœlestes barbiton ausû
Tentabit numeros. Vasti sine limite numen &
Immensum sine lege deum numeri sine lege sonabunt.

Sed musam magna pollicentem destituit vigor ; Di-
vino jubare perstringitur oculorum acies. En labascit
pennis, tremit artubus, ruit deorsum per inane ætheris,
jacet victa, obstupefcit, filet.

Ignoscas, reverende vir, vano conamini ; fragmen
hoc rude licet & impolitum æqui boni consulas, &
gratitudinis jam diu debitæ in partem reponas.

Votum,

Votum, seu Vita in terris beata.

Ad virum dignissimum

JOHANNEM HARTOPPIUM, Bartum.

1702.

HARTOPPI eximio stemmate nobilis

Venaque ingenii divite, si roges

Quem mea Musa beat,

Ille mihi felix ter & ampliùs,

Et similes superis annos agit

“ Qui sibi sufficiens semper adest sibi.”

Hunc longè à curis mortalibus

Inter agros, sylvasque silentes

Se musisque suis tranquillâ in pace fruentem

Sol oriens videt & recumbens.

Non suæ vulgi favor insolentis

(Plausus infani tumidus popelli)

Mentis ad sacram penetrabit arcem,

Feriat licèt æthera clamor.

Nec gaza flammans divitis Indiæ,

Nec, Tâge, vestra fulgor arenulæ

Ducent ab obscurâ quiete

Ad laquear radiantis aulæ.

O si daretur stamina proprii

Tractare fusi pollice proprio,

L 2

Atque

Atque meum mihi fingere fatum ;
Candidus vitæ color innocentis
Fila nativo decoraret albo
Non Tyriâ vitiata conchâ.

Non aurum, non gemma nitens, nec purpura telæ
Intertexta forent invidiosa meæ.
Longè à triumphis, & sonitu tubæ
Longè remotos transigerem dies :
Abstinate fasces (splendida vanitas)
Et vos abstinate, coronæ.

Pro meo tecto casa sit, salubres
Captet Auroras, procul urbis atro
Distet à fumo, fugiatque longè
Dura phthisis mala, dura tussis.
Displicet Byrsa & fremitu molesto
Turba mercantûm ; gratiùs alvear
Demulcet aures murmure, gratius
Fons salientis aquæ.

Litigiosa fori me terrent jurgia, lenes
Ad sylvas properans rixosas execror artes
Eminus in tuto à linguis———
Blandimenta artis simul æquus odi,
Valete, cives, & amœna fraudis
Verba ; proh mores ! & inane sacri
Nomen amici !

Tuque quæ nostris inimica musis
Felle sacratum vitias amorem,
Absis æternùm, diva libidinis
Et pharetrate puer !

Hinc,

Hinc, hinc, Cupido, longiùs avola?
 Nil mihi cum fœdis, puer, ignibus;
 Æthereâ fervent face pectora,
 Sacra mihi Venus est Urania,
 Et juvenis Jēssæus amor mihi.

Cœlede carmen (nec taceat lyra
 Jēssæa) lætis auribus insonet,
 Nec Watfianis è medullis

Ulla dies rapiet vel hora.
 Sacri libelli, deliciæ meæ,
 Et vos, sodales, semper amabiles,
 Nunc simul adfitis, nunc vicissim,
 Et fallite tædia vitæ.

To Mrs. SINGER, afterwards Mrs. ROWE.

On the Sight of some of her divine Poems, never
 printed.

July 19, 1706.

ON the fair banks of gentle Thames
 I tun'd my harp; nor did celestial themes
 Refuse to dance upon my strings:
 There beneath the evening sky
 I sung my cares asleep, and rais'd my wishes high
 To everlasting things.

L 3

Sudden

Sudden from Albion's western coast
Harmonious notes come gliding by,
The neighbouring shepherds knew the silver sound;
" 'Tis Philomela's voice, the neighbouring shepherds
cry ;"

At once my strings all silent lie,
At once my fainting Muse was lost,
In the superior sweetness drown'd.
In vain I bid my tuneful powers unite ;
My soul retir'd, and left my tongue,
I was all ear, and Philomela's song
Was all divine delight.

Now be my harp for ever dumb,
My Muse attempt no more. 'Twas long ago
I bid adieu to mortal things,
To Grecian tales, and wars of Rome,
'Twas long ago I broke all but th' immortal strings :
Now those immortal strings have no employ,
Since a fair angel dwells below,
To tune the notes of heaven, and propagate the joy.
Let all my powers with awe profound
While Philomela sings,
Attend the rapture of the sound,
And my devotion rise on her seraphic wings.

STANZAS

STANZAS TO LADY SUNDERLAND,

AT TUNBRIDGE WELLS.

1712.

FAIR Nymph, ascend to Beauty's throne,
And rule that radiant world alone :

Let favourites take thy lower sphere,
Not Monarchs are thy rival here.

The Court of Beauty, built sublime,
Defies all powers but thine and Time :
Envy, that clouds the hero's sky,
Aims but in vain her flight so high.

Not Blenheim's field, nor Ister's flood,
Nor standards dy'd in Gallic blood,
Torn from the foe, add nobler grace
To Churchill's house, than Spencer's face.

The warlike thunder of his arms
Is more commanding than her charms
His lightning strikes with less surprise
Than sudden glances from her eyes.

His captives feel their limbs confin'd
In iron; she enslaves the mind :
We follow with a pleasing pain,
And bless the conqueror and the chain.

The Muse, that dares in numbers do
What paint and pencil never knew,
Faints at her presence in despair,
And owns th' inimitable Fair.

End of the Second Book.

H O R Æ L Y R I C Æ.

B O O K III.

SACRED TO THE MEMORY OF THE DEAD.

AN EPITAPH ON KING WILLIAM III.
OF GLORIOUS MEMORY.

Who died March the 8th, 1701.

BENEATH these honours of a tomb,
Greatness in humble ruin lies :

(How earth confines in narrow room
What heroes leave beneath the skies !)

Preserve, O venerable pile,
Inviolatè thy sacred trust ;
To thy cold arms the British isle,
Weeping, commits her richest dust.

Ye gentlest ministers of Fate,
Attend the monarch as he lies,
And bid the softest Slumbers wait
With silken cords to bind his eyes.

Rest

E. Rest his dear Sword beneath his head;
Round him his faithful Arms shall stand:
Fix his bright Ensigns on his bed,
The guards and honours of our land.

Ye sifter arts of Paint and Verse,
Place Albion fainting by his side,
Her groans arising o'er the hearse,
And Belgia sinking when he dy'd.

D. High o'er the grave Religion set
In solemn gold; pronounce the ground
Sacred, to bar unhallow'd feet,
And plant her guardian Virtues round.

III. Fair Liberty in fables drest,
Write his lov'd name upon his urn,
"William, the scourge of tyrants past,
"And awe of princes yet unborn."

Sweet Peace his sacred relicks keep,
With olives blooming round her head,
And stretch her wings across the deep
To bless the nations with the shade.

Stand on the pile, immortal Fame,
Broad stars adorn thy brightest robe,
Thy thousand voices sound his name
In silver accents round the globe.

Flattery shall faint beneath the sound,
While hoary Truth inspires the song;
Envy grow pale and bite the ground,
And Slander gnaw her forked tongue.

Rest
Night

Night and the grave remove your gloom;
 Darknefs becomes the vulgar dead;
 But glory bids the royal tomb
 Difdain the horrors of a fhade.

Glory with all her lamps fhall burn,
 And watch the warrior's fleeping clay,
 Till the laft trumpet rouse his urn
 To aid the triumphs of the day.

On the fudden DEATH of Mrs. MARY PEACOCK.

An Elegiac Song fent in a Letter of Condolance to
 Mr. N. P. Merchant, at Amfterdam.

HARK! She bids all her friends adieu;
 Some angel calls her to the fpheres;
 Our eyes the radiant faint purfue
 Through liquid telescopes of tears.

Farewell, bright foul, a fhort farewell,
 Till we fhall meet again above
 In the fweet groves where pleasures dwell,
 And trees of life bear fruits of love:

There glory fits on every face,
 There friendship fmiles in every eye,
 There fhall our tongues relate the grace
 That led us homeward to the fky.

O'er all the names of Christ our King
 Shall our harmonious voices rove,
 Our harps shall sound from every string
 The wonders of his bleeding Love.

Come, sovereign Lord, dear Saviour, come,
 Remove these separating days,
 Send thy bright wheels to fetch us home;
 That golden hour, how long it stays!

How long must we lie lingering here,
 While saints around us take their flight?
 Smiling, they quit this dusky sphere,
 And mount the hills of heavenly light.

Sweet soul, we leave thee to thy rest,
 Enjoy thy Jesus and thy God,
 Till we, from bands of clay releas'd,
 Spring out, and climb the shining road.

While the dear dust she leaves behind
 Sleeps in thy bosom, sacred tomb!
 Soft be her bed, her slumbers kind,
 And all her dreams of joy to come.

EPI.

EPITAPHIUM Viri Venerabilis
Dom. N. MATHER,

Carminè Lapidario conscriptum.

M. S.

Reverendi admodum Viri
NATHANAELIS MATHERI.

QUOD mori potuit hic subtus depositum est,
Si quæris, hospes, quantus et qualis fuit,
Fidas enarrabit lapis.

Nomen à familiâ duxit
Sanctioribus studiis & evangelio devotâ,
Et per utramque Angliam celebri,
Americanum sc. atque Europæam.
Et hinc quoque in sancti ministerii spem educus
Non fallacem :

Et hunc utraque novit Anglia
Doctum & docentem.
Corpore fuit procero, formâ placidè verendâ;
At supra corpus & formam sublimè eminuerunt
Indoles, ingenium, atque eruditio :
Supra hæc pietas, & (si fas dicere)
Supra pietatem modestia,
Cæteras enim dotes obumbravit.
Quoties in rebus divinis peragendis
Divinitas afflatæ mentis specimina
Præstantiora edidit,
Toties hominem sedulus occuluit
Ut solus conspiceretur Deus :

Voluit

Voluit totus latere, nec potuit ;
Heu quantum tamen sui nos latet !

Et majorem laudis partem sepulchrale marmor
Invita obruit silentio.

Gratiam Jesu Christi salutiferam
Quam abundè hausit ipse, aliis propinavit,
Puram ab humanâ fæce.

Veritatis evangelicæ decus ingens,
Et ingens propugnaculum.

Concionatur gravis aspectu, gestu, voce ;
Cui nec aderat pompa oratoria,
Nec deerat ;

Flosculos rhetorices supervacaneos fecit
Rerum dicendarum Majestas, & Deus præsens.

Hinc arma militiæ suæ non infelicia,
Hinc toties fugatus Satan.

Et hinc victoriæ

Ab inferorum portis toties reportatæ.

Solers ille ferreis impiorum animis insigere
Altum & salutare vulnus :

Vulneratas idem tractare leniter solers,
Et medelam adhibere magis salutarem.

Ex defæcato cordis fonte

Divinis eloquiis affatim scatebant labia,

Etiam in familiari contubernio :

Spirabat ipse undique cœlestes suavitates,
Quasi oleo lætitiæ semper recens delibutus,

Et semper supra socios ;

Gratumque dilectissimi sui Jesu odorem

Quaquaversus & latè diffudit.

Dolores

Dolores tolerans supra fidem,
 Ærumnæque heu quam assiduæ!
 Inviſto animo, victrice patientiâ
 Varias curarum moles pertulit
 Et in ſtadio & in metâ vitæ:
 Quam ubi propinquam vidit
 Plerophoriâ fidei quaſi curru alato veſtus
 Properè & exultim attigit.
 Natus eſt in agro Lancaſtriænſi 20^o Martii, 1630.
 Inter Nov-Anglos theologiæ tyrocinia fecit.
 Paſtorali munere diu Dublinii in Hibernia functus,
 Tandem (ut ſemper) providentiam ſecutus ducem,
 Cœtui fidelium apud Londinenſes præpoſitus eſt,
 Quos doctrinâ precibus, & vita beavit:
 Ah brevi!
 Corpore ſolutus 26^o Julii, 1697. Ætat. 67.
 Eccleſiis mœrorem, theologis exemplar reliquit.
 Probiſ piisquæ omnibus
 Infandum fui deſiderium:
 Dum pulvis Chriſto charus hic dulcè dormit
 Expectans ſtellam matutinam.

To the Reverend Mr. JOHN SHOWER, on the Death
 of his Daughter Mrs. ANNE WARNER.

Reverend and dear Sir,

HOW great ſoever was my ſenſe of your loſs, yet I
 did not think myſelf fit to offer any lines of com-
 fort: your own meditations can furniſh you with many
 a de-

a delightful truth in the midst of so heavy a sorrow; for the covenant of grace has brightness enough in it to gild the most gloomy providence; and to that sweet covenant your soul is no stranger. My own thoughts were much impress'd with the tidings of your daughter's death; and though I made many a reflection on the vanity of mankind in its best estate, yet I must acknowledge that my temper leads me most to the pleasant scenes of heaven, and that future world of blessedness. When I recollect the memory of my friends that are dead, I frequently rove into the world of spirits, and search them out there: Thus I endeavoured to trace Mrs. Warner; and these thoughts crouding fast upon me, I set them down for my own entertainment. The verse breaks off abruptly, because I had no design to write a finished elegy; and besides, when I was fallen upon the dark side of death, I had no mind to tarry there. If the lines I have written be so happy as to entertain you a little, and divert your grief, the time spent in composing them shall not be reckoned among my lost hours, and the review will be more pleasing to,

S I R,

Your affectionate humble servant,

I. W.

December 22, 1707.

An

AN ELEGIAC THOUGHT ON MRS. ANNE WARNER,
 who died of the Small-Pox, December 18, 1707,
 at One of the Clock in the Morning ; a few Days
 after the Birth and Death of her first Child.

AWAKE, my Muse, range the wide world of souls,
 And seek Venera fled ; With upward aim
 Direct thy wing ; for she was born from heaven,
 Fulfill'd her visit, and return'd on high.

The midnight watch of angels, that patrol
 The British sky, have notic'd her ascent
 Near the meridian star ; pursue the track
 To the bright confines of immortal day
 And paradise, her home. Say, my Urania,
 (For nothing scapes thy search, nor canst thou miss
 So fair a spirit) say, beneath what shade
 Of Amaranth, or chearful Ever-green,
 She sits, recounting to her kindred-minds
 Angelic or humane, her mortal toil
 And travels through this howling wilderness ;
 By what divine protections she escap'd
 Those deadly snares when youth and Satan leagu'd
 In combination to assail her virtue
 (Snares set to murder souls) ; but heaven secur'd
 The favourite nymph, and taught her victory.

Or does she seek, or has she found her babe
 Amongst the infant-nation of the blest,
 And clasp'd it to her soul, to satiate there
 The young maternal passion, and absolve
 The unfulfill'd embrace? Thrice happy child!
 That saw the light, and turn'd its eyes aside
 From our dim regions to th' Eternal Sun,
 And led the parent's way to glory! There
 Thou art for ever hers, with powers enlarg'd
 For love reciprocal and sweet converse.

Behold her ancestors (a pious race)
 Rang'd in fair order, at her sight rejoice
 And sing her welcome. She along their seats
 Gliding salutes them all with honours due
 Such as are paid in heaven: And last she finds
 A mansion fashion'd of distinguish'd light,
 But vacant: "This" (with sure presage she cries)
 "Awaits my father; when will he arrive?
 "How long, alas, how long!" (Then calls her mate)
 "Die, thou dear partner of my mortal cares,
 "Die, and partake my bliss; we are for ever One."

Ah me! where roves my fancy! What kind dreams
 Croud with sweet violence on my waking mind!
 Perhaps illusions all! Inform me, Muse,
 Chuses she rather to retire apart
 To recollect her dissipated powers,
 And call her thoughts her own: so lately freed
 From earth's vain scenes, gay visits, gratulations,

From Hymen's hurrying and tumultuous joys,
And fears and pangs, fierce pangs that wrought her death,
Tell me on what sublimer theme she dwells
In contemplation, with unerring clue
Infinite truth pursuing. (When, my soul,
O when shall thy release from cumberous flesh
Pass the great seal of heaven? What happy hour
Shall give thy thoughts a loose to soar and trace
The intellectual world? Divine delight!
Venera's lov'd employ!) Perhaps she sings
To some new golden harp th' Almighty deeds,
The names, the honours of her Saviour-God,
His cross, his grave, his victory, and his crown:
Oh could I imitate th' exalted notes,
And mortal ears could bear them! —

Or lies she now before th' eternal throne
Prostrate in humble form, with deep devotion
O'erwhelm'd, and self-abasement at the sight
Of the uncover'd Godhead face to face?
Seraphic crowns pay homage at his feet,
And Hers amongst them, not of dimmer ore,
Nor set with meaner gems: But vain ambition,
And emulation vain, and fond conceit,
And pride for ever banish'd flies the place,
Curs'd pride, the dress of hell. Tell me, Urania,
How her joys heighten, and her golden hours
Circle in love. O stamp upon my soul
Some blissful image of the fair deceas'd
To call my passions and my eyes aside

From

From the dear breathless clay, distressing sight!
 I look and mourn and gaze with greedy view
 Of melancholy fondness: Tears bedewing
 That form so late desir'd, so late lov'd,
 Now loathsome and unlovely. Base disease,
 That leagu'd with nature's sharpest pains, and spoil'd
 So sweet a structure! The impoisoning taint
 O'er spreads the building wrought with skill divine,
 And ruins the rich temple to the dust!

Was this the countenance, where the world admir'd
 Features of wit and virtue? This the face
 Where love triumph'd? and beauty on these cheeks,
 As on a throne, beneath her radiant eyes
 Was seated to advantage; mild, serene,
 Reflecting rosy light? So sits the sun
 (Fair eye of heaven!) upon a crimson cloud
 Near the horizon, and with gentle ray
 Smiles lovely round the sky, till rising fogs,
 Portending night, with foul and heavy wing
 Involve the golden star, and sink him down
 Opprest with darkness.—

On the DEATH of an Aged and Honoured Relative,
 Mrs. M. W. July 13, 1693.

I Know the kindred-mind. 'Tis she, 'tis she;
 Among the heavenly forms I see
 The kindred-mind from fleshly bondage free;

M 2

O how

O how unlike the thing was lately seen
Groaning and panting on the bed,
With ghastly air, and languish'd head,
Life on this side, there the dead,
While the delaying flesh lay shivering between.

Long did the earthy house restrain
In toilsome slavery that ethereal guest;
Prison'd her round in walls of pain,
And twisted cramps and aches with her chain;
Till by the weight of numerous days oppress'd
The earthy house began to reel,
The pillars trembled, and the building fell;
The captive soul became her own again:
Tir'd with the sorrows and the cares,
A tedious train of fourscore years,
The prisoner smil'd to be releas'd,
She felt her fetters loose, and mounted to her rest.

Gaze on, my soul, and let a perfect view
Paint her idea all anew;
Rase out those melancholy shapes of woe
That hang around the memory, and becloud it so.
Come Fancy, come, with essences refin'd,
With youthful green, and spotless white;
Deep be the tincture, and the colours bright
T' express the beauties of a naked mind.

Provide no glooms to form a shade;
All things above of vary'd light are made,
Nor can the heavenly piece require a mortal aid.

But if the features too divine
Beyond the power of fancy shine,
Conceal th' inimitable strokes behind a graceful shrine.

Describe the faint from head to feet,
Make all the lines in just proportion meet;
But let her posture be
Filling a chair of high degree;
Observe how near it stands to the Almighty seat.
Paint the new graces of her eyes;
Fresh in her looks let sprightly youth arise,
And joys unknown below the skies.
Virtue, that lives conceal'd below,
And to the breast confin'd,
Sits here triumphant on the brow,
And breaks with radiant glories through
The features of the mind:
Express her passion still the same,
But more divinely sweet;
Love has an everlasting flame,
And makes the work complete.

The painter Muse with glancing eye
Observ'd a manly spirit nigh*,

* My grandfather Mr. Thomas Watts, had such acquaintance with the mathematicks, painting, music, and poesy, &c. as gave him considerable esteem among his contemporaries. He was commander of a ship of war 1656, and by blowing up of the ship in the Dutch war he was drowned in his youth, W.

That death had long disjoined :

“ In the fair tablet they shall stand

“ United by a happier band :”

She said, and fix'd her sight, and drew the manly mind,
Recount the years, my song, (a mournful round !)

Since he was seen on earth no more :

He fought in lower seas and drown'd ;

But victory and peace he found

On the superior shore.

There now his tuneful breath in sacred songs
Employs the European and the Eastern tongues.

Let th' awful truncheon and the flute,

The pencil and the well-known lute,

Powerful numbers, charming wit,

And every art and science meet, [feet.

And bring their laurels to his hand, or lay them at his

'Tis done. What beams of glory fall

(Rich varnish of immortal art)

To gild the bright original !

'Tis done. The Muse has now perform'd her part.

Bring down the piece, Urania, from above,

And let my Honour and my Love

Dress it with chains of gold to hang upon my heart.

A FUNERAL POEM on the DEATH of THOMAS GUNSTON, Esq. presented to the Right Honourable the Lady ABNEY, Lady-Mayorefs of London.

July 1701.

MADAM,

HAD I been a common mourner at the funeral of the dear gentleman deceased, I should have laboured after more of art in the following composition, to supply the defect of nature, and to feign a sorrow; but the uncommon condescension of his friendship to me, the inward esteem I pay his memory, and the vast and tender sense I have of the loss, make all the methods of art needless, whilst natural grief supplies more than all.

I had resolved indeed to lament in sighs and silence, and frequently checked the too forward Muse: but the importunity was not to be resisted; long lines of sorrow flowed in upon me ere I was aware, whilst I took many a solitary walk in the garden adjoining to his seat at Newington; nor could I free myself from the crowd of melancholy ideas. Your ladyship will find throughout the poem, that the fair and unfinished building which he had just raised for himself, gave almost all the turns of mourning to my thoughts; for I pursue no other topics of elegy than what my passion and my senses led me to.

M 4

The

The poem roves, as my eyes and grief did, from one part of the fabrick to the other: It rises from the foundation, salutes the walls, the doors, and the windows, drops a tear upon the roof, and climbs the turret, that pleasant retreat, where I promised myself many sweet hours of his conversation; there my song wanders amongst the delightful subjects divine and moral, which used to entertain our happy leisure; and thence descends to the fields and the shady walks, where I so often enjoyed his pleasing discourse; my sorrows diffuse themselves there without a limit: I had quite forgotten all scheme and method of writing, till I correct myself; and rise to the turret again to lament that desolate seat. Now if the critics laugh at the folly of the Muse for taking too much notice of the golden ball, let them consider that the meanest thing that belonged to so valuable a person still gave some fresh and doleful reflections: And I transcribe nature without rule, and represent friendship in a mourning dress, abandoned to deepest sorrow, and with a negligence becoming woe unfeigned.

Had I designed a compleat elegy, Madam, on your dearest brother, and intended it for public view, I should have followed the usual forms of poetry, so far at least, as to spend some pages in the character and praises of the deceased, and thence have taken occasion to call mankind to complain aloud of the universal and unspeakable loss: But I wrote merely for myself as a friend of the dead, and to ease my full soul by breathing out my own complaints; I knew his character and

virtues

virtues so well, that there was no need to mention them while I talked only with myself; for the image of them was ever present with me, which kept the pain at the heart intense and lively, and my tears flowing with my verse.

Perhaps your ladyship will expect some divine thoughts and sacred meditations, mingled with a subject so solemn as this is: Had I formed a design of offering it to your hands, I had composed a more christian poem; but it was grief purely natural for a death so surprising that drew all the strokes of it, and therefore my reflections are chiefly of a moral strain. Such at it is, your ladyship requires a copy of it; but let it not touch your soul too tenderly, nor renew your own mournings. Receive it, madam, as an offering of love and tears at the tomb of a departed friend, and let it abide with you as a witness of that affectionate respect and honour that I bore him; all which, as your ladyship's most rightful due, both by merit and by succession, is now humbly offered, by,

M A D A M,

Your Ladyship's most hearty

and obedient servant,

I. W A T T S.

To

To the dear MEMORY of my much honoured Friend,
THOMAS GUNSTON, Esq.

Who died Nov. 11, 1700, when he had just finished
his Seat at Newington.

OF blasted hopes, and of short withering joys,
Sing, heavenly Muse. Try thine ethereal voice
In funeral numbers and a doleful song;
Gunston the just, the generous, and the young,
Gunston the friend is dead. O empty name
Of earthly blifs! 'tis all an airy dream,
All a vain thought! Our soaring fancies rise
On treacherous wings! and hopes that touch the skies
Drag but a longer ruin through the downward air,
And plunge the falling joy still deeper in despair.

How did our souls stand flatter'd and prepar'd
To shout him welcome to the seat he rear'd!
There the dear man should see his hopes complete,
Smiling, and tasting every lawful sweet
That peace and plenty brings, while numerous years
Circling delightful play'd around the spheres:
Revolving suns should still renew his strength,
And draw the uncommon thread to an unusual length,
But hasty fate thrusts her dread shears between,
Cuts the young life off, and shuts up the scene.
Thus airy Pleasure dances in our eyes,
And spreads false images in fair disguise,

T' allure

T' allure our souls, till just within our arms
The vision dies, and all the painted charms
Flee quick away from the pursuing sight,
Till they are lost in shades, and mingle with the night.

Muse, stretch thy wings, and thy sad journey bend
To the fair Fabrick that thy dying friend
Built nameless: 'twill suggest a thousand things
Mournful and soft as my Urania sings.

How did he lay the deep Foundations strong,
Marking the bounds, and rear the Walls along
Solid and lasting; there a numerous train
Of happy Guntons might in pleasure reign,
While nations perish, and long ages run,
Nations unborn, and ages unbegun:
Not time itself should waste the blest estate,
Nor the tenth race rebuild the ancient feat.
How fond our fancies are! The founder dies
Childless; his sisters weep and close his eyes,
And wait upon his hearse with never-ceasing cries.
Lofty and slow it moves to meet the tomb,
While weighty sorrow nods on every plume;
A thousand groans his dear remains convey,
To his cold lodging in a bed of clay,
His country's sacred tears well-watering all the way.
See the dull wheels roll on the fable road;
But no dear son to tread the mournful load,
And fondly kind drop his young sorrows there,
The father's urn bedewing with a filial tear.

O had

O had he left us One behind, to play
Wanton about the painted Hall, and say,
“ This was my father’s,” with impatient joy
In my fond arms I’d clasp the smiling boy,
And call him my young friend : but awful fate,
Design’d the mighty stroke as lasting as ’twas great.

And must this building then, this costly frame,
Stand here for strangers ? Must some unknown name,
Possess these Rooms, the labours of my friend ?
Why were these walls rais’d for this hapless end ?
Why these Apartments all adorn’d so gay ?
Why his rich fancy lavish’d thus away ?
Muse, view the Paintings, how the hovering light
Plays o’er the colours in a wanton flight,
And mingled shades wrought in by soft degrees,
Give a sweet foil to all the charming piece ;
But night, eternal night, hangs black around
The dismal chambers of the hollow ground,
And solid shades unmingled round his bed
Stand hideous : Earthy fogs embrace his head,
And noisome vapours glide along his face
Rising perpetual. Muse, forsake the place,
Flee the raw damps of the unwholesome clay,
Look to his airy spacious Hall, and say,
“ How has he chang’d it for a lonesome cave,
“ Confin’d and crowded in a narrow grave !”

Th’ unhappy house, looks desolate and mourns,
And every door groans doleful as it turns ;

The pillars languish ; and each lofty wall
 Stately in grief, laments the master's fall.
 In drops of briny dew ; the fabrick bears
 His faint resemblance, and renews my tears.
 Solid and square it rises from below :
 A noble air without a gaudy show
 Reigns through the model, and adorns the whole,
 Manly and plain. Such was the builder's soul.

O how I love to view the stately frame,
 That dear memorial of the best lov'd name !
 Then could I wish for some prodigious cave
 Vast as his seat, and silent as his grave,
 Where the tall shades stretch to the hideous roof,
 Forbid the day, and guard the sun-beams off ;
 Thither, my willing feet, should ye be drawn
 At the grey twilight, and the early dawn.
 There sweetly sad should my soft minutes roll,
 Numbering the sorrows of my drooping soul.
 But these are airy thoughts ! substantial grief
 Grows by those objects that should yield relief ;
 Fond of my woes, I heave my eyes around,
 My grief from every prospect courts a wound ;
 Views the green gardens, views the smiling skies,
 Still my heart sinks, and still my cares arise ;
 My wandering feet round the fair mansion rove,
 And there to sooth my sorrows I indulge my love.

Oft have I laid the awful Calvin by,
 And the sweet Cowley, with impatient eye

To

To see those walls, pay the sad visit there,
 And drop the tribute of an hourly tear :
 Still I behold some melancholy scene,
 With many a pensive thought, and many a sigh between
 Two days ago we took the evening air,
 I, and my grief, and my Urania there ;
 Say, my Urania, how the western sun
 Broke from black clouds, and in full glory shone
 Gilding the roof, then dropt into the sea,
 And sudden night devour'd the sweet remains of day ;
 Thus the bright youth just rear'd his shining head
 From obscure shades of life, and sunk among the dead.
 The rising sun adorn'd with all his light
 Smiles on these walls again : but endless night
 Reigns uncontrol'd where the dear Gunston lies,
 He's set for ever, and must never rise.
 Then why these beams, unseasonable star,
 These lightsome smiles descending from afar,
 To greet a mourning house ? In vain the day
 Breaks through the windows with a joyful ray,
 And marks a shining path along the floors
 Bounding the evening and the morning hours ;
 In vain it bounds them : while vast emptiness
 And hollow silence reigns through all the place,
 Nor heeds the chearful change of nature's face.
 Yet nature's wheels will on without control,
 The sun will rise, the tuneful spheres will roll,
 And the two mighty Bears walk round and watch
 the pole.

See

See while I speak, high on her fable wheel
 Old night advancing climbs the eastern hill :
 Troops of dark clouds prepare her way ; behold,
 How their brown pinions edg'd with evening gold
 Spread shadowing o'er the house, and glide away
 Slowly pursuing the declining day ;
 O'er the broad Roof they fly their circuit still,
 Thus days before they did, and days to come they will ;
 But the black cloud that shadows o'er his eyes,
 Hangs there unmoveable, and never flies :
 Fain would I bid the envious gloom be gone ;
 Ah fruitless wish ! how are his curtains drawn
 For a long evening that despairs the dawn !

}

Muse, view the Turret : just beneath the skies
 Lonesome it stands, and fixes my sad eyes,
 As it would ask a tear. O sacred seat
 Sacred to friendship ! O divine retreat !
 Here did I hope my happy hours t' employ,
 And fed before-hand on the promis'd joy,
 When weary of the noisy town, my friend
 From mortal cares retiring, should ascend
 And lead me thither. We alone would sit
 Free and secure of all intruding feet :
 Our thoughts should stretch their longest wings, and rise,
 Nor bound their soarings by the lower skies :
 Our tongues should aim at everlasting themes,
 And speak what mortals dare, of all the names
 Of boundless joys and glories, thrones and seats
 Built high in heaven for souls : We'd trace the streets

Of

Of golden pavement, walk each blissful field,
 And climb and taste the fruits the spicy mountains yield,
 Then would we swear to keep the sacred road,
 And walk right upwards to that blest abode:
 We'd charge our parting spirits there to meet,
 Their hand in hand approach th' Almighty seat,
 And bend our heads adoring at our Maker's feet.
 Thus should we mount on bold adventurous wings
 In high discourse, and dwell on heavenly things,
 While the pleas'd hours in sweet succession move,
 And minutes measur'd, as they are above,
 By ever-circling joys, and ever-shining love.

Anon our thoughts should lower their lofty flight,
 Sink by degrees, and take a pleasing sight,
 A large round prospect of the spreading plain,
 The wealthy river, and his winding train,
 The smoky city, and the busy men.
 How we should smile to see degenerate worms
 Lavish their lives, and fight for airy forms
 Of painted honour, dreams of empty sound
 Till envy rise, and shoot a second wound
 At swelling glory, strait the bubble breaks,
 And the scenes vanish, as the man awakes;
 Then the tall titles insolent and proud
 Sink to the dust, and mingle with the crowd.

Man is a restless thing: Still vain and wild,
 Lives beyond fixity, nor outgrows the child:

His hurrying lusts still break the sacred bound
To seek new pleasures on forbidden ground,
And buy them all too dear. Unthinking fool,
For a short dying joy to sell a deathless soul!
'Tis but a grain of sweetness they can sow,
And reap the long sad harvest of immortal woe.

Another tribe toil in a different strife,
And banish all the lawful sweets of life,
To sweat and dig for gold, to hoard the ore,
Hide the dear dust yet darker than before,
And never dare to use a grain of all the store.

Happy the man that knows the value just
Of earthly things, nor is enslav'd to dust.
'Tis a rich gift the skies but rarely send
To favourite souls. Then happy thou, my friend,
For thou hadst learnt to manage and command
The wealth that heaven bestow'd with liberal hand:
Hence this fair structure rose; and hence this seat
Made to invite my not unwilling feet:
In vain 'twas made! for we shall never meet,
And smile, and love, and bless each other here,
The envious tomb forbids thy face t' appear,
Detains thee, Gunston, from my longing eyes,
And all my hopes lie bury'd, where my Gunston lies.

Come hither, all ye tenderest souls, that know
The heights of fondness, and the depths of woe,
Young mothers, who your darling babes have found
Unimely murder'd with a ghastly wound;

Ye frightened nymphs, who on the bridal bed
 Clasp'd in your arms your lovers cold and dead,
 Come; in the pomp of all your wild despair,
 With flowing eye-lids, and disorder'd hair,
 Death in your looks; come, mingle grief with me,
 And drown your little streams in my unbounded sea.

You sacred mourners of a nobler mould,
 Born for a friend, whose dear embraces hold
 Beyond all nature's ties; you that have known
 Two happy souls made intimately One,
 And felt a parting stroke: 'Tis you must tell
 The smart, the twinges, and the racks I feel:
 This soul of mine that dreadful wound has borne,
 Off from its side its dearest half is torn,
 The rest lies bleeding, and but lives to mourn.
 Oh infinite distress! such raging grief
 Should command pity, and despair relief.
 Passion, methinks, should rise from all my groans,
 Give sense to rocks, and sympathy to stones.

Ye dusky Woods and echoing Hills around,
 Repeat my cries with a perpetual sound:
 Be all ye flowery Vales with thorns o'ergrown,
 Assist my sorrows, and declare your own;
 Alas! your lord is dead. The humble plain
 Must ne'er receive his courteous feet again:
 Mourn, ye gay smiling meadows, and be seen
 In wintry robes, instead of youthful green;
 And bid the Brook, that still runs warbling by,
 Move silent on, and weep his useless channel dry.

Hither

Hither methinks the lowing herd should come,
And moaning turtles murmur o'er his tomb:
The oak shall wither, and the curling vine
Weep his young life out, while his arms untwine
Their amorous folds, and mix his bleeding soul with
mine.

Ye stately elms, in your long order mourn*;
Strip off your pride, to dress your master's urn:
Here gently drop your leaves instead of tears:
Ye elms, the reverend growth of ancient years,
Stand tall and naked to the blustering rage
Of the mad winds; thus it becomes your age
To shew your sorrows. Often ye have seen
Our heads reclin'd upon the rising green;
Beneath your sacred shade diffus'd we lay,
Here friendship reign'd with an unbounded sway:
Hither our souls their constant offerings brought,
The burthens of the breast, and labours of the thought;
Our opening bosoms on the conscious ground
Spread all the sorrows and the joys we found,
And mingled every care; nor was it known
Which of the pains and pleasures were our own;
Then with an equal hand and honest soul
We share the heap, yet both possess the whole,
And all the passions there through both our bosoms roll.
By turns we comfort, and by turns complain,
And bear and ease by turns the sympathy of pain.

* There was a long row of tall elms then standing where some years after the lower garden was made.

Friendship! mysterious thing, what magic powers
 Support thy sway, and charm these minds of ours?
 Bound to thy foot we boast our birth-right still,
 And dream of freedom, when we've lost our will,
 And chang'd away our souls: At thy command,
 We snatch new miseries from a foreign hand,
 To call them ours; and, thoughtless of our ease,
 Plague the dear self that we were born to please.
 Thou tyranness of minds, whose cruel throne
 Heap on poor mortals sorrows not their own;
 As though our mother nature could no more
 Find woes sufficient for each son she bore,
 Friendship divides the shares, and lengthens out the
 store.

Yet we are fond of thine imperious reign,
 Proud of thy slavery, wanton in our pain,
 And chide the courteous hand when death dissolves
 the chain.

Virtue, forgive the thought! the raving Muse
 Wild and despairing knows not what she does,
 Grows mad in grief, and in her savage hours
 Affronts the name she loves and she adores.
 She is thy votarefs too; and at thy shrine,
 O sacred Friendship, offer'd songs divine,
 While Gunston liv'd, and both our souls were thine.
 Here to these shades at solemn hours we came,
 To pay devotion with a mutual flame,
 Partners in bliss. Sweet luxury of the mind!
 And sweet the aids of sense! Each ruder wind

Slept

Slept in its caverns, while an evening breeze
 Fann'd the leaves gently, sporting through the trees :
 The linnet and the lark their vespers sung,
 And clouds of crimson o'er th' horizon hung ;
 The slow-declining sun with sloping wheels
 Sunk down the golden day behind the western hills.

Mourn, ye gardens, ye unfinish'd gates,
 Ye green inclosures, and ye growing sweets,
 Lament ; for ye our midnight hours have known,
 And watch'd us walking by the silent moon
 In conference divine, while heavenly fire
 Kindling our breasts did all our thoughts inspire
 With joys almost immortal ; then our zeal
 Blaz'd and burnt high to reach th' ethereal hill,
 And love refin'd, like that above the poles,
 Threw both our arms round one another's souls
 In rapture and embraces. Oh forbear,
 Forbear, my song ! this is too much to hear,
 Too dreadful to repeat ; such joys as these
 Fled from the earth for ever ! —

Oh for a general grief ! let all things share
 Our woes, that knew our loves : The neighbouring air
 Let it be laden with immortal sighs,
 And tell the gales, that every breath that flies
 Over these fields should murmur and complain,
 And kiss the fading grass, and propagate the pain.
 Weep all ye buildings, and the groves around
 For ever weep : this is an endless wound,

Vast and incurable. Ye buildings knew
 His silver tongue, ye groves have heard it too :
 At that dear sound no more shall ye rejoice,
 And I no more must hear the charming voice :
 Woe to my drooping soul ! that heavenly breath,
 That could speak life, lies now congeal'd in death ;
 While on his folded lips all cold and pale
 Eternal chains and heavy silence dwell.

Yet my fond hope would hear him speak again,
 Once more at least, one gentle word; and then
 Gunston aloud I call : In vain I cry
 Gunston aloud ; for he must ne'er reply.
 In vain I mourn, and drop these funeral tears,
 Death and the grave have neither eyes nor ears :
 Wandering I tune my sorrows to the groves,
 And vent my swelling griefs, and tell the winds our loves ;
 While the dear youth sleeps fast, and hears them not :
 He hath forgot me : In the lonesome vault
 Mindless of Watts and Friendship, cold he lies
 Deaf and unthinking clay. —

But whither am I led ? This artless grief
 Hurries the Muse on, obstinate and deaf
 To all the nicer rules, and bears her down
 From the tall fabrick to the neighbouring ground :
 The pleasing hours, the happy moments past
 In these sweet fields reviving on my taste
 Snatch me away resistless with impetuous haste.

}
 Spread

Spread thy strong pinions once again, my song,
 And reach the Turret thou hast left so long :
 O'er the wide roof its lofty head it rears,
 Long waiting our converse ; but only hears
 The noisy tumults of the realms on high ;
 The winds salute it whistling as they fly,
 Or jarring round the windows ; rattling showers
 Lash the fair sides ; above, loud thunder roars ;
 But still the master sleeps ; nor hears the voice
 Of sacred friendship, nor the tempest's noise :
 An iron slumber sits on every sense,
 In vain the heavenly thunders strive to rouse it thence.

One labour more, my Muse, the golden Sphere
 Seems to demand : See through the dusky air
 Downward it shines upon the rising moon ;
 And, as she labours up to reach her noon,
 Pursues her orb with repercussive light,
 And streaming gold repays the paler beams of night :
 But not one ray can reach the darksome grave,
 Or pierce the solid gloom that fills the cave
 Where Gunston dwells in death. Behold it flames
 Like some new meteor with diffusive beams
 Through the mid-heaven, and overcomes the stars ;
 " So shines thy Gunston's soul above the spheres," }
 Raphael replies, and wipes away my tears.

" We saw the flesh sink down with closing eyes,
 " We heard thy grief shriek out, He dies, He dies,
 " Mistaken grief ! to call the flesh the friend !
 " On our fair wings did the bright youth ascend,

" All heaven embrac'd him with immortal love,
 " And sung his welcome to the courts above.
 " Gentle Ithuriel led him round the skies,
 " The buildings struck him with immense surprise;
 " The spires all radiant, and the mansions bright,
 " The roof high-vaulted with ethereal light:
 " Beauty and strength on the tall bulwarks fate
 " In heavenly diamond; and for every gate
 " On golden hinges a broad ruby turns,
 " Guards off the foe, and as it moves it burns;
 " Millions of glories reign through every part;
 " Infinite power, and uncreated art,
 " Stand here display'd, and to the stranger show
 " How it out-shines the noblest seats below.
 " The stranger fed his gazing powers awhile
 " Transported: Then, with a regardless smile,
 " Glanc'd his eye downward through the crystal floor,
 " And took eternal leave of what he built before."

Now, fair Urania, leave the doleful strain;
 Raphael commands: Assume thy joys again.
 In everlasting numbers sing, and say,

" Gunston has mov'd his dwelling to the realms of day;
 " Gunston the friend lives still: And give thy groans
 away."

AN ELEGY ON MR. THOMAS GOUGE.

To Mr. ARTHUR SHALLET, Merchant.

Worthy Sir,

THE subject of the following elegy was high in your esteem, and enjoyed a large share of your affections. Scarce doth his memory need the assistance of the Muse to make it perpetual ; but when she can at once pay her honours to the venerable dead, and by this address acknowledge the favours she has received from the living, it is a double pleasure to,

SIR,

Your obliged humble servant,

I. WATTS.

To the MEMORY of the Reverend

MR. THOMAS GOUGE,

Who died Jan. 8th, 1699-1700.

YE virgin souls, whose sweet complaint
 Could teach Euphrates * not to flow,
 Could Sion's ruin so divinely paint,
 Array'd in beauty and in woe :
 Awake, ye virgin souls, to mourn,
 And with your tuneful sorrows dress a prophet's urn.

* Psal. 137. Lament. i. 2, 3.

O could

O could my lips or flowing eyes
 But imitate such charming grief,
 I'd teach the seas, and teach the skies,
 Wailings, and sobs, and sympathies,
 Nor should the stones or rocks be deaf;
 Rocks shall have eyes, and stones have ears,
 While Gouge's death is mourn'd in melody and tears.

Heaven was impatient of our crimes,
 And sent his minister of death
 To scourge the bold rebellion of the times,
 And to demand our prophet's breath;
 He came commission'd for the Fates
 Of awful Mead, and charming Bates;
 There he essay'd the vengeance first,
 Then took a dismal aim, and brought great Gouge to dust.

Great Gouge to dust! how doleful is the sound!
 How vast the stroke is! and how wide the wound!

Oh painful stroke! distressing death!

A wound unmeasurably wide

No vulgar mortal dy'd

When he resign'd his breath.

The Muse that mourns a nation's fall,
 Should wait at Gouge's funeral,
 Should mingle majesty and groans,
 Such as she sings to sinking thrones,
 And in deep sounding numbers tell,
 How Sion trembled, when this pillar fell.

Sion

Sion grows weak, and England poor,
Nature herself, with all her store,
Can furnish such a pomp for death no more.

The reverend man let all things mourn ;

Sure he was some æthereal mind,

Fated in flesh to be confin'd,

And order'd to be born.

His soul was of th' angelic frame,

The same ingredients, and the mould the same,

When the Creator makes a minister of flame,

He was all form'd of heavenly things,

Mortals, believe what my Urania sings,

For she has seen him rise upon his flaming wings.

How would he mount, how would he fly

Up through the ocean of the sky,

Tow'rd the celestial coast !

With what amazing swiftness soar

Till earth's dark ball was seen no more,

And all its mountains lost !

Scarce could the Muse pursue him with her sight :

But, angels, you can tell,

For oft you meet his wondrous flight,

And knew the stranger well ;

Say, how he past the radiant spheres.

And visited your happy seats,

And trac'd the well-known turnings of the golden streets,

And walk'd among the stars.

Tell

Tell how he climb'd the everlasting hills
Surveying all the realms above,
Borne on a strong-wing'd faith, and on the fiery wheel
Of an immortal love.

'Twas there he took a glorious fight
Of the inheritance of saints in light,
And read their title in their Saviour's right.

How oft the humble scholar came,
And to your songs he rais'd his ears
To learn th' unutterable name,
To view th' eternal base that bears,
The new creation's frame.

The countenance of God he saw,
Full of mercy : full of awe,
The glories of his power, and glories of his grace :
There he beheld the wondrous springs
Of those celestial sacred things,
The peaceful gospel, and the fiery law
In that majestic face.

That face did all his gazing powers employ,
With most profound abasement and exalted joy,
The rolls of fate were half unseal'd,
He stood adoring by ;
The volume open'd to his eye,
And sweet intelligence he held
With all his shining kindred of the sky.

Ye seraphs that surround the throne,
Tell how his name was through the palace known,
How warm his zeal was, and how like your own :

Speak

Speak it aloud, let half the nation hear,
And bold blasphemers shrink and fear * :
Impudent tongues ! to blast a prophet's name !
The poison sure was fetch'd from hell.

Where the old blasphemers dwell,
To taint the purest dust, and blot the whitest fame !
Impudent tongues ! You should be darted through,
Nail'd to your own black mouths, and lie
Useless and dead till slander die,
Till slander die with you.

" We saw him, said th' ethereal throng,
" We saw his warm devotions rise,
" We heard the fervour of his cries,
" And mix'd his praises with our song :
" We knew the secret flights of his retiring hours,
" Nightly he wak'd his inward powers,
" Young Israel rose to wrestle with his God,
" And with unconquer'd force scal'd the celestial towers,
" To reach the blessing down for those that fought his
" blood.

" Oft we beheld the thunderer's hand
" Rais'd high to crush the factious foe ;
" As oft we saw the rolling vengeance stand
" Doubtful t' obey the dread command,
" While his ascending prayer upheld the falling blow."

Draw the past scenes of thy delight,
My Muse, and bring the wondrous man to fight.

* Though he was so great and good a man, he did not escape
censure.

Place

Place him surrounded as he stood
With pious crowds, while from his tongue
A stream of harmony ran soft along,
And every year drank in the flowing good:
Softly it ran its silver way,
Till warm devotion rais'd the current strong:
Then fervid zeal on the sweet deluge rode,
Life, love and glory, grace and joy,
Divinely roll'd promiscuous on the torrent-flood,
And bore our raptur'd sense away, and thoughts and
souls to God.

O might we dwell for ever there!
No more return to breathe this grosser air,
This atmosphere of sin, calamity, and care.

But heavenly scenes soon leave the sight
While we belong to clay,
Passions of terror and delight,
Demand alternate sway.
Behold the man, whose awful voice
Could well proclaim the fiery law,
Kindle the flames that Moses saw,
And swell the trumpet's warlike noise.
He stands the herald of the threatening skies,
Lo, on his reverend brow the frowns divinely rise,
All Sinai's thunder on his tongue, and lightning in his
eyes.

Round the high roof the curses flew
Distinguishing each guilty head,
Far from th' unequal war the atheist fled,

His kindled arrows still pursue,
His arrows strike the atheist through,
And o'er his inmost powers a shuddering horror spread.
The marble heart groans with an inward wound;
Blaspheming souls of harden'd steel
Shriek out amaz'd at the new pangs they feel,
And dread the echoes of the sound.
The lofty wretch arm'd and array'd
In gaudy pride sinks down his impious head,
Plunges in dark despair, and mingles with the dead.

Now, Muse, assume a softer strain,
Now sooth the sinner's raging smart,
Borrow of Gouge the wondrous art
To calm the furning conscience, and assuage the pain;
He from a bleeding God derives
Life for the souls that guilt had slain,
And strait the dying rebel lives,
The dead arise again;
The opening skies almost obey
His powerful song; a heavenly ray
Awakes despair to light, and sheds a chearful day.
His wondrous voice rolls back the spheres,
Recalls the scenes of ancient years,
To make the Saviour known;
Sweetly the flying charmer roves
Through all his labours and his loves,
The anguish of his cross, and triumphs of his throne.
Come, he invites our feet to try
The steep ascent of Calvary.

And

And sets the fatal tree before our eye :

See here celestial sorrow reigns ;

Rude nails and ragged thorns lay by,

Ting'd with the crimson of redeeming veins.

In wondrous words he sung the vital flood

Where all our sins were drown'd,

Words fit to heal and fit to wound,

Sharp as the spear, and balmy as the blood.

In his discourse divine

Afresh the purple fountain flow'd ;

Our falling tears kept sympathetic time,

And trickled to the ground,

While every accent gave a doleful sound,

Sad as the breaking heart-strings of th' expiring God.

Down to the mansions of the dead,

With trembling joy our souls are led,

The captives of his tongue ;

There the dear prince of light reclines his head

Darkness and shades among.

With pleasing horror we survey

The caverns of the tomb,

Where the belov'd Redeemer lay,

And shed a sweet perfume.

Hark, the old earthquake roars again

In Gouge's voice, and breaks the chain

Of heavy death, and rends the tombs :

The rising God ! he comes, he comes,

With throngs of waking saints, a long triumphing train

See the bright squadrons of the sky,
 Downward on wings of joy and haste they fly,
 Meet their returning sovereign, and attend him high.
 A shining car the conqueror fills,
 Form'd of a golden cloud;
 Slowly the pomp moves up the azure hills,
 Old Satan foams and yells aloud,
 And gnaws th' eternal brass that binds him to the wheels.
 The opening gates of bliss receive their King,
 The Father-God smiles on his Son,
 Pays him the honours he has won,
 The lofty thrones adore, and little cherubs sing.
 Behold him on his native throne,
 Glory fits fast upon his head;
 Drefs'd in new light, and beamy robes,
 His hand rolls-on the seasons, and the shining globes,
 And sways the living worlds, and regions of the dead.

Gouge was his envoy to the realm below,
 Vast was his trust, and great his skill,
 Bright the credentials he could show,
 And thousands own'd the seal,
 His hallow'd lips could well impart
 The grace, the promise, and command:
 He knew the pity of Immanuel's heart,
 And terrors of Jehovah's hand.
 How did our souls start out, to hear
 The embassies of love he bare,
 While every ear in rapture hung
 Upon the charming wonders of his tongue!

Life's busy cares a sacred silence bound,
Attention stood with all her powers,
With fixed eyes and awe profound,
Chain'd to the pleasure of the sound,
Nor knew the flying hours.

But O my everlasting grief!
Heaven has recall'd his envoy from our eyes,
Hence deluges of sorrow rise,
Nor hope th' impossible relief.
Ye remnants of the sacred tribe
Who feel the loss, come share the smart,
And mix your groans with mine:
Where is the tongue that can describe
Infinite things with equal art,
Or language so divine?

Our passions want the heavenly flame,
Almighty Love breathes faintly in our songs,
And awful threatenings languish on our tongues;
Howe is a great but single name:
Amidst the crowd he stands alone;
Stands yet, but with his starry pinions on,
Drest for the flight, and ready to be gone.

Eternal God, command his stay,
Stretch the dear months of his delay;
O we could wish his age were one immortal day!
But when the flaming chariot's come,
And shining guards, t' attend thy prophet home,
Amidst a thousand weeping eyes,
Send an Elisha down, a soul of equal size,
Or burn this worthless globe, and take us to the skies.

DIVINE

D I V I N E
S O N G S

ATTEMPTED IN
EASY LANGUAGE

FOR THE USE OF
C H I L D R E N.

"Out of the Mouths of Babes and Sucklings thou hast
"perfected Praise." MATT. xxi. 16.

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P R E F A C E,

To all that are concerned in the Education of
CHILDREN.

MY FRIENDS,

IT is an awful and important charge that is committed to you. The wisdom and welfare of the succeeding generation are intrusted with you beforehand, and depend much on your conduct. The seeds of misery or happiness in this world, and that to come, are often sown very early; and therefore whatever may conduce to give the minds of children a relish for virtue and religion, ought, in the first place, to be proposed to you.

Verse was at first designed for the service of God, though it hath been wretchedly abused since. The ancients, among the Jews and the Heathens, taught their children and disciples the precepts of morality and worship in verse. The children of Israel were commanded to learn the words of the song of Moses, Deut. xxxi. 19, 30, and we are directed in the New Testament, not only to sing "with grace in the heart, but to teach and admonish one another by hymns and songs," Ephes. 5. 19. And there are these four advantages in it.

I. There is a great delight in the very learning of truths and duties this way. There is something so

amusing and entertaining in rhymes and metre, that will incline children to make this part of their business a diversion. And you may turn their very duty into a reward, by giving them the privilege of learning one of these Songs every week, if they fulfill the business of the week well, and promising them the book itself, when they have learnt ten or twenty songs out of it.

II. What is learnt in verse, is longer retained in memory, and sooner recollected. The like sounds, and the like number of syllables, exceedingly assist the remembrance. And it may often happen, that the end of a song running in the mind, may be an effectual means to keep off some temptations, or to incline to some duty, when a word of scripture is not upon their thoughts.

III. This will be a constant furniture for the minds of children, that they may have something to think upon when alone, and sing over to themselves. This may sometimes give their thoughts a divine turn, and raise a young meditation. Thus they will not be forced to seek relief for an emptiness of mind, out of the loose and dangerous sonnets of the age.

IV. These Divine Songs may be a pleasant and proper matter for their daily or weekly worship, to sing one in the family, at such time as the parents or governors shall appoint; and therefore I have confined the verse to the most usual psalm tunes.

The greatest part of this little book was composed several years ago, at the request of a friend, who has
been

been long engaged in the work of catechising a very great number of children of all kinds, and with abundant skill and success. So that you will find here nothing that favours of a party: The children of high and low degree, of the church of England or Dissenters, baptised in infancy, or not, may all join together in these songs. And as I have endeavoured to sink the language to the level of a child's understanding, and yet to keep it, if possible, above contempt; so I have designed to profit all, if possible, and offend none. I hope the more general the sense is, these composures may be of the more universal use and service.

I have added at the end, some attempts of Sonnets on Moral Subjects, for children, with an air of pleasantry, to provoke some fitter pen to write a little book of them.

May the Almighty God make you faithful in this important work of education; may he succeed your cares with his abundant grace, that the rising generation of Great Britain may be a glory among the nations, a pattern to the christian world, and a blessing to the earth.

DIVINE SONGS

FOR

CHILDREN.

SONG I.

A general SONG of Praise to GOD.

HOW glorious is our heavenly King,
Who reigns above the sky !

How shall a child presume to sing
His dreadful majesty ?

How great his power is, none can tell,
Nor think how large his grace ;
Not men below, nor saints that dwell
On high before his face.

Not angels that stand round the Lord,
Can search his secret will ?

But they perform his heavenly word,
And sing his praises still.

Then

S Then let me join this holy train,
And my first offerings bring ;
Th' eternal God will not disdain
To hear an infant sing.

My heart resolves, my tongue obeys,
And angels shall rejoice,
To hear their mighty Maker's praise
Sound from a feeble voice.

S O N G II.

Praise for CREATION and PROVIDENCE.

I Sing th' almighty power of God,
That made the mountains rise,
That spread the flowing seas abroad,
And built the lofty skies.

I sing the wisdom that ordain'd
The sun to rule the day ;
The moon shines full at his command,
And all the stars obey.

I sing the goodness of the Lord,
That fill'd the earth with food :
He form'd the creatures with his word,
And then pronounc'd them good.

Lord, how thy wonders are display'd,
Where'er I turn mine eye !
If I survey the ground I tread,
Or gaze upon the sky !

There's

There's not a plant or flower below,
 But makes thy glories known ;
 And clouds arise, and tempests blow,
 By order from thy throne.

Creatures (as numerous as they be)
 Are subject to thy care ;
 There's not a place where we can flee,
 But God is present there.

In heaven he shines with beams of love,
 With wrath in hell beneath !
 'Tis on his earth I stand or move,
 And 'tis his air I breathe.

His hand is my perpetual guard ;
 He keeps me with his eye ;
 Why should I then forget the Lord,
 Who is for ever nigh ?

S O N G III.

Praise to GOD for our REDEMPTION.

BLEST be the wisdom and the power,
 The justice and the grace,
 That join'd in counsel to restore,
 And save our ruin'd race.

Our father ate forbidden fruit,
 And from his glory fell ;
 And we his children thus were brought
 To death, and near to hell.

Blest

Blest be the Lord that sent his Son
To take our flesh and blood ;
He for our lives gave up his own,
To make our peace with God.

He honour'd all his Father's laws,
Which we have disobey'd ;
He bore our sins upon the cross,
And our full ransom paid.

Behold him rising from the grave ;
Behold him rais'd on high :
He pleads his merit, there to save
Transgressors doom'd to die.

There on a glorious throne he reigns,
And by his power divine
Redeems us from the slavish chains
Of Satan and of Sin.

Thence shall the Lord to judgment come,
And with a sovereign voice
Shall call, and break up every tomb,
While waking fairs rejoice.

O may I then with joy appear
Before the judge's face,
And with the bleis'd assembly there
Sing his redeeming grace !

S O N G IV.

Praise for MERCIES Spiritual and Temporal.

WHENE'ER I take my walks abroad,
How many poor I see ?

What shall I render to my God
For all his gifts to me ?

Not more than others I deserve,
Yet God has given me more ;
For I have food, while others starve,
Or beg from door to door.

How many children in the street
Half naked I behold !
While I am cloath'd from head to feet,
And cover'd from the cold.

While some poor wretches scarce can tell
Where they may lay their head ;
I have a home wherein to dwell,
And rest upon my bed.

While others early learn to swear,
And curse, and lye, and steal ;
Lord, I am taught thy name to fear,
And do thy holy will.

Are these thy favours day by day
To me above the rest ?
Then let me love Thee more than they,
And try to serve thee best.

SONG

S O N G V.

Praise for BIRTH and EDUCATION in a Christian Land.

GREAT God, to thee my voice I raise,
To thee my youngest hours belong ;
I would begin my life with praise,
Till growing years improve the song.

'Tis to thy sovereign grace I owe
That I was born on British ground ;
Where streams of heavenly mercy flow,
And words of sweet salvation found.

I would not change my native land
For rich Peru with all her gold :
A nobler prize lies in my hand,
Than East or Western Indies hold.

How do I pity those that dwell
Where ignorance and darkness reigns !
They know no heaven, they fear no hell,
Those endless joys, those endless pains.

Thy glorious promises, O Lord,
Kindle my hopes and my desire ;
While all the preachers of thy word
Warn me to 'scape eternal fire.

Thy praise shall still employ my breath,
Since thou hast mark'd my way to heaven ;
Nor will I run the road to death,
And waste the blessings thou hast given.

SONG

S O N G VI.

Praise for the G O S P E L.

LORD, I ascribe it to thy grace,
 And not to chance as others do,
 That I was born of Christian race,
 And not a Heathen, or a Jew.
 What would the ancient Jewish kings,
 And Jewish prophets once have given,
 Could they have heard those glorious things,
 Which Christ reveal'd and brought from heaven !
 How glad the Heathens would have been,
 That worship'd idols, wood and stone,
 If they the book of God had seen,
 Or Jesus and his gospel known !
 Then if this gospel I refuse,
 How shall I e'er lift up mine eyes ?
 For all the Gentiles and the Jews
 Against me will in judgement rise.

S O N G VII.

The Excellency of the B I B L E.

GREAT God, with wonder and with praise
 On all thy works I look ;
 But still thy wisdom, power, and grace,
 Shine brightest in thy book.

The

The stars, that in their courses roll,
Have much instruction given;
But thy good word informs my soul
How I may climb to heaven.

The fields provide me food, and show
The goodness of the Lord;
But fruits of life and glory grow
In thy most holy word.

Here are my choicest treasures hid,
Here my best comfort lies;
Here my desires are satisfy'd,
And hence my hopes arise.

Lord, make me understand thy law;
Shew what my thoughts have been:
And from thy gospel let me draw
Pardon for all my sin.

Here would I learn how Christ has dy'd
To save my soul from hell:
Not all the books on earth beside
Such heavenly wonders tell.

Then let me love my Bible more,
And take a fresh delight
By day to read these wonders o'er,
And meditate by night.

S O N G VIII.

Praise to God for learning to READ.

THE praises of my tongue
I offer to the Lord,
That I was taught, and learnt so young
To read his holy word.

That I am brought to know
The danger I was in,
By nature and by practice too,
A wretched slave to sin.

That I am led to see
I can do nothing well ;
And whither shall a sinner flee
To save himself from hell ?

Dear Lord, this book of thine
Informs me where to go,
For grace to pardon all my sin,
And make me holy too.

Here I can read, and learn
How Christ, the Son of God,
Has undertook our great concern ;
Our ransom cost his blood.

And now he reigns above,
He sends his Spirit down
To shew the wonders of his love,
And make his gospel known.

O ma

O may that Spirit teach,
And make my heart receive
Those truths which all thy servants preach,
And all thy saints believe.

Then shall I praise the Lord
In a more chearful strain,
That I was taught to read his word,
And have not learnt in vain.

S O N G IX.

The ALL-SEEING GOD.

A Lmighty God, thy piercing eye
Strikes through the shades of night,
And our most secret actions lie
All open to thy sight.

There's not a sin that we commit,
Nor wicked word we say,
But in thy dreadful book 'tis writ,
Against the judgment-day.

And must the crimes that I have done
Be read and publish'd there?
Be all expos'd before the sun,
While men and angels hear?

Lord, at thy foot ashamed I lie;
Upward I dare not look;
Pardon my sins before I die,
And blot them from thy book.

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P

Remem-

Remember all the dying pains
 That my Redeemer felt,
 And let his blood wash out my stains,
 And answer for my guilt.

O may I now for ever fear
 T' indulge a sinful thought,
 Since the great God can see and hear,
 And writes down every fault.

S O N G X.

Solemn Thoughts of GOD and DEATH.

THERE is a God that reigns above,
 Lord of the heavens, and earth, and seas :
 I fear his wrath, I ask his love,
 And with my lips I sing his praise.

There is a law which he has writ,
 To teach us all that we must do :
 My soul, to his commands submit,
 For they are holy, just, and true.

There is a gospel of rich grace,
 Whence finners all their comforts draw :
 Lord, I repent, and seek thy face ;
 For I have often broke thy law.

There is an hour when I must die,
 Nor do I know how soon 'twill come :
 A thousand children young as I,
 Are call'd by death to hear their doom.

Let me improve the hours I have,
Before the day of grace is fled;
There's no repentance in the grave,
Nor pardons offer'd to the dead.

Just as a tree cut down, that fell
To North or Southward, there it lies;
So man departs to heaven or hell,
Fix'd in the state wherein he dies.

S O N G XI.

HEAVEN and HELL.

THERE is beyond the sky
A heaven of joy and love;
And holy children when they die
Go to that world above.

There is a dreadful hell,
And everlasting pains;
There finners must with devils dwell
In darkness, fire, and chains.

Can such a wretch as I
Escape this cursed end?
And may I hope whene'er I die
I shall to heaven ascend?

Then will I read and pray,
While I have life and breath;
Lest I should be cut off to-day,
And sent t' eternal death.

S O N G XII.

The ADVANTAGES of early RELIGION.

HAPPY's the child whose youngest years
Receive instructions well:

Who hates the sinner's path, and fears
The road that leads to hell.

When we devote our youth to God,
'Tis pleasing in his eyes;
A flower, when offer'd in the bud,
Is no vain sacrifice.

'Tis easier work if we begin
To fear the Lord betimes;
While sinners that grow old in sin
Are harden'd in their crimes.

'Twill save us from a thousand snares,
To mind religion young;
Grace will preserve our following years,
And make our virtue strong.

To thee, Almighty God, to thee,
Our childhood we resign;
'Twill please us to look back and see
That our whole lives were thine.

Let the sweet work of prayer and praise
Employ my youngest breath;
Thus I'm prepar'd for longer days,
Or fit for early death.

SONG

S O N G XIII.

The DANGER of DELAY.

WHY should I say, " 'Tis yet too soon
" To seek for heaven, or think of death ?"

A flower may fade before 'tis noon,
And I this day may loose my breath.

If this rebellious heart of mine
Despise the gracious calls of heaven,
I may be harden'd in my sin,
And never have repentance given.

What if the Lord grow wroth and swear,
While I refuse to read and pray,
That he'll refuse to lend an ear
To all my groans another day ?

What if his dreadful anger burn,
While I refuse his offer'd grace,
And all his love to fury turn,
And strike me dead upon the place ?

'Tis dangerous to provoke a God !
His power and vengeance none can tell ;
One stroke of his Almighty rod
Shall send young sinners quick to hell,

Then 'twill for ever be in vain
To cry for pardon and for grace :
To wish I had my time again,
Or hope to see my Maker's face.

S O N G XIV.

EXAMPLES of early PIETY.

WHAT blest'd examples do I find
 Writ in the word of truth,
 Of children that began to mind
 Religion in their youth!

Jesus, who reigns above the sky
 And keeps the world in awe,
 Was once a child as young as I,
 And kept his Father's law.

At twelve years old he talk'd with men,
 (The Jews all wondering stand)
 Yet he obey'd his mother then,
 And came at her command.

Children a sweet hosanna sung,
 And blest their Saviour's name;
 They gave him honour with their tongue,
 While scribes and priests blaspheme.

Samuel the child was wean'd, and brought
 To wait upon the Lord;
 Young Timothy betimes was taught
 To know his holy word.

Then why should I so long delay
 What others learnt so soon?
 I would not pass another day
 Without this work begun.

SONG

S O N G X V .

A G A I N S T L Y I N G .

O'TIS a lovely thing for youth
To walk betimes in wisdom's way ;
To fear a lie, to speak the truth,
That we may trust to all they say.

But liars we can never trust,
Though they should speak the thing that's true ;
And he that does one fault at first,
And lies to hide it, makes it two.

Have we not known, nor heard, nor read,
How God abhors deceit and wrong ?
How Ananias was struck dead,
Catch'd with a lie upon his tongue ?

So did his wife Saphira die,
When she came in, and grew so bold
As to confirm that wicked lie
That just before her husband told.

The Lord delights in them that speak
The words of truth ; but every liar
Must have his portion in the lake
That burns with brimstone and with fire.

Then let me always watch my lips,
Lest I be struck to death and hell,
Since God a book of reckoning keeps
For every lie that children tell.

S O N G XVI.

Against QUARRELLING and FIGHTING.

LET dogs delight to bark and bite,
For God hath made them so;
Let bears and lions growl and fight,
For 'tis their nature too.

But, children, you should never let
Such angry passions rise;
Your little hands were never made
To tear each other's eyes.

Let love through all your actions run,
And all your words be mild;
Live like the blessed virgin's son,
That sweet and lovely child.

His soul was gentle as a lamb;
And as his stature grew,
He grew in favour both with man,
And God his Father too.

Now Lord of All he reigns above,
And from his heavenly throne
He sees what children dwell in love,
And marks them for his own.

SONG

S O N G XVII.

LOVE between BROTHERS and SISTERS.

Whatever brawls disturb the street,
There should be peace at home;
Where sisters dwell and brothers meet,
Quarrels should never come.

Birds in their little nests agree;
And 'tis a shameful fight,
When children of one family
Fall out, and chide, and fight.

Hard names at first, and threatening words,
That are but noisy breath,
May grow to clubs and naked swords,
To murder and to death.

The Devil tempts one mother's son
To rage against another;
So wicked Cain was hurry'd on
Till he had kill'd his bother.

The wife will make their anger cool,
At least before 'tis night;
But in the bosom of a fool
It burns till morning-light.

Pardon, O Lord, our childish rage,
Our little brawls remove;
That, as we grow to riper age,
Our hearts may all be love,

SONG

S O N G XVIII.

Against SCOFFING and calling NAMES.

O UR tongues were made to bless the Lord,
And not speak ill of men ;
When others give a railing word,
We must not rail again.

Cross words and angry names require
To be chastis'd at school ;
And he's in danger of hell-fire,
That calls his brother fool.

But lips that dare be so profane,
To mock and jeer and scoff
At holy things or holy men,
The Lord shall cut them off.

When children in their wanton play
Serv'd old Elisha so ;
And bid the prophet go his way,
" Go up, thou bald-head, go."

God quickly stopp'd their wicked breath,
And sent two raging bears,
That tore them limb from limb to death,
With blood and groans and tears.

Great God, how terrible art Thou
To sinners e'er so young !
Grant me thy grace, and teach me how
To tame and rule my tongue.

SONG

S O N G X I X.

Against SWEARING, and CURSING, and taking
GOD'S NAME in vain.

ANGELS, that high in glory dwell,
Adore thy name, Almighty God !
And devils tremble down in hell,
Beneath the terrors of thy rod.

And yet how wicked children dare
Abuse thy dreadful glorious name !
And when they're angry, how they swear,
And curse their fellows and blaspheme !

How will they stand before thy face,
Who treated thee with such disdain,
While thou shalt doom them to the place
Of everlasting fire and pain ?

Then never shall one cooling drop
To quench their burning tongues be given ;
But I will praise thee here, and hope
Thus to employ my tongue in heaven,

My heart shall be in pain to hear
Wretches affront the Lord above ;
'Tis that great God whose power I fear ;
That heavenly Father whom I love.

If

If my companions grow profane,
I'll leave their friendship, when I hear
Young sinners take thy name in vain,
And learn to curse, and learn to swear.

S O N G XX.

Against IDLENESS and MISCHIEF,

HOW doth the little busy bee
Improve each shining hour,
And gather honey all the day
From every opening flower?

How skilfully she builds her cell!
How neat she spreads the wax!
And labours hard to store it well
With the sweet food she makes,

In works of labour or of skill,
I would be busy too;
For Satan finds some mischief still
For idle hands to do.

In books, or work, or healthful play,
Let my first years be past,
That I may give for every day
Some good account at last.

SONG

S O N G XXI.

Against EVIL COMPANY.

W H Y should I join with those in play,
 In whom I've no delight ;
Who curse and swear, but never pray ;
 Who call ill names and fight ?

I hate to hear a wanton song :
 Their words offend mine ears ;
I should not dare defile my tongue
 With language such as theirs.

Away from fools I'll turn mine eyes,
 Nor with the scoffers go ;
I would be walking with the wise,
 That wiser I may grow.

From one rude boy that us'd to mock,
 They learn the wicked jest :
One sickly sheep infects the flock,
 And poisons all the rest.

My God, I hate to walk, or dwell
 With sinful children here ;
Then let me not be sent to hell,
 Where none but sinners are.

SONG

S O N G XXII.

Against PRIDE in CLOATHS.

WHY should our garments, made to hide
Our parents shame, provoke our pride?
The art of dress did ne'er begin,
Till Eve our mother learnt to sin.

When first she put her covering on,
Her robe of innocence was gone;
And yet her children vainly boast
In the sad marks of glory lost.

How proud we are! how fond to shew
Our cloaths, and call them rich and new!
When the poor sheep and silk-worm wore
That very cloathing long before.

The tulip and the butterfly
Appear in gayer coats than I;
Let me be dress'd fine as I will,
Flies, worms, and flowers, exceed me still.

Then will I set my heart to find
Inward adornings of the mind;
Knowledge and virtue, truth and grace,
These are the robes of richest dress.

No more shall worms with me compare;
This is the raiment angels wear;
The Son of God, when here below,
Put on this blest apparel too.

It never fades, it ne'er grows old,
Nor fears the rain, nor moth, nor mould :
It takes no spot, but still refines ;
The more 'tis worn, the more it shines.

In this on earth should I appear ;
Then go to heaven and wear it there ;
God will approve it in his sight ;
'Tis his own work, and his delight.

S O N G XXIII.

OBEDIENCE TO PARENTS.

LET children that would fear the Lord
Hear what their teachers say ;
With reverence meet their parents word,
And with delight obey.

Have you not heard what dreadful plagues
Are threaten'd by the Lord,
To him that breaks his Father's law,
Or mocks his Mother's word ?

What heavy guilt upon him lies !
How curfed is his name !
The ravens shall pick out his eyes,
And eagles eat the same.

But those who worship God, and give
Their parents honour due,
Here on this earth they long shall live,
And live hereafter too.

SONG

S O N G XXIV.

The CHILD'S COMPLAINT.

WHY should I love my sport so well,
 So constant at my play,
 And lose the thoughts of heaven and hell;
 And then forget to pray?

What do I read my Bible for,
 But, Lord, to learn thy will;
 And shall I daily know thee more,
 And less obey thee still?

How senseless is my heart and wild!
 How vain are all my thoughts!
 Pity the weakness of a child,
 And pardon all my faults!

Make me thy heavenly voice to hear,
 And let me love to pray;
 Since God will lend a gracious ear
 To what a child can say.

S O N G XXV.

A MORNING SONG.

MY God, who makes the sun to know
 His proper hour to rise,
 And to give light to all below,
 Doth send him round the skies.

When

When from the chambers of the East
His morning race begins,
He never tires, nor stops to rest ;
But round the world he shines.

So, like the sun, would I fulfil
The business of the day ;
Begin my work betimes, and still
March on my heavenly way.

Give me, O Lord, thy early grace,
Nor let my soul complain
That the young morning of my days
Has all been spent in vain.

S O N G XXVI.

AN EVENING SONG.

AND now another day is gone,
I'll sing my Maker's praise ;
My comforts every hour make known
His providence and grace.

But how my childhood runs to waste !
My sins, how great their sum !
Lord, give me pardon for the past,
And strength for days to come,

I lay my body down to sleep ;
Let angels guard my head,
And through the hours of darkness keep
Their watch around my bed.

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With

With chearful heart I close my eyes,
Since thou wilt not remove;
And in the morning let me rise
Rejoicing in thy love.

S O N G XXVII.

For the LORD'S-DAY MORNING.

THIS is the day when Christ arose
So early from the dead;
Why should I keep my eyelids clos'd,
And waste my hours in bed?

This is the day when Jesus broke
The power of death and hell;
And shall I still wear Satan's yoke,
And love my sins so well?

To-day with pleasure christians meet,
To pray and hear the word:
And I would go with chearful feet
To learn thy will, O Lord.

I'll leave my sport, to read and pray,
And so prepare for heaven:
O may I love this blessed day
The best of all the seven!

SONG

S O N G XXVIII.

For the LORD'S-DAY EVENING.

L ORD, how delightful 'tis to see
A whole assembly worship Thee!
At once they sing, at once they pray;
They hear of heaven, and learn the way.

I have been there, and still would go:
'Tis like a little heaven below:
Not all my pleasure and my play
Shall tempt me to forget this day.

O write upon my memory, Lord,
The texts and doctrines of thy word;
That I may break thy laws no more,
But love thee better than before.

With thoughts of Christ and things divine
Fill up this foolish heart of mine;
That, hoping pardon through his blood,
I may lie down, and wake with God.

The TEN COMMANDMENTS, out of the OLD
TESTAMENT, put into short Rhyme for Children.

EXODUS, Chap. xx.

1. **T**HOU shalt have no more Gods but me,
2. Before no idol bow thy knee.
3. Take not the name of God in vain.
4. Nor dare the Sabbath-day profane.
5. Give both thy parents honour due.
6. Take heed that thou no murder do,
7. Abstain from words and deeds unclean.
8. Nor steal, though thou art poor and mean.
9. Nor make a wilful lie, nor love it.
10. What is thy neighbour's dare not covet.

The SUM of the COMMANDMENTS, out of the
NEW TESTAMENT.

MATTHEW xxii. 37.

WITH all thy soul love God above,
And as thyself thy neighbour love.

Our SAVIOUR'S GOLDEN RULE.

MATT. vii. 12.

BE you to others kind and true,
As you'd have others be to you;
And neither do nor say to men,
Whate'er you would not take again.

Duty

DUTY to GOD and our NEIGHBOUR.

LOVE God with all your soul and strength,
 With all your heart and mind :
 And love your neighbour as yourself,
 Be faithful, just, and kind.

Deal with another, as you'd have
 Another deal with you ;
 What you're unwilling to receive,
 Be sure you never do.

Out of my Book of HYMNS I have here added the
 HOSANNA, and GLORY to the FATHER, &c. to be
 sung at the End of any of these Songs, according to
 the Direction of Parents or Governors.

The HOSANNA; or SALVATION ascribed to CHRIST,

LONG METRE.

HOSANNA to king David's Son,
 Who reigns on a superior throne ;
 We bless the prince of heavenly birth,
 Who brings salvation down on earth.

Let every nation, every age,
 In this delightful work engage ;
 Old men and babes in Sion sing
 The growing glories of her king.

COMMON METRE.

HOSANNA to the Prince of Grace;
Sion, behold thy King!
Proclaim the Son of David's race,
And teach the babes to sing.
Hosanna to th' eternal word,
Who from the Father came;
Ascribe salvation to the Lord,
With blessings on his name.

SHORT METRE.

HOSANNA to the Son
Of David and of God,
Who bought the news of pardon down,
And brought it with his blood.
To Christ, th' anointed King,
Be endless blessings given;
Let the whole earth his glory sing,
Who made our peace with heaven.

GLORY

GLORY to the FATHER and the SON, &c.

LONG METRE.

TO God the Father, God the Son,
And God the Spirit, Three in One;
Be honour, praise and glory given,
By all on earth, and all in heaven.

COMMON METRE.

NOW let the Father and the Son,
And Spirit, be ador'd,
Where there are works to make him known,
Or fairs to love the Lord.

SHORT METRE.

GIVE to the Father praise,
Give Glory to the Son;
And to the Spirit of his grace;
Be equal honour done.

A SLIGHT
S P E C I M E N
O F
M O R A L S O N G S,

Such as I wish some happy and condescending
genius would undertake for the use of children,
and perform much better.

THE sense and subjects might be borrowed plentifully from the Proverbs of Solomon, from all the common appearances of nature, from all the occurrences of civil life, both in city and country (which would also afford matter for other divine songs). Here the language and measures should be easy, and flowing with chearfulness, with or without the solemnities of religion, or the sacred names of God and holy things; that children might find delight and profit together.

This would be one effectual way to deliver them from those idle, wanton, or profane songs, which give so early an ill taint to the fancy and memory; and become the seeds of future vices.

I. The

I. THE SLUGGARD.

TIS the voice of the sluggard; I heard him complain,

“ You have wak’d me too soon, I must slumber again.”
As the door on its hinges, so he on his bed,
Turns his sides and his shoulders and his heavy head.

“ A little more sleep, and a little more slumber;”
Thus he wastes half his days, and his hours without
number;

And when he gets up, he sits folding his hands,
Or walks about fauntering, or trifling he stands.

I pass’d by his garden, and saw the wild brier,
The thorn and the thistle grow broader and higher;
The cloaths that hang on him are turning to rags:
And his money still wastes till he starves or he begs.

I made him a visit, still hoping to find
He had took better care for improving his mind:
He told me his dreams, talk’d of eating and drinking;
But he scarce reads his bible and never loves thinking.

Said I then to my heart, “ Here’s a lesson for me :”
That man’s but a picture of what I might be :
But thanks to my friends for their care in my breeding,
Who taught me betimes to love working and reading.

II. INNO-

II. INNOCENT PLAY.

A BROAD in the meadows to see the young lambs
 Run sporting about by the side of their dams,
 With fleeces so clean and so white;
 Or a nest of young doves in a large open cage,
 When they play all in love, without anger or rage,
 How much may we learn from the fight!

If we had been ducks, we might dabble in mud;
 Or dogs, we might play till it ended in blood;
 So foul and so fierce are their natures:
 But Thomas and William, and such pretty names,
 Should be cleanly and harmless as doves, or as lambs,
 Those lovely sweet innocent creatures.

Not a thing that we do, nor a word that we say,
 Should hinder another in jesting or play;
 For he's still in earnest that's hurt:
 How rude are the boys that throw pebbles and mire!
 There's none but a madman will fling about fire,
 And tell you, "'Tis all but in sport."

III. THE ROSE.

HOW fair is the rose! what a beautiful flower!
 The glory of April and May!
 But the leaves are beginning to fade in an hour,
 And they wither and die in a day.

Yet

Yet the Rose has one powerful virtue to boast,
 Above all the flowers of the field :
 When its leaves are all dead, and fine colours are lost,
 Still how sweet a perfume it will yield !

So frail is the youth and the beauty of men,
 Though they bloom and look gay like the Rose :
 But all our fond care to preserve them is vain ;
 Time kills them as fast as he goes.

Then I'll not be proud of my youth or my beauty,
 Since both of them wither and fade :
 But gain a good name by well-doing my duty ;
 This will scent, like a Rose, when I'm dead.

IV. THE THIEF.

WHY should I deprive my neighbour
 Of his goods against his will ?

Hands were made for honest labour,
 Not to plunder or to steal.

'Tis a foolish self-deceiving
 By such tricks to hope for gain :
 All that's ever got by thieving
 Turns to sorrow, shame, and pain.

Have not Eve and Adam taught us
 Their sad profit to compute ?
 To what dismal state they brought us
 When they stole forbidden fruit ?

Oft

Oft we see a young beginner
Practise little pilfering ways,
Till grown up a harden'd finner;
Then the gallows ends his days.

Theft will not be always hidden,
Though we fancy none can spy:
When we take a thing forbidden,
God beholds it with his eye.

Guard my heart, O God of heaven,
Lest I covet what's not mine:
Lest I steal what is not given,
Guard my heart and hands from sin.

V. THE ANT OR EMMET.

THESE Emmets how little they are in our eyes?
We tread them to dust, and a troop of them dies
Without our regard or concern:
Yet, as wise as we are, if we went to their school,
There's many a sluggard, and many a fool,
Some lessons of wisdom might learn.

They don't wear their time out in sleeping or play,
But gather up corn in a sun-shiny day,
And for winter they lay up their stores:
They manage their work in such regular forms,
One would think they foresaw all the frosts and the
storms,
And so brought their food within doors,

But

But I have less sense than a poor creeping Ant,
 If I take not due care for the things I shall want,
 Nor provide against dangers in time.
 When death or old age shall stare in my face,
 What a wretch shall I be in the end of my days,
 If I trifle away all their prime!

Now, now, while my strength and my youth are in
 bloom,
 Let me think what will serve me when sickness shall come,
 And pray that my sins be forgiven:
 Let me read in good books, and believe, and obey,
 That when death turns me out of this cottage of clay,
 I may dwell in a palace in heaven.

VI. GOOD RESOLUTIONS.

THOUGH I am now in younger days,
 Nor can I tell what shall befall me,
 I'll prepare for every place,
 Where my growing age shall call me.

Should I be rich or great,
 Others shall partake my goodness;
 I'll supply the poor with meat,
 Never shewing scorn or rudeness.

Where I see the blind or lame,
 Deaf or dumb, I'll kindly treat them;
 I deserve to feel the same
 If I mock, or hurt, or cheat them.

If

If I meet with railing tongues,
Why should I return them railing,
Since I best revenge my wrongs
By my patience never failing?

When I hear them telling lies,
Talking foolish, cursing, swearing;
First I'll try to make them wise,
Or I'll soon go out of hearing.

What though I be low and mean,
I'll engage the rich to love me,
While I'm modest, neat and clean,
And submit when they reprove me.

If I should be poor and sick,
I shall meet, I hope, with pity,
Since I love to help the weak,
Though they 're neither fair nor witty.

I'll not willingly offend,
Nor be easily offended;
What's amiss I'll strive to mend,
And endure what can't be mended.

May I be so watchful still
O'er my humours and my passion,
As to speak and do no ill,
Though it should be all the fashion!

Wicked

Wicked fashions lead to hell;
Ne'er may I be found complying;
But in life behave so well,
Not to be afraid of dying.

A SUMMER EVENING.

HOW fine has the day been, how bright was the sun,
How lovely and joyful the course that he run,
Though he rose in a mist when his race he begun,
And there follow'd some droppings of rain!
But now the fair traveller's come to the West,
His rays are all gold, and his beauties are best;
He paints the sky gay as he sinks to his rest,
And foretels a bright rising again.

Just such is the christian: His course he begins,
Like the sun in a mist, while he mourns for his sins,
And melts into tears: Then he breaks out and shines,
And travels his heavenly way:
But when he comes nearer to finish his race,
Like a fine setting sun he looks richer in grace,
And gives a sure hope at the end of his days
Of rising in brighter array.

Some

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Why should I return them railing,
Since I best revenge my wrongs
By my patience never failing?

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Talking foolish, cursing, swearing;
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Of rising in brighter array.

Some

Some COPIES of the following HYMN having got abroad already into several Hands, the Author has been persuaded to permit it to appear in Public, at the End of these SONGS for Children.

A CRADLE HYMN.

HUSH! my dear, lie still and slumber,
Holy angels guard thy bed!
Heavenly blessings without number
Gently falling on thy head.

Sleep, my babe; thy food and raiment,
House and home thy friends provide;
All without thy care or payment.
All thy wants are well supply'd.

How much better thou 'rt attended
Than the Son of God could be,
When from heaven he descended,
And became a child like thee?

Soft and easy is thy cradle:
Coarse and hard thy Saviour lay:
When his birth-place was a stable,
And his softest bed was hay.

Blessed babe! what glorious features,
Spotless fair, divinely bright!
Must he dwell with brutal creatures!
How could angels bear the sight?

Was there nothing but a manger
 Cursed sinners could afford,
 To receive the heavenly stranger!
 Did they thus affront their Lord?

Soft my child; I did not chide thee,
 Though my song might sound too hard;
 'Tis thy { * Mother } fits beside thee,
 { Nurse that }
 And her arms shall be thy guard.

Yet to read the shameful story,
 How the Jews abus'd their King,
 How they serv'd the Lord of glory,
 Makes me angry while I sing.

See the kinder shepherds round him,
 Telling wonders from the sky!
 Where they fought him, there they found him,
 With his Virgin Mother by.

See the lovely babe a-dressing;
 Lovely infant, how he smil'd!
 When he wept, the Mother's blessing
 Sooth'd and hush'd the holy child.

Lo, he slumbers in his manger,
 Where the horned oxen fed;
 Peace, my darling, here's no danger,
 Here's no ox a-near thy bed.

* Here you may use the words, Brother, Sister, Neighbour,
 Friend, &c.

'Twas to save thee, child, from dying,
Save my dear from burning flame,
Bitter groans and endless crying,
That thy blest Redeemer came.

May'st thou live to know and fear him,
Trust and love him all thy days ;
Then go dwell for ever near him,
See his face, and sing his praise !

I could give thee thousand kisses,
Hoping what I most desire ;
Not a Mother's fondest wishes
Can to greater joys aspire.

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